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MARYBOROUGH

ALMANAC,

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Business Directory,

FOR

1874.

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ADVERTISEMENT.

THE MARYBOROUGH ALMANAC FOR 1874, with which is incorporared "Ridley's Almanac," the copyright of which has been secured by the publisher, is offered to the public as a first essay, and earnest of better things to come in future years. Difficulty has been experienced in obtaining much of the special information which had been relied on for giving the publication a distinctive character. It is confidently hoped, however, that as the utility of the work becomes more manifest, this obstacle will be removed. Apologising for all shortcomings, the publisher begs to assure the public that he will spare no efforts to improve future issues of his Almanac, so as to render it in every respect a complete and trustworthy handbook for the Wide Bay and Burnett districts.

W. S. ROBERTS.

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THE

Maryborough Almanac

FOR

1874.

NOTES FOR THE YEAR.

The Year 1874 is the second after the bissextile or Leap Year, and the 5634th of the Jewish Calendar.

Golden Number	13	Easter Sunday, ...	April 5
Epact	12	Whit Sunday ...	May 24
Solar Cycle	7	St. David	March 1
Dominical Letter	D	St. Patrick	March 17
Sundays after Trinity ...	25	St. George	April 23
Ash Wednesday, Feb. 18.		St. Andrew	Nov. 30

Her Majesty's Birthday, Sunday, May 24
" " Accession, June 20,
Prince of Wales' Birthday, Monday, Nov. 9.
Separation Day, Thursday, December 10.

ECLIPSES IN 1874.

During the year there will be two Eclipses of the sun and two of the moon, and a transit of Venus over the sun's disc.

I.—A total eclipse of the sun on the 15th–16th April, not visible in Queensland.

II.—A partial eclipse of the moon, visible in Queensland about midnight of the 1st May. True time, first contact with penumbra May 1st, 11h. 20m. p.m. Middle of the eclipse, May 2nd, 2h. 15m. a.m. Last contact with penumbra, May 2nd, 5h. 9m. a.m.

III.—An annular eclipse of the sun October 9–10, not visible in Queensland.

IV.—A total eclipse of the moon October 24, not visible in Queensland.

TRANSIT OF VENUS.—DECEMBER 9TH, 1874.

As this is the most important astronomical phenomenon which will occur during the year, we give the times of its occurrence in two other cities in Australia besides Brisbane.

	BRISBANE.	SYDNEY.	MELBOURNE.
	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
First external contact ..	11 58 a.m.	11 52 a.m.	11 28 a.m.
First internal contact ..	0 27 p.m.	0 21 p.m.	11 57 a.m.
Middle of transit	2 19 p.m.	2 8 p.m.	1 43 p.m.
Last internal contact	3 9 p.m.	3 55 p.m.	3 30 p.m.
Last external contact	4 39 p.m.	4 25 p.m.	4 0 p.m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Full Moon.....	3	5	15 a.m.	Apogee.....	9	1 p.m.
Last Quarter...	11	6	7 a.m.	Perigee.....	21	7 a.m.
New Moon.....	18	6	12 p.m.			
First Quarter...	25	10	54 a.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences, &c.
1	Th	*Circumcision.* [Madrid, 1871.
2	F	Gov. Blackall died, 1871. King Amadeus entered
3	S	[left for New Zealand, 1868.
4	**S**	*Second Sunday after Christmas.* Sir G. F. Bowen
5	M	First N. S. W. Constitution Act proclaimed, 1843.
6	T	*Epiphany,*
7	W	First Maori War, 1845.
8	Th	*Lucian.*
9	F	
10	S	Severe floods, 1844.
11	**S**	*First Sunday after Epiphany.*
12	M	*Plough Monday.* Steamship London foundrd, 1866.
13	T	*St. Hilary.*
14	W	First transports reached Botany Bay.
15	Th	British Museum opened, 1859.
16	F	Edward Gibbon died 1794.
17	S	*St. Anthony.* [Twelfth Day.
18	**S**	*Second Sunday after Epiphany. St. Prisca.* Old
19	M	Sturt returned from interior of Australia, 1846.
20	T	*St. Fabian.*
21	W	*St. Agnes.* Henry Allan died, 1859.
22	Th	*St. Vincent.*
23	F	William Pitt died, 1806.
24	S	*St. Timothy.*
25	**S**	*Conversion of St. Paul. 3rd Sunday after Epiphany.*
26	M	Colony of N. S. W. founded, 1788.
27	T	
28	W	Capitulation of Paris, 1871.
29	Th	First shipment of cotton from Queensland, 1854.
30	F	Charles I. beheaded, 1649. [George III died, 1820,
31	S	Port Phillip abandoned by Collins, 1804.

CALENDAR OF GARDEN AND FIELD OPERATIONS.

Compiled expressly for the "Maryborough Almanac," and adapted to the Wide Bay District, Queensland.

JANUARY

Corresponds very nearly, as far as garden and farm operations are concerned, to July in Great Britain. The great heat that usually prevails during this month renders the operations of sowing and planting somewhat precarious, unless the means of artificial watering or irrigation be available. Our river water at this season is generally too salt to be of use.

GARDEN.—Use every effort to keep all ground, as it becomes vacant, thoroughly prepared and made ready for the reception of next crop, that there may be no unnecessary delay on the occurrence of suitable weather. Immediately before an expected shower, or as soon after as the ground can be worked without clogging, sowings may be made of carrots, turnips, lettuce, French beans, peas, cucumbers, melons and marrows for late use. The above should be sown in drills when they are to stand. Make also a small sowing, in a shady place, of celery, cauliflower, and cabbage, for transplanting. Plant out, in deeply dug and well-manured ground, cauliflower, cabbage, savoys, &c., of former sowings, carefully avoiding all weak and sickly plants—allowing a sufficient distance between the rows; from two to three feet will not be found too much where the ground is in good heart. Celery may also be planted out in trenches, half filled with well decomposed manure, and afterwards liberally and regularly supplied with water. Gather articles for pickling, and cut herbs coming into flower for drying. Destroy weeds and destructive insects. Keep the soil between growing crops frequently stirred. Attend to and gather all kinds of fruit as they ripen. Grapes if required to hang till dead ripe should have the foliage so arranged as to screen the bunches from the rays of the sun. The budding of all kinds of fruit trees may now be proceeded with when the shoots are in proper condition, which is when the bark separates freely from the wood. In dry weather a heavy soaking of water for a night or two previously will put them in order, and a mulching of short grass or manure will serve to keep them so. Loosen the ground among fruit-bearing trees from time to time with a fork; examine grape vines, and regulate and remove all superfluous shoots. In the floral

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Full Moon.....	1	9	47 p.m.	Apogee.....	6	7 a.m.
Last Quarter ...	10	2	40 a.m.	Perigee.....	18	11 a.m.
New Moon.....	17	5	26 a.m.			
First Quarter...	23	8	57 p.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	S	*Septuagesima.*
2	M	*Candlemas,* Maryborough township founded, 1851.
3	T	*St. Blaise.*
4	W	
5	Th	*St. Agatha.*
6	F	Charles II died, 1685.
7	S	Charles Dickens born, 1812.
8	S	*Sexagesima.* Lord Mayo assassinated, 1872.
9	M	[at Bathurst, 1851. Queen Victoria married, 1840.
10	T	Floods throughout the colony, 1864. Gold discovered
11	W	London University founded, 1826.
12	Th	Sir Astley Cooper died, 1847.
13	F	Burke and Wills reached Carpentaria Gulf, 1861.
14	S	*St. Valentine. Old Candlemas Day.*
15	S	*Quinquagesima.* Cardinal Wiseman died, 1865.
16	M	
17	T	*Shrove Tuesday.* Michael Angelo died, 1564.
18	W	*Ash Wednesday.* Martin Luther died, 1546.
19	Th	[years' oblivion.
20	F	*St. Mildred.* Morril rescued from blacks after 17
21	S	Gladstone proclaimed a Municipality, 1863.
22	S	*First Sunday in Lent.*
23	M	
24	T	*St. Matthias. Apost and Martyr.*
25	W	Prince Alfred landed at Brisbane, 1868. Q'nsland
26	Th	Longfellow born, 1807. [Railway commenced, 1864.
27	F	Disraeli Ministry formed, 1868.
28	S	

department watering must be sedulously attended to. This will have the best effect if done after sundown. Carefully regulate the growth of climbers, allowing them to grow according to their natural habits as much as circumstances will permit. Dahlias, chrysanthemums, and other tall growing plants should be carefully staked and tied. Sow annuals in vacant places for autumn flowering. Roses may now be budded. Bulbs may be taken up as the leaves decay, and after careful and gradual drying in the shade should be stored. Keep down weeds, and let the surface of the borders be frequently stirred.

FIELD.—Break up and prepare land for potatoes, lucerne, &c., leaving the surface as rough as possible, to be open to the pulverising influence of the sun's rays—a rough surface also retards the growth of weeds. Maize, for a late crop, may be planted during the early part of the month, in rows four feet apart, and three feet distant in the row. Sow a patch of oats, barley, sorghum, or rye, for green fodder. Dig and store potatoes as the tops die down, as at this season they will soon rot if left in the ground. Those intended for seed should be exposed to the sun for a day or two before putting away. Arrowroot should now be growing rapidly, and ought to be kept clean, to allow a free circulation of air. Keep the hoe going in the cotton and sugar plantations. Tobacco will now be ripening, and should be looked after.

FEBRUARY

corresponds to August in Great Britain. Is usually a very hot month, and the remarks made for January apply equally to this.

GARDEN.—On the occurrence of moist or dull weather, presuming the ground has been previously well prepared, sow a few vegetables for early crop, such as cabbages, cauliflowers, turnips, carrots, peas, and salading. A few kidney beans may be sown upon chance, for a late crop. Plant out celery in trenches, and leeks, if required extra fine, should be planted in trenches, and treated the same as celery. Ginger will now be ready for preserving purposes only. Budding should be finished this month. Continue to destroy weeds, and to keep the ground loose and open about growing crops. Gather and store any kind of fruit as they ripen. In the flower garden attend to watering; remove decaying foliage and flowers; and gather valuable seeds as they ripen.

FIELD.—Continue the preparation of ground for future crops. Hill up maize—early hilling tends to keep down suckers. Plant potatoes, and remember the requirements of the stable and stockyard during winter, in the way of green

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Full Moon.....	3	3	33 p.m.	Apogee.....	5	6 p.m.
Last Quarter ...	11	7	45 p.m.	Perigee.....	18	10 p.m.
New Moon.....	18	3	13 p.m.			
First Quarter...	25	8	43 a.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	S	*Second Sunday in Lent. St. David's Day.* Mo-
2	M	J. Wesley died, 1791. [hamedan New Year, 1290.
3	T	
4	W	Ember Week. Emancipation of serfs in Russia,
5	Th	[1861.
6	F	First Newspaper published in Australia, 1803.
7	S	*St. Perpetua.* Ember Day. Lord Collingwood 1810.
8	S	*Third Sunday in Lent.* King William III., died.
9	M	
10	T	Prince of Wales married, 1863.
11	W	Royal Sovereign s. wrecked in Moreton Bay, 1847.
12	Th	*St. Gregory.* Prince Alfred shot at by O'Farrell, in
13	F	[Sydney, 1868.
14	S	Flood at Gympie, 1870.
15	S	*Fourth Sunday in Lent.* Julius Cæsar assassinated,
16	M	[B.C., 44.
17	T	*St. Patrick's Day.*
18	W	Princess Louisa born, 1848.
19	Th	
20	F	Sir Isaac Newton died, 1727.
21	S	*St. Benedict*, Abbot.
22	S	*Fifth Sunday in Lent. Passion Sunday.* First
23	M	[Sale of land at Rockingham Bay.
24	T	[returned from Port Essington, 1846.
25	W	*Annunciation, B. V. Mary.* Lady Day. Leichhardt
26	Th	Duke of Cambridge born, 1819.
27	F	The Commune triumphant in Paris, 1871.
28	S	War declared by England against Russia, 1854.
29	S	*Palm Sunday.*
30	M	
31	T	First steamer launched in Sydney, 1831.

provender, by sowing Cape barley. oats, &c. Gather maize, cut and house tobacco and other crops as they ripen.

MARCH

corresponds to September in Great Britain. This month is not generally so hot as the preceding. Sowing and planting may, therefore, be undertaken with much greater probability of success.

GARDEN.—The scorching heat of our summer being now over, this is the month to lay the foundation of a bountiful supply of European vegetables for winter use, by sowing for full crops of Brussel sprouts, cauliflower, cabbage, savoy, kale, couve tronchuda, turnips, carrots, onions, leeks, beans, peas, beetroot, parsnips, parsley, &c. The January sown cabbage and cauliflower should now be ready, and may be planted out. As may also a full crop of celery in trenches. A supply of water-cress during the winter months may be secured by sowing the seed in a trench, in the bottom of which a layer of thorough rotten dung has been placed, and watering during dry weather. Earth up potatoes and other crops requiring it. Drain, trench, and otherwise prepare ground intended for fruit trees, so that the soil may be in a fit state when the planting season arrives. Strawberry beds may now be planted using the earliest rooted runners for the present season. Remove all superfluous and gross shoots from the orange trees, and thin out the fruit where too crowded. Continue to gather and store fruit as it becomes ready. Plant out flowering bulbs, such as jonquills, narcissus, tritonia, gladiolus, &c., for early flowering. Continue to fill all vacant spaces in the beds and borders by sowing patches of showy annuals—as browallia, clarkia, phlox drummondii, sinum rubra, &c., &c. Roses that have done flowering may now be pruned, and the cuttings of such sorts as may be required planted in a shady place. In pruning these, all weak growing sorts should be cut well back, leaving only as much of the young wood as will secure one or two good buds.

FIELD.—Potato planting, should, if possible, be finished by the end of the month. Lucerne, Italian rye, prairie, and other grasses, may be sown for pasture or hay, in ground well pulverised. Mangold wurtzel, kohl rabi, and chichory, may now be sown—those interested in the home feeding of cattle will find these crops worthy of a trial. They are not very subject to the attacks of aphids, and if left in the ground mangold will keep through our hottest and driest summer. Gather and house maize, cotton, tobacco, and other crops, as they reach maturity.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Full Moon.....	2	9	30 a.m.	Apogee.....	1	7 p.m.
Last Quarter...	10	8	32 a.m.	Perigee.....	16	9 a.m.
New Moon.....	17	12	4 a.m.	Apogee.....	29	2 a.m.
First Quarter...	23	10	15 p.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	W	All Fools Day. Paris Exhibition opened, 1867.
2	Th	Richmond taken by Grant, 1865. First Circuit
3	F	*Good Friday.* [Court in Maryborough, 1860.
4	S	*St. Ambrose.* Date of Liechhardt's last letter, 1848.
5	S	*Easter Sunday.* Canada discovered, 1497.
6	M	*Easter Monday.* Bank and General Holiday.
7	T	Prince Leopold born, 1853. First Queensland Cen-
8	W	[sus, 1861 ; Population, 30,059.
9	Th	
10	F	Chartist Demonstration, 1848. First Telegraph
11	S	[Message sent in Queensland, 1861.
12	S	*Low Sunday. First Sunday after Easter.* Port
13	M	Magdala taken, 1868. [Denison established, 1861.
14	T	President Lincoln assassinated by Booth, 1865.
15	W	[14th, Great Fire in Adelaide-st., M'boro, 1872
16	Th	Thiers born, 1790. Melbourne founded, 1837.
17	F	Fight between Sayers and Heenan, 1860. Franklin
18	S	American Revolution, 1775. [died, 1790.
19	S	*Second Sunday after Easter. St. Alphege.* [1827.
20	M	N.S.W. dis. by Capt. Cook. Copper dis. in Tasmania,
21	T	Burke, Wills, Gray, & King retrnd. to Cooper's Ck.,
22	W	Date of Burke's last dispatch, 1861. [1861.
23	Th	*Maryborough Circuit Court—Criminal Sittings.*
24	F	[23rd, *St. George's Day.* Shakspere died, 1616.
25	S	*St. Mark. Maryborough Cir. Court—Civil Sittings.*
26	S	*Third Sunday after Easter.*
27	M	First elections Q'nsland Parliament, 1860.
28	T	Mutiny of the Bounty, 1789.
29	W	Emperor of Russia born, 1818.
30	Th	Admiral Fitzroy died, 1865.

APRIL

Corresponds to October in Great Britain, and is usually a busy season with the gardener.

GARDEN.—Attend to all growing crops by earthing up, thinning out, sticking peas, &c., as required. Continue to sow peas, broad beans, cabbages, &c., for successional crops. Potatoes, onions, garlic, and shallots, should now be planted. Asparagus beds should now be cleared of all decayed tops and weeds, and receive a good dressing of salt and rotten dung. Oranges, loquats, and other fruit trees may now be planted in ground that has been previously thoroughly prepared for their reception. Strawberries may still be planted. Bananas bearing heavy bunches, should be carefully propped, as they are apt, during this and next month, to break down if not attended to. This is the best month for transplanting large-sized evergreens, shrubs, and trees, provided the weather be favorable. Plants removed now will require much less attention in watering than if transplanted late in winter. Make a further planting of bulbs. Continue to sow and plant out hardy annuals. Propagate favorite kinds of roses, either by cuttings or layers. Pipings or cuttings of carnations, pinks, and piccotees, may still be put in. Keep the borders as clean and neat as possible.

FIELD.—Land intended for lucerne should be carefully cleaned and deeply cultivated, and no pains should be spared in getting a pulverised and mellow bed for the seeds. Earth up potatoes and keep free from weeds. Sow barley, oats, lucerne, &c.

STATISTICS OF QUEENSLAND.

Extent of Country	434,370,000 acres, or 676,000 square miles.			
	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872-3.
Population	109,897	112,000	125,146	133,553
Average School Attendance	5,736	7,723	9,711	10,779
Gold Exports	£523,041	489,539	616,907	660,396
Copper Exports	£87,268	63,298	174,701	257,723
Tin Exported	—	—	—	£109,816
Sheep in Queensland ..	8,646,243	7,693,109	7,403,334	6,687,885
Wool Exports, lbs.	22,386,650	21,721,688	23,498,181	17,793,392
Tallow Exported	—	—	—	£100,201
Cotton Exports, lbs.	1,118,899	1,630,755	2,602,100	1,486,987
Preserved Meat Exported	5,660	16,303	37,844	62,539
Land Cultivated, acres ..	47,034	52,210	59,969	62,200
Land under Sugar-cane, acres	5,165	6,341	9,581	10,352
Sugar Manufactured, tons	1,490	2,854	3,762	6,266
Total Imports	1,731,310	1,537,799	1,578,285	2,218,717
Total Exports	2,166,806	2,533,732	2,760,045	2,998,934
Government Receipts ..	738,218	743,058	823,169	996,323
Government Expenditure	779,188	764,491	787,555	895,393
Deposits in Savings' Bank	241,774	332,843	407,134	466,754

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.
Full Moon.....	2	2	21 a.m.	Perigee.....		14	4 p.m.
Last Quarter ...	9	5	24 p.m.	Apogee.....		26	5 p.m.
New Moon.....	16	8	28 a.m.				
First Quarter...	23	1	30 p.m.				
Full Moon,.....	31	4	58 p.m.				

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	F	*St Phillip and St. James.* Prince Arthur born, 1850.
2	S	
3	S	*Fourth Sunday after Easter. Invention of Cross.*
4	M	Brisbane Crim. Sittings. Moreton Bay pro. 1842.
5	T	Nap. Buonaparte d., 1821. U. S. Civil war broke out,
6	W	*St. John ante Port Latin* Humboldt died, 1859. [1861.
7	Th	Lord Brougham died, 1868. Indian Mutiny began.
8	F	
9	S	Sheep first boiled down in Australia, 1843.
10	S	*Rogation Sun.* Overend & Gurney bankruptcy, 1866.
11	M	Jef. Davis cap., 1865. [Guilfoy's Hotel burnt, 1872.
12	T	Last convict ship arrived in Moreton Bay, 1850.
13	W	Pope Pius IX born 1792. Rogation Day.
14	Th	*Ascension Day.* Vaccination discovered, 1796.
15	F	Dan. O'Connell died, 1847.
16	S	
17	S	*Sunday after Ascension.*
18	M	Brisbane Civ. Sittings. Nap. I. pro. Emperor, 1804.
19	T	
20	W	
21	Th	
22	F	First Q'nsland Par. assembled, 1860 ; dissolved 1863.
23	S	
24	S	*Whit Sunday. Queen's Birthday.*
25	M	
26	T	*St. Augustine*, first Archbishop of Canterbury.
27	W	*Ven. Bede.*
28	Th	
29	F	Restoration of King Charles II, 1660.
30	S	
31	S	*Trinity Sunday.*

MAY

Corresponds to November in Great Britain.

GARDEN.—Earth up celery, potatoes, and other crops requiring it. Sow, for succession, peas, beans, turnips, carrots, beet, onions, &c. Oranges and all evergreen fruit trees and ornamental shrubs may be planted during this and the two following months, remembering that early planted ones have, by far the best chance of succeeding. Pruning may commence on trees that have fully shed their leaves. Continue to plant roses, bulbs, &c. Dahlias should be lifted and stored. Any alterations in the plan of ground should be completed forthwith.

FIELD.—If omitted last month sow seed intended for pasture and fodder. Cotton gathering must be diligently prosecuted. The harvesting and proper housing of crops as they ripen should be carefully attended to.

AUSTRALIAN SEASONS.

Autumn begins March 22nd.	Spring begins September 23rd.
Winter begins June 22nd (the shortest day).	Summer begins Dec. 22nd (the longest day).

REGISTRATION OF MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Every minister who has celebrated a marriage shall, within one month thereafter, transmit (in accordance with the Act 28 Victoria No. 15) the original certificate to the Registrar of the District, and every Minister who shall fail to transmit the certificate to the District Registrar shall be liable to a fine, not less than £10, and not exceeding £50.

In every case of Burial, the Minister or officiating person ought to receive from the undertaker or person having charge of the funeral, a certificate from the District Registrar, certifying the registration of the death—unless in the case of inquest, when a certificate from the Coroner or Magistrate holding the inquest will be sufficient; and if any dead body shall be buried without such certificate, the person who may bury the same, or perform any funeral or religious service for the burial, or who shall in any way dispose of the body, shall forthwith give notice of the facts to the District Registrar.

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS.

Every Birth must be registered within sixty days, and every death within thirty days, next thereafter respectively; and neglect of this regulation renders the parties liable to a fine not exceeding £10.

If sixty days have elapsed from the date of birth, the law requires the parent or other person making the application to register such birth, to pay a fee of two shillings and sixpence, and make a solemn declaration of the facts before a Justice of the Peace, prior to registration.

If possible, in all cases the father or mother ought to sign as informant. If unable to write, let a mark be made.

No birth can be registered after three years have elapsed from the date thereof.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Last Quarter ...	7	11	29 p.m.	Perigee.....	11	0 noon
New Moon	14	5	4 p.m.	Apogee.....	23	10 a.m.
First Quarter...	22	6	12 a.m.			
Full Moon.....	30	4	59 a.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	M	*St. Nicomede*
2	T	Western Australia proclaimed, 1829. Queensland
3	W	[National Bank opened. 1872.
4	Th	*Corpus Christi.*
5	F	*St. Boniface.* Easter Term ends. Battle of Ma-
6	S	Winter vacation begins. [genta 1859.
7	S	*First Sunday after Trinity.* First Reform Bill
8	M	[1832.
9	T	Charles Dickens died, 1871.
10	W	
11	Th	*St. Barnabas.*
12	F	Ascot Cup Day.
13	S	
14	S	*Second Sunday after Trinity.* Battle of Marengo
15	M	First General Elections in N. S. W., 1843. [1800
16	T	Duke of Marlborough died, 1722.
17	W	*St. Alban.* Cambr. Commcmnt. [agnst. Austria, 1866.
18	Th	Battle of Waterloo, 1815. War of Prussia and Italy
19	F	Emperor Maximilian of Mexico shot, 1867.
20	S	Queen's Accession, 1837.
21	S	*Third Sunday after Trinity. Moreton Bay Courier*
22	M	Shortest day. [first published, 1846.
23	T	W. boundary of Q'nsland extnd. to long. 138°, 1862.
24	W	*St. John Baptist.* Midwinter Day.
25	Th	
26	F	Repeal of Corn laws, 1846. George IV died, 1830.
27	S	Lord Clarendon died, 1870. [Day, 1838.
28	S	*Fourth Sunday after Trinity.* Queen's Coronation
29	M	*St. Peter Apost.* St. Mary's C. C., Sydney, burnt,
30	T	Burke and Wills died, 1861. [1865.

JUNE

Corresponds to December in Great Britain.

GARDEN.—As heavy rain-falls at this season are not infrequent, often considerably retarding cultural operations, where not already done, an efficient system of drainage should at once be decided upon and vigorously proceeded with, where the ground is in a fit state for doing so. Proceed with digging and trenching all vacant ground. A free use of the hoe among growing crops at this season is highly beneficial to the plants. Continue to sow, for succession crops, peas, beans, and other vegetables. Grape vines may now be pruned; if the vines are young cut down to one or two eyes. Early peaches, mulberries, figs, &c., may also be pruned. The finest bunches of bananas should have a thin sack drawn over them to protect from frost. Pineapples should also be screened with some light material from frost and the blighting influence of our westerly winds. In the flower garden any tender plants liable to injury from frost should be carefully protected. Propagate petunias, geraniums, &c., by cuttings; and herbaceous plants by division of the roots.

FIELD.—All kinds of grasses for pasture may still be sown. Land intended for potatoes should now be prepared, and in warm situations planting may be commenced. Sweet potatoes, yams, arrowroot, and ginger will now be ripe, and should be dug up with care.

ORANGE MARMALADE.—Choose the largest Seville oranges, as they usually contain the greatest quantity of juice, and choose them with clear skins, as the skins form the largest part of the marmalade. Weigh the oranges, and weigh also an equal quantity of loaf sugar, Skin the oranges, dividing the skins into quarters, and put them into a preserving-pan; cover them well with water, set them on the fire to boil; in the meantime prepare your oranges; divide them into gores, then scrape with a teaspoon all the pulp from the white skin; or, instead of skinning the oranges, cut a hole in the orange and scoop out the pulp; remove carefully all the pips, of which there are innumerable small ones in the Seville orange, which will escape observation unless they are very minutely examined. Have a large basin near you with some cold water in it, to throw the pips and skins into—a pint is sufficient for a dozen oranges. A great deal of glutinous matter adheres to them, which, when strained through a sieve, should be boiled with the other parts. When the skins have boiled till they are sufficiently tender to admit of a fork being stuck into them, strain them: some of which may be boiled with the other parts; scrape clean all the pith, or, inside, from them, lay them in folds, and cut them into thin slices of about an inch long. Clarify your sugar: then throw your skins and pulp into it, stir it well, and let it boil about half an hour. If the sugar is broken into small pieces, and boiled with the fruit, it will answer the purpose of clarifying, but it must be well skimmed when it boils.

MOSQUITO BITES.—Take common carbonate of soda, with water make into a paste, and spread over the bitten spot; when dry all irritation will have gone, and any swelling usually subsided.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.			D.	H.	
Last Quarter ...	7	4	1 a.m.	Perigee.....		7	3	p.m.
New Moon	14	2	39 a.m.	Apogee.....		21	4	a.m.
First Quarter...	21	11	43 p.m.					
Full Moon.....	29	2	54 p.m.					

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	W	Princess Alice married, 1862. Oxford Act. Can-
2	Th	*Visitation, B. V. M.* [adian Domn. procld., 1867.
3	F	Leichhardt search party left Melbourne, 1865.
4	S	*Transl. St. Martin.* American Independence, 1776.
5	S	*Fifth Sunday after Trinity.* Prin. Helena married,
6	M	[1866.
7	T	*Transl. Thomas á Becket.*
8	W	Edmund Burke died, 1816.
9	Th	Christopher Columbus born, 1442.
10	F	Calvin born, 1509. Appointment of first Governor
11	S	[of Queensland announced, 1859.
12	S	*Sixth Sunday after Trinity.* Evacn. of Crimea, 1856.
13	M	[12th. Agr. Association of Wide Bay formed, 1872.
14	T	Bastille destroyed, 1789.
15	W	*St. Swithin.* France decl'd war agnst Prussia, 1870.
16	Th	Pastoral dis. of Cook pro., 1864. Cawnpore mas-
17	F	[sacre, 1857. Hej'ra (flight of Mohamed), 622.
18	S	*St. Ethelburga.* Gold discovered in Victoria, 1851.
19	S	*Seventh Sunday after Trinity.*
20	M	
21	T	Second Parliament of Queensland assembled, 1863.
22	W	*St. Mary Magdalene.* First Woo] s. from R'hampton
23	Th	Jedo bom., 1858. [to London (Light Brigade) 1872.
24	F	[1836.
25	S	*St. James Apostle and Martyr.* Adelaide founded,
26	S	*Eighth Sunday after Trinity. St. Anne, mother*
27	M	[*B.V.M.* Irish Church disestablished, 1869.
28	T	First telegrams passed Atlantic cable, 1866.
29	W	First overland mail to Australia, 1852.
30	Th	[Co. dividend, 100 per cent.
31	F	Ignatius Loyola died, 1556. Peak Downs Copper

JULY

corresponds with January in Great Britain.

GARDEN.—If the weather be favorable sow early carrots, cabbages, savoys, and couve tronchuda (or seakale cabbage)—this is a vegetable of considerable value, deserving a place in every garden; the main rib of the leaves makes an excellent substitute for seakale. Plant out lettuces, cabbages, and cauliflowers. Onions should be thinned and transplanted. Sow peas, and Windsor beans. Plant globe and Jerusalem artichokes as required. Keep the hoe going, as weeds are generally more numerous than agreeable this month. The pruning of deciduous fruit trees, as peach, apple, mulberry, and fig, should be proceeded with. Orange and grape vine pruning should now be finished. Fruit tree planting should be completed this month if possible. Grafting of all the orange tribe may be proceeded with. This month is generally regarded as the best for making new plantations of grape vines. Flower beds and borders should receive a general dressing of short manure. Roses may still be pruned and planted. Annuals and biennials of various kinds may be sown when the ground is in a favorable state.

FIELD.—Continue to prepare ground for tobacco, maize, potatoes, cotton, arrowroot, &c.; remembering that ploughing should be avoided during wet weather, as it is very injurious in many ways to interfere with the soil when wet. See that all water courses are kept clear.

COFFEE A DISINFECTANT.—Numerous experiments with roasted coffee prove that it is the most powerful means, not only of rendering animal and vegetable effluvia innocuous, but of actually destroying them. A room in which meat in an advanced degree of decomposition had been kept for some time, was instantly deprived of all smell on an open coffee-roaster being carried through it, containing a pound of coffee newly roasted. In another room, exposed to the effluvium occasioned by the clearing out of the dung-pit, so that sulphuretted hydrogen and ammonia in great quantities could be chemically detected, the stench was completely removed in half a minute, on the employment of three ounces of fresh roasted coffee, whilst the other parts of the house were permanently cleared of the same smell by being simply traversed with the coffee-roaster although the cleansing of the dung-pit continued for several hours after. The best mode of using coffee as a disinfectant is to dry the raw bean, pound it in a mortar, and then roast the powder on a moderately heated iron plate, until it assumes a dark brown tint, when it is fit for use. Then sprinkle it in sinks or cess-pools, or lay it on a plate in the room which you wish to have purified. Coffee acid or coffee oil acts more readily in minute quantities.

TRUE INDIAN CURRY POWDER.—Turmeric four ounces, coriander seeds eleven ounces, cayenne half an ounce, black pepper five ounces, pimento two ounces, cloves half an ounce, cinnamon three ounces, ginger two ounces, cumin seeds three ounces, shallots one ounce. All these ingredients should be of a fine quality, and recently ground or powdered.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Last Quarter ...	5	8	58 a.m.	Perigee.....	2	6 a.m.
New Moon	12	2	11 p.m.	Apogee.....	17	11 p.m.
First Quarter...	20	5	4 p.m.	Perigee.....	29	10 p.m.
Full Moon.....	27	11	40 p.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	S	*Lammas Day.*
2	S	*Ninth Sunday after Trinity.* Battle of Blenheim,
3	M	[1704.
4	T	First book printed, 1457.
5	W	Gov. Bligh ar. at Sydney, 1806. [Q'nsland ass. 1867.
6	Th	*Transfiguration.* Prince Alfred born, 1844. 3rd Par.
7	F	*Name of Jesus.* M'Kinlay reachd P. Denison, ovrl'd,
8	S	[1862. Boiler Expl'n U. Saw Mills, 1872, 10 lvs. lst.
9	S	*Tenth Sunday after Trinity.* Whale stranded in
10	M	Van Diemen's Lnd colnsd, 1803. [Hervey's Bay, 1872.
11	T	
12	W	Arrival of H. E. the Marquis of Normanby, 1871.
13	Th	*Old Lammas Day.* 1st Court Rev. Elect. Act, 1872
14	F	Gov. Blackall ar., 1868. Qn'ld Acclimatisaton Soc.
15	S	*Assumption.* S. Aus.colonisd, 1834. [found., 1862.
16	S	*Eleventh Sunday after Trinity.* Battle of Thion-
17	M	Frederic the Great died, 1786. [ville, 1870.
18	T	
19	W	
20	Th	Burke and Wills' exploring party started, 1860.
21	F	[and Scotland, 1706.
22	S	Battle of Bosworth Field, 1485. Union England
23	S	*Twelfth Sunday after Trinity.* Treaty of Prague,
24	M	*St. Bartholomew.* [1866.
25	T	Siege of Lucknow raised, 1857.
26	W	Prince Albert born, 1819.
27	Th	Julius Cæsar landed in Britain, B.C., 55.
28	F	*St. Augustine, Bishop of Hippo.*
29	S	*Beheading of St. John Baptist.*
30	S	*Thirteenth Sunday after Trinity. St. Rose of Lima.*
31	M	[30th. Intercolonial Ex'n in Sydney opnd, 1870.

AUGUST

Corresponds to February in Great Britain.

GARDEN.—Sowing and planting ought now to be the order of the day. No time should be wasted in getting every spare bit of ground under crop. Nearly every variety of vegetable may now be sown or planted—care should be taken to regulate the quantity and sorts according to your requirements. Attend to growing crops by earthing up, and keeping the soil loose and free from weeds. Destroy aphis infesting cabbages, cauliflowers, &c., by syringing the plants with a decoction of tobacco-water. Cucumbers, melons, and marrows may be sown in sheltered situations. Any fruit-tree planting yet to be done should be vigorously proceeded with. Orange grafting should be brought to a close, as should also pruning. Roses may still be planted, and annuals sown. Keep the border free from weeds and the surface stirred.

FIELD.—Finish potato planting. Sow sorghum; this is an excellent green fodder, and in rich moist soil will yield five or six cuttings in a season. Maize may also be planted, and arrowroot. Sow tobacco for transplanting, on finely pulverised beds, three feet wide.

CHEAP AND GOOD VINEGAR.—To eight gallons of clear rain water, add three quarts of molasses; turn the mixture into a clean tight cask, shake it well two or three times, and add three spoonsful of good yeast, or two yeast cakes, place the cask in a warm place, and in ten or fifteen days add a sheet of common wrapping-paper, smeared with molasses, and torn into narrow strips, and you will have good vinegar. The paper is necessary to form the "mother," or life of the vinegar.

TO FATTEN POULTRY.—Poultry should be fattened in coops, and kept very clean. They should be furnished with gravel, but with no water. Their only food, barley-meal, mixed so thin with water, as to serve them for drink. Their thirst makes them eat more than they would, in order to extract the water that is among the food. This should not be put in troughs, but laid upon a board, which should be clean washed every time fresh food is put upon it. It is foul and heated water which is the sole cause of the pip.

YEAST.—The following yeast has undergone the test of thirty-six years: For a stone of flour (but a greater quantity does not require so much in proportion)—into two quarts of water put a nip (a quarter of an ounce) of hops, two potatoes sliced, a tablespoonful of malt or sugar (this may be omitted, but the yeast is better with it); boil for twenty minutes, strain through a sieve, let the liquor stand until new-milk warm, then add the quickening; let it stand in a large jar or jug till sufficiently risen; first put into an earthen bottle containing a pint or two quarts, according to the size of the baking, part of the yeast for a future quickening; let it stand uncorked an hour or two, and put into a cool place till wanted for fresh making. For a first quickening a little brewery yeast will do. Any plain cook or house-wife will readily make the yeast and use it. Put the remainder of it to half or more of the flour and two quarts of warm water; stir well, let it stand to rise, knead up with the rest of the flour, put it into or upon tins, let it stand to rise, bake, and you will have good bread.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Last Quarter ...	3	3	6 p.m.	Apogee	14	4 p.m.
New Moon	11	4	22 a.m.	Perigee	27	4 a.m.
First Quarter ...	19	9	16 a.m.			
Full Moon	26	8	18 a.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	T	*St. Giles.* [founded, 1824.
2	W	London burnt, 1666. Moreton Bay settlement
3	Th	Gold discovered in California, 1847.
4	F	French Republic declared, 1870.
5	S	First American Congress, 1773.
6	S	*Fourteenth Sunday after Trinity,*
7	M	Governor Hunter arrived in Sydney, 1795.
8	T	*Nativity of B.V.M.* Port Curtis gold rush, 1858.
9	W	Charters Towers goldfield discovered, 1872.
10	Th	Sebastopol taken 1855.
11	F	Riots in Brisbane 1866. Discovery of America, 1492.
12	S	
13	S	*Fifteenth Sunday after Trinity.* Quebec taken, 1759.
14	M	*Holy Cross.*
15	T	King found living with blacks at Cooper's Crk., 1861.
16	W	*St. Editha, Virgin.* Cape of Good Hope ceded to
17	Th	*St. Lambert.* [England, 1814.
18	F	Earthquake in Victoria, 1855.
19	S	[20th. Bp. Pattison kild. by natives Nukapu, 1871.
20	S	*Sixteenth Sunday after Trinity.* Bat. of Alma, 1854.
21	M	Boiler Explosion nr. Gladstone, 1872.
22	T	Jewish New Year, 5635. Kennedy left Sydney on
23	W	[his last expedition to Cape York, 1848.
24	Th	
25	F	Siege of Paris began, 1870.
26	S	*St. Cyprian.* First N. S. Wales railway opnd, 1855.
27	S	*Seventeenth Sunday after Trinity.* [discovrd, 1791.
28	M	First Stm Engine wrkd in Australia, 1815. K. G. Sd.
29	T	*Michaelmas Day.* Lord Nelson born, 1758.
30	W	*St. Jerome.* Tasmanian telegraph cable opnd, 1859.

SEPTEMBER

Corresponds to March in Great Britain.

GARDEN.—Sow rosella, okra, egg-plant (or Aubergine), tomatoes, capsicums, rock and water melons, cucumbers, marrows, pumpkins. Transplant cabbages, leeks, &c., in favorable weather. Ginger may now be planted in rich ground. Plant in drills, two feet apart, and one foot from set to set in the rows. A mulching of short grass or manure will be beneficial to this crop. Lima and Madagascar beans may be planted; these being very strong growing climbers, should be planted in rows four feet apart, and two feet in the row, and provided with strong poles. Grape vines will now be starting into growth, and should have careful attention in the way of removing superfluous shoots, stopping, tying, &c. Loquats and mulberries will now be ripening, and should be looked after. The present is a good time to make new plantations of bananas and pineapples. Plant dahlias in soil that has been enriched by a plentiful supply of strong manure. Choice flowers should be sheltered from strong winds. This is frequently a very dry month, and, consequently, a favorable time for the destruction of weeds, which should be taken advantage of by keeping the hoe going.

FIELD.—Plant arrowroot, purple, in rows, four feet apart, and two feet between the plants; white arrowroot, not growing so strong, may be put in about half the above distances. Cuttings of sweet potatoes may be planted after rain. Sow sorghum, maize, tobacco, and cotton. Plant sugar-cane, pumpkins, &c.

FRUIT STAINS IN LINEN.—To remove them, rub the part on each side with yellow soap, then tie up a piece of pearlash in the cloth, &c., and soak well in hot water, or boil; afterwards expose the stained part to the sun and air until removed.

SUGAR ICEING FOR WEDDING CAKES.—Beat two pounds of double-refined sugar with two ounces of fine starch; sift the whole through a gauze sieve, then beat the whites of five eggs with a knife upon a pewter dish for half an hour; beat in your sugar a little at a time, or it will make the eggs fall, and injure the color: when all the sugar is put in, beat it half an hour longer, and then lay on your iceing, spreading it even with a knife. If put on as soon as the cake comes out of the oven it will harden by the time the cake is cold.

TO EXTERMINATE THE WHITE ANT.—Find out, if possible, the nest or hill, which can in most cases be easily done by tracing their "covered" way; make a hole in the nest, and crush a large number with the side of a knife, mixing about half a teaspoonful of arsenic with the bruised bodies of the dead. In a very short time the living will begin to feed on the dead, and each batch will supply poisonous food for their surviving comrades, till the whole colony is utterly exterminated. In *one week* there will not remain a white ant in the house or building in which they had established themselves.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.	
Last Quarter ...	2	11	50 p.m.	Apogee.....	11	m'night	
New Moon	10	9	13 p.m.	Perigee.....	25	4	p.m.
First Quarter...	18	11	41 a.m.				
Full Moon.....	25	5	32 a.m.				

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	Th	*St. Remigius.* Cambr. Term begins. Repeal of
2	F	[Paper Duty, 1861.
3	S	Treaty of Limerick, 1691.
4	S	*Nineteenth Sunday after Trinity.*
5	M	Captain Cook landed in New Zealand, 1768.
6	T	*St. Faith.* Revolution in Spain, 1868. [opnd., 1872.
7	W	Fire at Chicago, 1871. New Schl Buildings at M'boro'
8	Th	R'hampton made port of entry, 1858. [M'boro' pro-
9	F	*St. Denys.* [claimed an electoral district, 1864.
10	S	Oxford Michaelmas term begins.
11	S	*Twentieth Sunday after Trinity.* Old Michaelm' Day.
12	M	Maryborough Circuit Court proclaimed, 1859.
13	T	
14	W	Bat. of Hastings, 1066. *P. D. Telegram* established,
15	Th	Napoleon I. arrived at St Helena, 1815. [1864.
16	F	London Houses of Parliament burnt, 1834.
17	S	*St. Etheldreda.* First Victorian Exhibition, 1854.
18	S	*Twenty-first Sunday after Trinity. St. Luke the Ev.*
19	M	
20	T	Battle of Navarino, 1827.
21	W	Victoria River discovered, 1839.
22	Th	Battle of Trafalgar, 1805. [Un. Kingdom met, 1707.
23	F	Moham. Ramadân commences. First Parliament of
24	S	First cable mes. betwn England and Q'nsland, 1872.
25	S	*Twenty-second Sunday after Trinity. St. Crispin.*
26	M	Wreck of the Royal Charter, 1859. Leichhardt
27	T	Metz capitulated, 1870. [strtd on last Expedn., 1847.
28	W	*St. Simon and St. Jude.*
29	Th	First Q'nsland Exhibition opened, 1861.
30	F	[1849.
31	S	Hallowmas Eve. First convict ship to Moreton Bay

OCTOBER

Corresponds to April in Great Britain.

GARDEN.—Vegetables will now be making rapid progress, and will require daily attention in the way of earthing up, thinning out, and loosening the soil among the crops. The insect enemies of the cultivator will now be manifesting their destructive powers. The grub and lady-bird may be committing ravages among the potatoes, maize, cucumber, marrow, melon, and other crops. There is no known remedy for these pests but hand-killing, and this should be done. Continue to sow and plant such crops as may be required to keep up a succession of vegetables and salading. Attend to grape vines, in tying in, dispose of the foliage so as to shade the fruit. Pineapples and bananas may still be planted. This is a favorable season for planting jack-fruit, mango, and other tropical fruits, and also for forming coffee plantations. In the flower garden may be sown balsams, cockscombs, and all tender annuals. Look for, and when found destroy, the leaf-rolling caterpillar infesting roses at this season. Plant out and stake dahlias, tie up climbers and other plants requiring it.

FIELD.—Plant sugar cane. The best cuttings, or those giving the greatest number of buds in the shortest length, are taken from the top and bottom of the cane. Plant in holes from fifteen to eighteen inches square, in rows from five to six feet apart, and about four feet from hole to hole in the rows. Two cuttings, with about three joints each, should be placed horizontally in each hole, care being taken that the cuttings are so placed that none of the eyes or buds are left underneath. Continue planting cotton, arrowroot, sweet potatoes, yams, &c. Transplant tobacco—placing the plants from three to four feet apart each way. Hay will now be nearly ready to cut.

TICKS IN DOGS.—A sure cure for ticks in dogs, simple and efficacious, even if the dog be nearly dead. Hold the tick to the one side and apply ammonia with a feather; then remove the tick, and get a little ammonia into the wound; pour down the dog's throat a few drops in water. Never fails.

THE arrivals in Queensland for the year 1872 were as follow:—Foreign, 2744; Intercolonial, 7123; from the South Sea Islands, 468; giving a total of 10,335. The departures from this colony for the same period were Foreign, 151; Intercolonial, 4618; South Sea Islands, 487; total, 5256. Showing the excess of arrivals over departures to have been 5079. For the first six months of the present year the arrivals have been as follows:—Foreign, 2884; Intercolonial, 3110; South Sea Islands, 235; total, 6279. The departures have been:—Foreign, 42; Intercolonial, 2391; South Sea Islands, 29. Total, 2462. This shows an excess of arrivals over departures of 3817. The estimated arrivals and departures from the South Seas include persons of all nations.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Last Quarter ...	1	0	11 a.m.	Apogee.....	8	1 a.m.
New Moon.....	9	3	45 p.m.	Perigee.....	23	4 a.m.
First Quarter...	17	0	5 p.m.			
Full Moon.....	24	1	45 p.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	S	*Twenty-third Sunday after Trinity. All Saints Day.*
2	M	*All Souls.* *W. Argus* estab., 1865. [1st Hallowmas.
3	T	Great Eastern, steamship, launched, 1857.
4	W	Mitchell returned from Darling, 1836.
5	Th	Gunpowder Plot, 1605.
6	F	*St. Leonard.* Peace with America, 1783.
7	S	Sixth Parliament of Queensland assembled, 1871.
8	S	*Twenty-fourth Sunday after Trinity.*
9	M	Prince of Wales Birthday, 1841.
10	T	Gr. Fire at Boston, U.S., 1872. [2nd. Fr. Repub, 1848.
11	W	*St. Martin.* Gr. Pub. Demonstrtn on 90-acre resrve,
12	Th	First Legis. Council of Vic. met, 1851. [M'boro, 1872.
13	F	*St. Brice.* Colony of N. Australia proclamed, 1846.
14	S	
15	S	*Twenty-fifth Sunday after Trinity. Machutus.*
16	M	Com. Logan mrdrd, 1830. [15th, Fifth Queensland
17	T	*St. Hugh.* [Parliament assembled, 1870.
18	W	Last Convict ship arrived in Sydney, 1840.
19	Th	
20	F	*St. Edmund, King and Martyr.*
21	S	Crown Princess of Germany born, 1840.
22	S	*Twenty-sixth Sunday after Trinity. St. Cecilia.*
23	M	*Clement.* Maize £7 per bushel on the Hawkesbury,
24	T	Tasmania discovered by Tasman, 1642. [1806.
35	W	*Catherine.*
26	Th	
27	F	
28	S	
29	S	*Advent Sunday.*
30	M	*St. Andrew.* Napoleon III. married, 1853.

NOVEMBER

Corresponds to May in Great Britain.

GARDEN.—The weather in this month is generally very warm ; and if also dry, artificial watering must be attended to nightly. Attend to growing crops, as directed last month. The planting of pine apples and bananas should be finished this month, that the plants may derive the full benefit of the coming summer. Attend to grape vines ; remove suckers and all barren shoots that will not be wanted for next year. It is a common error to leave too much young wood on vines, which only serves to crowd the fruit, and prevent its thoroughly ripening. Remove all runners from strawberries, except those required for furnishing plants for new plantations. Keep flower-beds and borders clean and neat. Roses may now be budded, wherever the stocks may be in proper order, and it is desired to have more plants of certain sorts.

FIELD.—Plantations of sugar, cotton, arrowroot, &c., must now have prompt attention, and all weeds destroyed when young, using the horse-hoe for this purpose wherever practicable. Tobacco showing flower should be stopped, leaving eight or ten leaves on each plant ; look over frequently, and keep all laterals rubbed off.

PREVENTION OF FIRES.—The following simple suggestions are worthy of observation :—Add one ounce of alum to the last water used to rinse children's dresses, and they will be rendered uninflammable, or so slightly combustible that they would take fire very slowly, if at all, and would not flame. This is a simple precaution, which may be adopted in families of children. Bed curtains and linen in general, may also be treated in the same way.

TOMATO SAUCE.—Twelve tomatos, ripe and red ; take off the stalk ; cut in halves ; squeeze enough to get all the water and seeds out ; put in a stewpan with a capsicum, and two or three tablespoonsful of beef gravy ; set on a slow stove till properly melted ; rub them through a tamis into a clean stew-pan, add a little white pepper and salt, and let them simmer a few minutes.—The French cook adds an onion or eschalot, a clove or two, or a little tarragon vinegar.

CHLOROFORMING BEES.—The quantity of chloroform required for an ordinary hive is the sixth part of an ounce ; a very large hive may take nearly a quarter of an ounce. Set down a table opposite to, and about four feet distant from the hive ; on the table spread a thick linen cloth, in the centre of the table place a small shallow breakfast plate, which cover with a piece of wire gauze, to prevent the bees from coming in immediate contact with the chloroform. Now quickly and cautiously lift the hive from the board on which it is standing, set it down on the top of the table, keeping the plate in the centre ; cover the hive closely up with cloths, and in twenty minutes or so the bees are not only sound asleep, but not one is left among the combs ; the whole of them are lying helpless on the table. You now remove what honey you think fit, replace the hive in its old stand, and the bees, as they recover, will return to their domicile. A bright, calm, sunny day is the best ; and you should commence your operations early in the morning, before many of them are abroad.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	D.	H.	M.		D.	H.
Last Quarter ...	1	4	40 a.m.	Apogee.....	5	11 a.m.
New Moon.....	9	10	18 a.m.	Perigee.....	21	10 a.m.
First Quarter...	16	10	36 a.m.			
Full Moon,.....	23	3	8 p.m.			
Last Quarter....	31	12	47 a.m.			

Date.	Day.	Occurrences.
1	T	Princess of Wales born, 1844.
2	W	Battle of Austerlitz, 1805.
3	Th	
4	F	Second Empire established in France, 1852.
5	S	Telegraph. opnd, betwn Melbourne & Geelong, 1854.
6	S	*Second Sunday in Advent. St. Nicholas.* Lady
7	M	*Ambrose.* [Fitzroy killed at Parramatta, 1847.
8	T	*Conception. B.V.M.* Disc. of Bendigo gold-field,
9	W	[1851.
10	Th	*Q'nsland Separation Day.* Gov. Bowen ar., 1859.
11	F	[10th. Tasmania separated from N.S.W., 1825.
12	S	Cromwell made Protector, 1653.
13	S	*Third Sunday in Advent. St. Lucy.*
14	M	Prince Albert died, 1861.
15	T	Burke and party left Cooper's Creek, 1860. Rock-
16	W	[hampton proclaimed a Municipality.
17	Th	Great fatal flood in Melbourne, 1863.
18	F	Copper disc. in West Australia, 1846.
19	S	Fitzroy River first navigated, 1855.
20	S	*Fourth Sunday in Advent.* Seccession of Southern
21	M	*St. Thomas Apostle.* [States, 1860.
22	T	
23	W	James II fled from England, 1689.
24	Th	W. M. Thackeray died, 1863.
25	F	*Christmas Day.* Sir Isaac Newton born, 1642.
26	S	*St. Stephen.*
27	S	*Sunday after Christmas. St. John Apost. and Ev.*
28	M	*Innocents Day.*
29	T	Murder of Thomas à Becket, 1171.
30	W	South Australia proclaimed a colony, 1836.
31	Th	*Silvester.* Sir Charles Hotham died, 1855.

DECEMBER

Corresponds to June in Great Britain.

GARDEN.—To keep up a full and varied supply of vegetables during the summer will test the gardener's ingenuity. French, Lima, and Madagascar beans, marrows, and squashes, are among the most sure. Foresight should be used in adapting the sowings to the probable demand. Surface stirring between the crops is, at this season, of the greatest importance—it not only destroys weeds, but also checks evaporation and pulverises the ground. See that celery, lettuce, cucumbers, melons, &c., have regular and copious watering, during dry weather. Most kinds of stone fruit-trees, as peaches, &c., may now be budded. Grapes will be ripening towards the end of this month, and should be looked after. If any bulbs, dahlias, &c., still remain unplanted, let them be put into the ground with as little delay as may be. Continue the budding of roses, and propagate carnations and pinks from pipings or layers.

FIELD.—Spring-planted potatoes should now be ripe, and ought to be taken up at once. Look frequently over tobacco, and top any not previously done. Rub off all side shoots as they appear. Plant maize for winter crop. Keep sugar, cotton, and all growing crops free from weeds.

VERMIN IN FOWLS.—Make all the perches in the fowl-house of green wattle, leaving the bark on. There is some peculiar property in the bark which destroys insects, and keeps the poultry perfectly free from vermin.

COMPARATIVE FERTILITY OF MANURED AND UNMANURED LAND.—Mr. Lawes, the celebrated chemist and manufacturer of artificial manures, has published a report of his experiments in wheat-growing upon manured and unmanured plots. These experiments have now been conducted over a period of 30 years. One field has now grown wheat without any manure for 30 years, and the result seems to justify the conclusion of the experimenter—namely, that there is a natural standard of fertility which is not exceeded either way. The returns from this plot are compared each year with the yields from four plots, one manured with farmyard dung, the others with what are termed chemical manures. It is observed that some variation is observable, and is clearly due to season. A table is given, showing the produce of wheat in 1873 from the same selected and differently manured plots as usual, in the field at Rothamstead, which has now grown the crop for 30 years in succession. It also gives for comparison, the produce of each of the preceding 10 years, the average for 11 years, 1863-73, and the average for 22 years, 1852-73. Thus we perceive the yield of the unmanured plot in 1873 was $11\frac{3}{4}$ bushels per acre; of the plot manured with dung, $26\frac{3}{4}$; of the plots artificially manured, respectively 22, $27\frac{1}{2}$, $35\frac{1}{4}$. The average yield from the unmanured plot from 1863 to 1873 was $13\frac{1}{4}$ bushels per acre; of the dung-manured 36; of the artificially manured, from 34 to $41\frac{3}{8}$ bushels. The average yield during the 22 years 1852-73 was $14\frac{1}{4}$ bushels on the unmanured plot, $35\frac{1}{4}$ on the dung-manured plot, and from $34\frac{3}{8}$ to 37 bushels on the others. The average weight per bushel of the unmanured wheat is much lower than of the manured.

LAW CALENDAR, 1874.

THE Court will not sit in Banco on any day in Term except the first four days and the last day of the Term, unless by adjournment or special appointment.

At all sittings of the Circuit Courts Crown business shall commence on the first day, and Civil business on the third day.

The days mentioned in Table VII, Equity, shall be days for motions upon notice. Other business in Equity will be taken on the Chamber days of the Judge in Equity.

Chamber days and hours shall, except as hereinafter provided, be Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; and at 10 a.m. the Registrar shall send to the Associate a list of all summonses and matters returnable at Chambers, together with all affidavits and papers connected therewith.

Chamber days and hours shall, during the Christmas and Winter Vacations, be Wednesdays, from 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

The Offices of the Supreme Court shall be open from 10 a.m. till 3 p.m. in term, and in vacation upon all lawful days, except Saturdays, when the said Offices shall be closed at 12 noon, excepting in the Christmas and Winter Vacations, when they shall be opened from 10 a.m. till 1 p.m.

The office will be closed from Tuesday, 3rd February, to Saturday, 7th February, both inclusive, and on Good Friday, Easter Eve, Monday and Tuesday in Easter Week, Ascension Day, Christmas Day, and the three days following next after Christmas Day; and on St. Patrick's Day, 17th March; St. George's Day, 23rd April; the Prince of Wales' Birthday, 9th November; St. Andrew's Day, 30th November; and Separation Day, 10th December; and on such of the following days as may not fall in the time of term, but not otherwise, unless by order of the Court, namely, the Queen's Birthday and the Queen's Accession; and such times and days shall be holidays of the Supreme Court.

Christmas Vacation will commence on Saturday, 20th December, 1873, and end on Saturday, 7th February, 1874.

Winter Vacation will commence on Saturday, 6th of June, 1874, and end on Saturday, 4th July, 1874.

TERMS.

Hilary Term	begins	Tuesday,	Mar. 10,	ends	Friday,	Mar. 20
Easter	„	„	May 26,	„	„	June 5
Trinity	„	„	Sept. 8,	„	„	Sept. 18
Michaelmas	„	„	Dec. 8,	„	„	Dec. 18

BRISBANE SITTINGS.

Civil Sittings.	Criminal Sittings.
Monday, February 16.	Monday, March 2.
Monday, May 4.	Monday, May 18.
Monday, August 17.	Monday, August 31.
Monday, November 16.	Tuesday, December 1.

TOOWOOMBA CIRCUIT COURT.

Criminal Sittings.	Civil Sittings.
Monday, February 2.	Wednesday. February 4.
Monday, July 27.	Wednesday, July 29.

IPSWICH CIRCUIT COURT.

Criminal Sittings.	Civil Sittings.
Monday, February 9.	Wednesday. February 11.
Monday, August 10.	Wednesday, August 12.

ROCKHAMPTON CIRCUIT COURT.

Criminal Sittings.	Civil Sittings.
Monday, March 30.	Wednesday, April 1.
Monday, October 5.	Wednesday, October 7.

MARYBOROUGH CIRCUIT COURT.

Criminal Sittings.	Civil Sittings.
Thursday, April 23.	Saturday, April 25.
Thursday, October 29.	Saturday, October 31.

EQUITY DAYS.

March: Wednesday, 4th and 25th. April: Wednesday, 8th and 15th. May: Wednesday, 6th and 13th. July: Wednesday, 8th, 15th, 22nd, and 29th. August: Wednesday, 5th and 12th. September: Wednesday, 2nd and 23rd, October: Wednesday, 21st, 28th. November: Wednesday. 4th, 11th, 18th, and 25th.

INSOLVENCY DAYS.

February: Monday, 9th, 16th, 23rd. March: Monday, 9th April: Monday, 13th, 20th, 27th. May: Monday, 18th. July: Monday, 6th, 13th, 20th. August: Monday, 17th, 24th. September: Monday, 7th, 21st, 28th. October: Monday, 5th, 12th, and 19th. November: Tuesday, 10th. December: Tuesday, 7th.

DISTRICT COURT ARRANGEMENTS FOR 1874.

MARYBOROUGH.	GYMPIE.
February 26 and 27.	March 3.
July 2 and 3.	July 7,
October 22 and 23.	October 27.

COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS.

MARYBOROUGH - -	1st Monday in each month.
GAYNDAH - - - -	,, ,,
GYMPIE - - - - -	2nd Monday in each month.
NANANGO - - - -	,, ,,
TENNINGERING - -	,, ,,
BUNDABERG - - -	,, ,,

LAND COMMISSIONERS' COURTS.

MARYBOROUGH - -	1st. Friday in each month.
GYMPIE - - - -	1st Wednesday ,,
BUNDABERG - - -	1st Tuesday ,,
GAYNDAH - - - -	2nd Tuesday ,,

PUBLICAN'S ANNUAL LICENSING MEETING.

THIRD TUESDAY IN APRIL.

MONTHLY LICENSING MEETING.

SECOND TUESDAY IN EACH MONTH.

Applications mustbe sent in on or before the last Tuesday in March for the Annual Licensing Meeting, and on or before the third Tuesday of the next preceding month for the Monthly Licensing Meeting.

FATAL GREED.—From America we hear of the invention of a rat-trap that is made to operate upon the selfish passion of the poor rat, and lead him into trouble. A mirror is set in the back of the device beyond the bait, and as his ratship is out on a foraging expedition, he not only espies the bait, but at the same time believes his own image in the mirror to be another rat making for it on the opposite side. This is too much for rat nature to stand and be cool over, so he rushes for the bait, and meets his fate.

WEEDS.—In calculating the loss sustained by weeds a statistician says:—It has been found by experiment that the unweeded acre yields 18 bushels, and the weeded 22½ bushels—some difference in these ratios being observed according to the crop grown. Other instances are given from which the proportionate loss is greater. The *Agricultural Gazette* in commenting on the movement says:—"Let every child be taught to urge a single acre only on the attention of the small farmer from under whose roof he comes to school, and some conviction must at length be forced upon even lazy and unwilling minds. There can be no doubt that the increased produce would easily pay the school bill for all Ireland; and there is many a farmer on our side of the Channel, too, who might educate his children out of the profit accruing from a more diligent use of hoes and fallow implements.

METEOROLOGICAL PROBABILITIES FOR 1874.

(Specially Compiled for the Maryborough Almanac.)

BY R. B. SHERIDAN, ESQ.

JANUARY 13th, rain, S.E. wind, most probably a thunder storm. 29th, heavy rain, but not of very long continuance.

FEBRUARY 11th, rain and great heat. 27th, heavy rain, most probably a fresh in the river.

MARCH 13th, stormy, with strong gusts of wind. 25th to 29th, probably very wet and stormy weather, fresh in river.

APRIL 11th to 14th, stormy. 24th, rough, wet weather. 27th, much rain.

MAY 11th and 12th, stormy. 20th, atmosphere much disturbed. 25th, 26th, and 27th, more or less rain.

JUNE 11th, some rain. 14th, strong wind. 24th and 25th, stormy. 26th, fine weather.

JULY 4th to 9th, fine, and most likely frosty. 10th, more or less rain. 12th, windy. 23rd and 24th, rain and wind.

AUGUST 1st to 8th, fine. 9th, disturbed atmosphere, probably some rain. 23rd, rain. 25th to 31st, fine.

SEPTEMBER 7th, rough, most probably thunder storms. 22nd, rain and strong S.E. wind.

OCTOBER 5th and 6th, broken weather, thunder. 21st, heavy rain.

NOVEMBER 2nd, stormy. 5th, rain. 20th, thunder storm.

DECEMBER 3rd and 4th, more or less rain. 12th, thunder storm. 20th, rain.

The foregoing weather predictions will most probably come true, as they are based upon deductions drawn from nearly fourteen years daily record of the state of the weather in Maryborough. There is no attempt to prophesy the future further than by drawing conclusions from the past, therefore if the year 1874 turns out otherwise than is set forth, it will differ materially from its fourteen predecessors.

IN the United States the use of ice for keeping apples and pears is becoming common; ice, however, is more easily obtainable than in this country. The *New York Tribune*, which has previously cited examples, reports:—"Christopher Shearer, owner of a fine estate in Pennsylvania, has 1,500 apple and pear trees, a portion of the crop from which he preserves in a refrigerator, 55ft. square, and holding, when filled, about 140 cart-loads of ice and 4,000 bushels of fruit. Last fall he stored in it 1,800 bushels of apples mostly Baldwin's Greening's; and Pounds, and 450 bushels of Bartlett, and 50 bushels of Lawrence pears. This stock kept well till late this spring, when it was sold for good prices."

THE TRANSIT OF VENUS, 1874.

(Specially written for the Maryborough Almanac.)

By Henry O'Reilly, Esq., F.R.A.S.

By far the most important of all the phenomena which astronomers are now expecting, is the transit of Venus, which will take place on December 9. Even the eclipses of the last few years, though they have attracted so much attention, and have been observed so carefully, have, in reality, been regarded as altogether less important than the next transit of Venus. Total eclipses are almost every year phenomena, but transits of Venus are of extremely rare occurrence. The last took place in 1769, and, after the transit of 1882, none will occur till 2004. Apart from this circumstance a transit of Venus is of extreme importance in the science of astronomy. It admittedly affords the most satisfactory means of determining the distance of the sun—in other words, the dimensions of the solar system itself. And, such determination of the scale on which our system is constructed, affords the only means we possess of measuring the vast spaces which separate us from the fixed stars. So that the observations to be made in December, 1874, and renewed (but under somewhat different conditions) in December, 1882, bear directly on the fundamental problem of astronomy, so far as astronomy relates to the determination of the distances and the magnitudes of the celestial bodies.

To James Gregory, a Scotch mathematician, is due the original suggestion of using the inferior planets for getting the parallax of the sun; although Halley has the credit of having first recommended to the notice of future astronomers an affecting exhortation not to suffer so precious an occasion as the transit of Venus in 1631, to pass unprofitably; but to deduce from this observation one of the most important elements of our system. Halley, at this time, was aware of the rarity of the transit of Venus, as the plane which Venus describes does not coincide with the plane of the earth's orbit, owing to which circumstance, two transits usually, but not always, occur in an interval of eight years; after which, they do not again occur for more than a century, and always in June and December. If, however, a transit does not happen at the same node after an interval of eight years, it cannot take place again at that node for 235 years, which will be in the year 2117.

Venus, seen from the earth, accomplishes an entire oscillation round the sun in 584 days, and then returns to inferior

conjunction again. But, during this time, the earth has made one entire revolution round the sun, besides having described an arc of about 216 degrees five times, which makes 1080 degrees, or three circumferences of 360 degrees. Therefore, at the end of five conjunctions, or five times 584 days, which is equivalent to 2920 days, or eight years, the conjunctions are reproduced, almost on the same day, and in the same part of the heavens. The latitude of Venus and the sun, however, are not rigorously identical at the end of eight years, but present a difference of 20′ to 24′, therefore, making a difference of 16 years of from 40′ to 48′, a quantity which surpasses the semi-diameter of the sun. These intervals, therefore, do not return again for more than a century, when they succeed each other as before.

In the year 1627, Kepler completed the Rudolphine tables, which enabled him better to calculate the motions of the planets. In 1639 the planet Venus passed over the sun's disc, and, on this occasion, the transit took place unknown to any notable astronomer. It was only seen by two young amateurs, Jeremiah Horrocks, of Toxteth Park, near Liverpool, and William Crabtree, of Broughton, near Manchester. In taking the mean between the Rudolphine tables, and those of Lansbury, Horrocks arrived at the position and time of both ingress and egress of the planets transit over the sun's disc at 3,15 p.m., in observing which, it seemed to him at the moment as if Divine Providence had encouraged his aspirations in this most gratifying spectacle, the object of so many earnest wishes. This was the first recorded time the planet Venus was seen crossing the sun's disc.

At this time Horrocks was but 20 years old, and he died three years afterwards. His companion, Crabtree, lived but a short time after him, when the world lost two young men of extraordinary promise, who have left an interesting account of this transit, entitled "Venus in sole visa."

The earth passes her ascending node in the beginning of December, and her descending node in the beginning of June. If to the date of the first transit seen by Horrocks and Crabtree, December 4, 1639, we add 235 years, it will give the time of the forthcoming transit in December, 1874, at the same node. From her inferior to her superior conjunction Venus appears on the west side of the sun, when she is a morning star. From her superior to her inferior conjunction, she appears on the east side of the sun, and is then an evening star; alternating morning and evening star for a period of 292 days each time. Venus never departs quite 48° from the sun; she is never seen at midnight, nor in opposition, being

visible about three hours before sunrise, and about the same time after sunset. The forthcoming transit will be recorded by photography, for which purpose preparations are being made in England, America, France, Russia, Prussia, Portugal, Australia, and many other places. By this means the epoch of each photographic record may be determined with accuracy, the time of the exposure being from 1-50 to 1-100 of a second. The angle of position of successive situations of the planet in the sun's disc, as shown in the series of photographs, and the distances of the centres of the planet and the sun, are data that determine the chord along which the transit has been observed to within 0.1″, and an error of 1″ in the measurement will give an error of only 0.185″ in deduced solar parallax. From previous observations, the parallax of the sun is included within the limits 8.5″ and 8.7″; the mean 8.6″ has been adopted by Delambre and Laland, but it is not considered sufficiently correct. When the true distance of the sun has been determined, and all the planets in the system adjusted thereto, we may look forward with hope to the time when the conservation of forces which unite the planetary to solar influences may be brought to our knowledge, and give a principle of abstraction which will enable observers to obtain a correct investigation of those physical laws which control the earth and its atmosphere.

Sir J. Herschell writes :—"The superficial reader (one of a class too numerous) may think it strange and discreditable to science to have erred by nearly four millions miles in estimating the sun's distance. But such may be reminded that the error of 0.32″ (thirty-two hundredths of a second) in the sun's parallax, on which the correction turns, corresponds to the apparent breadth of a human hair at 125 feet, or of a shilling eight miles off."

I quote here the appeals made by Halley (when Astronomer Royal) 45 years before the transit of 1761, the earlier of the pair of transits then looked forward to :—"I could wish, indeed, that observations of the transit should be undertaken by many persons in different places; first, because of the greater confidence which could be placed in well-according observations; and secondly, lest a single observer should, by the intervention of clouds, be deprived of that spectacle which, so far as I know, will not be visible again to the men of this and the next century, and on which depends the certain and sufficient solution of the most noble and otherwise intractable problem. I, therefore, again and again urge upon those inquiring observers of the celestial bodies, who, when I have departed this life, will be reserved to observe these things, that,

mindful of my counsel, they should devote themselves strenuously, and with all their energies to conduct the observation, I desire and pray that they may be favored in every way, and, especially, that they may not be deprived of that most desirable spectacle by the inopportune darkness of a clouded sky; and that, finally, the magnitudes of the celestial bodies, forced into narrower limits (of exactness) may, as it were, make submission to the glory and eternal fame of those observers."

These hopes were not fulfilled so far as the transit of 1761 was concerned; but the transit of 1769 was observed, with great care, at no less than seventy-four stations, fifty of which, however, were in Europe. It is a matter of prime importance that the stations occupied by observers should be as far as possible apart from each other, as it is by the observations being made at the same instant, on opposite ends of the earth's diameter, that the horizontal parallax of the sun is determined, and his true distance obtained. It is important, also, that a great many observations should be made by independent observers, so that, by a comparison of results afterwards, the possible errors of observation may be reduced to a minimum. Before the transit of 1769, much interest was excited, and several European Governments fitted out expeditions to those parts of the world where the phenomenon was likely to be seen to the best advantage. England then took a deep interest in the matter, fitting out an expedition to Otaheite, in the Pacific Ocean, the command of which was assigned to Captain Cook. Observations were taken, also, in Lapland and California, at Pekin, Manilla, Batavia, Irkutsk, Otaheite, and every part of Europe. It is gratifying to learn that the interest already awakened in the forthcoming transit gives promise of being ultimately greater than in that of the last century.

The different Governments and learned societies of Europe and America are corresponding together; the methods of observation are being fixed upon, stations selected, telegraphic communication between them arranged, and instruments of the highest possible perfection constructed. It is now well known that the observations of the former transits were not made with such delicacy and accuracy as to enable our mathematicians to determine with the precision the present state of science demands, the great problem upon which so much in astronomy depends; and it is generally believed that the approaching transit will considerably alter the interval between the earth and the great central ruler of the solar system.

Since 1769 our instruments of observation have been greatly improved; new methods of registering the exact instants of

external and internal contact, almost entirely free from the variations and errors arising from the state of the stomach or the condition of the eye of the observer, have been discovered; and it is now scarcely possible to conceive of arrangements more perfect than those by which the eye, the ear, and the pencil of the sun, are all made mutually to correct each other. Besides which, two new methods of determining the problem can now be employed, viz., the spectroscopic and photographic methods, both of which are of very great value, especially the latter, since by it the sun is made to register the progress of the planet across his face, with unerring accuracy.

The five proposed special stations to be occupied by England are as follows:—The first British position is Alexandria. The French station themselves at Suez. And the Russian Academy, supported by the usual munificence of the Imperial Government, when any worthy scientific object is to be attained, besides providing for upwards of twenty stations between Kamschatka and the Euxine, will push observing parties in the same direction, and occupy stations at Tiflis, and near the foot of Ararat.

The second British station is in the island of Rodriguez.

The French proceed to St. Denis de la Réunion; while the Germans have fixed upon Mauritius. And Lord Lindsay, with a scientific spirit which cannot fail to secure to his lordship lasting honor, is preparing an admirably equipped expedition for the same destination.

The third British station is Kerguelen's Island. The Germans proceed there, possibly, also; making an attempt to effect a suitable landing in Macdonald Island.

The fourth special station proposed by Sir George Airey is Christchurch, New Zealand. The French Institute places a party on their nearest possession, New Caledonia.

Our fifth position is at Woahoo, in the Sandwich Islands. The French proceed to Honolulu; and the Americans, who confine their attention to stations in the Pacific, will be in the same region.

Mr. H. C. Russell, the Government Astronomer of N. S. Wales, in his interesting pamphlet, which is full of information, on the "Local particulars of the transit of Venus in 1874," says, "The transit will occur on the 9th December, 1874, and the first contact will take place at 11·52 a.m., Sydney mean time. The sun will then be in the zenith of the place whose longitude is 151° 36′ E., and 22° 57′ S. latitude, or near Rockhampton, in Queensland. If we could at that time be on Rockhampton, and turning to the north, look up at the sun, we should not see Venus on the sun's limb, for the planet would then be a little to the right or north-east of our line of

sight—to us, of course, invisible, owing to the superior brilliance of the sun. But, if we could, at that same moment move to the north-east, and take our station at the point of first contact, we should see Venus just beginning to encroach on the sun's limb. Our point of observation at that time would be in the mail steamer route from San Francisco to Honolulu, and about one-third of the distance from the former city. If from this point as centre, a series of circles are described, increasing the radius each time, they would indicate, at least so far as they were on that part of the earth from which the sun was visible, a section of Venus's shadow cone on all that part of the earth from which Venus in transit would be visible; and the time which this shadow cone will take to include the whole earth is twenty-one minutes, or from the time that Venus is first visible on the earth's surface, until it will be visible all over the earth, will be twenty-one minutes; the last point on the earth to see the first contact from will be a place near Prince Edward's Island.

Unfortunately both first and last contact points are on the ocean, and have no convenient places near them for observation. At the time of ingress, or first contact, the transit will be visible from the whole hemisphere of the earth, of which Rockhampton is the centre; and, excepting Australia, and on the north-west, where it includes India, China, and part of Russia, it is nearly all water, hence the difficulty of finding stations to fulfil the required conditions.

But at the end of the transit, the earth will have moved in its diurnal rotation, so that to all the stations in the east and north-east, which were well situated to observe the ingress, the sun will have set, and to all those on the west he will have risen higher. Many new places will have come within view of the phenomena, and the centre of the hemisphere of the earth from which it will be visible, will be no longer Rockhampton, but a point situated 88 degrees 46 minutes east of Greenwich, and 23 degrees south latitude, or not far from Amsterdam Island. This hemisphere includes more than half of Africa, the south-east corner of the Mediterranean, part of the Black Sea, nearly the whole of Russia and Japan, and all the countries to the south of them. Australia and New Zealand are included in its south-east side, and the southern continent in the south. At a point not far from South Victoria Land, the egress will be first seen, and at a place near Oosk, in Russia, it will be last seen.

At the ingress Australia is not well situated for observation; but at egress New Zealand and south-east Australia are very favorably situated for observation.

It thus appears that Europe and the whole of America will see nothing of the transit, and it will be for those who are favorably situated to make the most of their opportunities for observing phenomena so simple, but of such vast importance to science.

The stations which are now provided for in Australia, are Sydney, Eden, and Blue Mountains. Sydney, because we have greater facility for observation than is possible at a temporary station ; Eden, because it is near the best point of Australia, and within telegraphic reach for determining its position ; and the Blue Mountains as a stand-by in case the two coast districts are cloudy, and because I find from recent experiments, that the additional altitude adds much to the probability of good observations. If money is granted there will be a fourth station, probably on the dry plains about Urana, where there seems to be a singularly clear atmosphere.

Of the other stations to be occupied in Australia, I, at present, only know of Melbourne, Adelaide, and Brisbane. But it is probable that Victoria will have two other stations, though this is not yet decided. I have no doubt, also, that Mr. Tebbutt will observe at Windsor ; so that the best part of Australia will have such a number of stations as will give us a fair chance of blue sky somewhere.

Now, if a line supposed to be drawn through Sydney, Mundooran, and Palmerston, in northern Australia, all places on that line will see the first contact at the same time as Sydney, viz. :—12·4 p.m., December 9th. All points to the east of this line will see it earlier, and all points to the west of it will see it later. If a line be drawn through Brisbane, parallel to the line described, it will indicate all places at which first contact will be one minute earlier than Sydney. A similar line through Melbourne will indicate places one minute later than Sydney.

The point on the sun's disc where Venus will first be seen is situated 49 degrees from the north point of the sun, towards the east, or on the lower right hand side as we look at the sun, half-way between the lowest (north) point of the sun and the east side. If an inverting (astronomical) telescope is used, it will be 49 degrees from the upper limb towards the west on following side.

The transit begins *earliest* at a place in north latitude 39° 45′ and west longitude 143° 23′. The transit begins *latest* at a place in 44° 27′ south latitude, and 26° 27′ east longitude. The transit will end *earliest* at a place in south latitude 64° 47′ and west longitude 114° 37′. Lastly, the transit will end *latest* at a place in North latitude 62° 5′ and east longitude 48° 22′.

Private Observatory, Brisbane, Nov. 30th, 1873.

SUNDAYS AND FESTIVALS.

January.

1 Thursday, Circumcision.
6 Epiphany.
11 i. Sunday after Epiphany.
18 ii. Sunday „ „
25 iii. Sunday „ „ Conversion of St. Paul.

February.

1 Septuagesima.
8 Sexagesima.
15 Quinquagesima.
18 Ash Wednesday.
22 i. Sunday in Lent.
24 St. Matthias.

March.

1 ii. Sunday in Lent.
8 iii. Sunday „
15 iv. Sunday „
17 St. Patrick.
22 v. Sunday in Lent.
25 Lady Day.
29 Palm Sunday.

April.

3 Good Friday.
5 Easter Sunday.
12 Low Sunday.
19 ii. Sunday after Easter.
25 St. Mark.
26 iii. Sunday after Easter.

May.

3 iv. Sunday after Easter.
10 Rogation Sunday.
14 Ascension Day.
17 Sunday after Ascension.
24 Whit Sunday. Qun's B'day
31 Trinity Sunday.

June.

4 Corpus Christi.
7 i. Sunday after Trinity.
11 St. Barnabas.
14 ii. Sunday after Trinity.
20 Queen's Accession.
21 iii. Sunday after Trinity.
24 Winter Day. St. J. Baptist.
28 iv. Sunday after Trinity.

July.

2 Visitation B. V. Mary.
5 v. Sunday after Trinity.
12 vi. Sunday „ „
19 vii. Sunday „ „
25 St. James.
26 viii. Sunday after Trinity.

August.

2 ix. Sunday after Trinity.
6 Transfiguration.
9 x. Sunday after Trinity.
15 Assumption.
16 xi. Sunday after Trinity.
23 xii. Sunday „ „
30 xiii. Sunday „ „

September.

6 xviii. Sunday after Trinity.
8 Nativity B.V.M.
13 xv. Sunday after Trinity.
14 Holy Cross.
20 xvi. Sunday after Trinity.
27 xvii. Sunday „ „
29 Michaelmas Day.

October.

4 xviii. Sunday after Trinity.
11 xix. Sunday „ „
18 xx. Sunday „ „
25 xxi. Sunday „ „
28 St. Simon and St. Jude.

November.

1 xxii. Sunday aft. Trinity. All Saints.
2 All Souls.
8 xxiii. Sunday after Trinity
15 xxiv. Sunday „ „
22 xxv. Sunday „ „
29 Advent Sunday.
30 St. Andrew's Day.

December.

6 ii. Sunday in Advent.
13 iii. Sunday „
20 iv. Sunday „
25 Christmas. Friday.
26 St. Stephen.
28 Innocents.

MAGISTERIAL AND POLICE.

POLICE COURT.

Police Magistrate—George Faircloth.

Clerk of Petty Sessions—Stanley G. Hill (also acts as Sub-Immigration Agent and Agent to Curator of Intestate Estates)

Days appointed for hearing summons cases—Tuesdays and Fridays, at 10 a.m.

The Licensing Court is held at noon on the second Tuesday in each month.

SMALL DEBTS COURT.

Chairman of Bench—The P.M. Registrar—The C.P.S. Bailiff—George Eales.

Jurisdiction under £30. Sittings—The first Monday in every month, at 11 o'clock a.m.

CIRCUIT COURT, MARYBOROUGH.

Sub-Sheriff—George Faircloth, P.M. Sheriff's Officer—Geo. Eales.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT, MARYBOROUGH.

Judge—Edmund Sheppard. Crown Prosecutor—Geo. Paul. Registrar and Sub-Sheriff—The C.P.S. Bailiff—Geo. Eales.

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, & DEATHS

District Registrar—The C.P.S. Office—at the Court House. No fee charged for registration.

IMMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.

Immigration Agent and Polynesian Inspector—The P.M. Wardsman of Depot—William Green. Matron—Mrs. Green.

Magistrates duly appointed to give Consent to Marriage of Minors—George Faircloth, P.M.; R. B. Sheridan, W.P.M.

POLICE.

Senior-sergeant in charge of station—John Moore. Watch-house keeper—Senior-constable J. P. Fuery. 1 senior constable, 2 mounted and 5 foot constables.

Gayndah—Police Magistrate—John Ranken. 1 sergeant and 2 constables.

Gympie.—Police Magistrate—J. O'C. Bligh. C.P.S.—W. Compigné. Inspector—S. J. Lloyd. 2 sergeants, 2 senior constables, 12 constables, and 2 native troopers.

Mount Perry—Police Magistrate—A. W. Compigné. 1 senior sergeant, 1 sergeant, 1 senior and 2 constables.

Nanango.—Police Magistrate—A. Lee. 1 senior and 1 constable.

Bundaberg.—Police Magistrate—Joseph Hughes. Acting C.P.S.—Christopher Francis. 1 senior and 1 constable.

Tiaro.—1 senior and 1 constable.

COMMISSION OF THE PEACE,

WIDE BAY AND BURNETT.

ANTILL, J. A., Sydney; Aplin, C. D'O. H., Upper Mary; Armstrong, D. W., Upper Mary.

Barker, J. W., Walla; Barton, A. P. Moolboolaman; Bean, J., Yenda; Bennet, J., Wolca; Bligh, J. O'C., Gympie; Booker, C. E., Maryborough; Brown, A. H., Gin Gin; Brown, N. W., Wide Bay; Brown, A., England; Brown, J. E., Maryborough; Buckland, C. J., Gympie.

Cadell, J. J., Ideraway; Clark, W. P., Mooloolah; Clarke, C. J., Gympie; Compigné, A. W., Teningering; Connolly, J., Gayndah; Corfield, H. C., Tinana; Cran, R., Yengarie.

Davidson, W. M., Maryborough.

Eaton, J., Rose Hill.

Faircloth, G., Maryborough; Faithful, W. P., Maryborough; Ford, F., Boonara; Forrest, W., Wombah.

Goodchap, F., Gympie; Graham, J., Gayndah; Graham, P., Maryborough; Gray, H. S., Maryborough; Green, W. B., Mondure.

Haly, C. R. Taabinga; Helsham, D., Gootchie; Holt, W. H., Kolonga; Hosking, T., Mount Perry; Hughes, J., Bundaberg.

Jones, R., Mount Perry.

Kemball, A. C., Sydney; King, H. E., Townsville.

Lacy, D., Glenbar; Lee, A., Nanango; Lillis, P., Gympie; Littleton, Hon. H. S., Gigoomgan.

Macdonald, C. C. Cadaga; M'Connell, J., Durundur; M'Cord, W. F., Coonambula; M'Ghie, J., Gympie; Mant, G., Gigoomgan; Moreton, Hon. B. B., Wetheron; Moreton, Hon. S., Wetheron.

Nixon, F. F., Yengarie.

Okeden, W. E. P., Cunnamulla; Ord, D., Burenda; Osborne, A. S. R. Maryborough.

Palmer, H., Maryborough; Peyton, N., Mundubbera; Powell, C. R., Maryborough; Pringle, J., Mount Perry; Pyne, T. S. L., Tiaro.

Ramsay, P., Iindah; Ranken, J., Gayndah; Raven, J. W., Ban Ban; Ridler, J. C., Cania; Robertson, T., Baffle Creek; Robinson, J. W., Lady Elliot Island.

Sandeman, G. Burenda; Scott, W., Taromeo; Sheridan, R. B., Maryborough; Sly, W., Mungai; Smith, T., Gympie; Stoward, H., Maryborough; Southerden, W., Maryborough; Strathdee, R., Gayndah; Stevens, W. P., Gympie.

Tooth, R., Yengarie; Travis, R., Maryborough.

Walker, W., Maryborough; Woodcock, C. A. J., Tinana Creek.

LOCAL SKETCHES.

MARYBOROUGH.

THIS town, which is the principal one of the Wide Bay and Burnett district, lies about twenty-five miles above the mouth of the Mary River. The river is navigable for vessels of 11 feet draught as far as Yengarie (thirty-five miles), but the head of navigation for vessels of 7 feet draught may be stated at fifty-five miles. Improvements are now in progress which will have the effect of greatly improving and extending the navigation of the upper course, both above and below Tiaro. The scenery up the river is singularly picturesque by reason of the wild profusion of foliage on its banks, and its long reaches and many curves in its course. The land is of a rich alluvial description, and has been proved to be capable of producing any of those specimens of vegetable life peculiar to tropical Queensland. According to the last statistical register its population consisted of 6000 inhabitants, but the immense mineral discoveries in the district have caused a large accession to our numbers. The climate is healthy, and the rate of mortality low. Maryborough is tolerably well found in the matter of public and private buildings. Independently of Government buildings—such as Custom-house, Court-house, Post-cum-Telegraph Office, and so on—a large and handsome block of buildings, intended for the Lands and Works departments, is in process of erection by the Government.

There are eight or nine distinct religious denominations, of whom five have special places of worship, the handsomest specimen of church architecture being the Catholic Church.

The town possesses a well appointed and supported School of Arts, containing an extensive and varied library, and a healthily situated and convenient hospital surrounded with pretty plantations, and furnished with all necessary appliances for the relief of a much larger number of patients than are usually to be found there.

There are two public schools, the Primary and the Catholic non-vested School, the returns from which show a very large attendance, and testify to the value of the free system of education prevailing in Queensland, and to the public appreciation of the worth of our local teachers.

The Freemasons, Oddfellows, Band of Hope, Good Templars, Sons of Temperance, and other societies, are well represented, and keep up the working of their respective orders with much spirit.

Seven miles below the town, at Dundathu, Messrs. Pettigrew and Sim have a very extensive saw-mill, which trades with the ports lying north and south of us; within a mile of the town Messrs. Wilson and Bartholomew have a similar establishment, which carries on a large trade with Sydney; and Messrs. Pettigrew and Sim have another establishment in Maryborough, known as the Union Saw Mills. The melancholy death of Mr. W. Sim, through the fall of a log from a railway truck, at Tin Can Bay, on the 18th of November last, has caused a temporary suspension of business at the Dundathu and Union Saw Mills. At date of publication of this almanac, however, operations at both had been resumed with vigor. The discovery of extensive copper-fields in the Wide Bay and Burnett district caused during the year 1872 an enormous influx of capital and population to the district. Unfortunately, it likewise gave rise to much over-speculation, followed by its inevitable sequel, an excessive depression of all mining interests, which has not yet passed away. The prosperity of the town rests, however, on so firm a basis that this trying ordeal has hardly at all affected its progress. Brighter days seem now to be dawning on our mines, and when the era of speculation shall have completely passed away, and that of steady work become established, Maryborough will speedily take rank with the principal shipping ports of Australia, for the extent and value of her intercolonial and foreign trade.

THE HISTORY OF MARYBOROUGH.

In attempting a sketch of the rise and progress of Maryborough, from the dawn of civilized settlement within the district, we have to rely, in a great measure, on the personal reminiscences of its early pioneers. The first regular explorer of the Wide Bay district was probably Mr. H. S. Russell, late of Cecil Plains station, Darling Downs, but now residing in England, to whom we are indebted for the following information. Mr. Russell arrived in Moreton Bay in the year 1842, in the same steamer that brought Governor Gipps of N. S. Wales on a visit made for the purpose of proclaiming the Moreton district a free settlement. He had, before this time, being in search of further run for stock, decided upon the purchase of a small craft wherein to examine the coast to the north of Moreton Bay, for the mouth of a river supposed to be navigable, which is said to fall into what is now called Wide —but then, White—Bay. A fellow-passenger by the Shamrock, a Mr. Jolliffe, of the Navy, joined in the proposal. The Hon. Walter Wrottesley was also one of the party.

At this time, the late Mr. Petrie, then Superintendant of Government Works at Brisbane, the discoverer of the "Araucaria Bidwellii," or Bunya Bunya pine, had reported on that timber, and the value of its seed-cones to the blacks as an article of food, and had represented the hostility which would be excited against the whites, if these trees were touched by timber cutters. In order to gain more information about the district, to which it was supposed to be confined, on the Morouchidor (river of Swans), the Governor gave instructions to Mr Petrie to examine that river, known to run into the sea a few miles north of Bribie Island, and as much of the country upon its banks as he could. Mr. Russell joined this expedition on the understanding that the party should afterwards proceed northward, and assist him to carry out his own purpose. They had a wretched boat called the Commandant's Gig, 32 feet long, pulling 7 oars, and manned by 7 prisoners.

The attempt to enter the Morouchidor failed: the surf on the bar forbade it. Coasting along northwards, they reached what they supposed to be Hervey's Bay, landed, and stayed there some days, in order to seek out a white man long spoken of as having been many years with the blacks. He came into camp; his name was Bracefield, called by the natives "Wandi." He spoke the languages of four different tribes. From the southern headland of this Bay, which was named "Bracefield's Heads," they took bearings of mountains inland to the northward and westward, called by the natives Mandan, (which bore further to the south of west), Carura, Coollimew, Coura, Yuro-Yuro, Eirangi, and Boppol, which were the most remarkable.

About 30 miles north of this spot, they came to a headland from which Boppol bore N.W. It was here that Brown, mate of the Stirling Castle, wrecked many years before on Fraser's Island (so called after Captain Frazer, who was wrecked and murdered here, and hitherto called Great Sandy Island) had been murdered; it was named "Brown's Cape." After this murder, Bracefield, at that time living with the blacks, had escaped with and brought close to the new penal settlement at Brisbane, the surviving Mrs. Fraser, widow of the murdered Captain, whom he then left, and returned to the aborigines.

On the 9th of May they passed over a sandspit through the southern entrance into Wide Bay. Landed on a beautiful beach on the mainland. After being much puzzled by shoals and islets, they discovered from the high land of Frazer's Island the entrance into the Morrobocoola—now called the

Mary River; camped on the night of the 11th on the northern point—now the "township" of Bingham.

Ascended the river till the 14th, when they passed over some shallow falls (probably Eaton's falls); landed on the right bank a short distance above them, and camped for the night; Boppol some few miles higher up. Here they fell in with many blacks, on the way to the Bunya district; among them found another white man, James Davis, of Glasgow, called by the natives "Durrumboi." This man afterwards settled as a blacksmith in Brisbane. Bracefield was killed by a falling tree shortly after his return, at Woogaroo, on the river Brisbane.

In this year, guided by Davis, Mr. Jolliffe occupied country near Wide Bay with sheep belonging to Mr. John Eales, of the Hunter River. Mr. Last shortly afterwards took charge of the station, from which he subsequently retired after great loss in sheep and men. A wild bullock, unbranded, alone, drove them out of the shed on the occasion of their first shearing. They shot it from the roof on which they had taken refuge.

In September, 1847, George Furber of Ipswich came overland and took possession of one of Eales' deserted sheep stations called Girkum, a place opposite the old township, and near to where Rose Hill is situated. He here opened in December a store and the colonial grog shanty. While digging a post hole Furber was attacked by a black who clave his skull nearly in two with a broad axe. Astonishing to relate, the poor fellow rode to Brisbane for medical aid suffering intense agony. And to the surprise of all, he recovered. A few years afterwards he met with an untimely end by the treacherous natives using a similar instrument. His grave and tombstone bear witness to the rapacity of the blacks, and the terrible danger surrounding the early settlers.

The squatters in the locality during this year were the late J. D. Mactaggart at Kilkivan, Messrs. Lawless Brothers at Booubyjan, Hawkins at Boonara, Richard Jones at Baramba, H. C. Corfield at Gigoomgan, Perrier Brothers at Degilbo, Humphreys and Herbert at Ban Ban, Dr. Ramsay at Cockatoo. These were about the sum total, and had only lately taken up the different runs. At this time a small cutter, the "Aurora," of 12 tons burden, traded between Brisbane and the south bank of the river. In April, 1848, this vessel arrived from Brisbane with tripods and a number of men which were landed at Furber's location, for the purpose of boiling down a lot of Barambah sheep afflicted with catarrh. A person named Clements was in charge of the party, and J. D.

Walker—the father of our present respected J. G. Walker—was at the head of the coopering department. A boiling-down establishment was soon set up, and the sheep—1500 in number—were sent in two flocks, one of them being in charge of Mr. G. A. Watson. These sheep were soon after depastured at Owanyilla, or as it was then called, Cooper's Plains. Our well known and esteemed colonist Mr. E. T. Aldridge, having left Brisbane for the Wide Bay, crossed from the south bank of the Mary to the north on the 4th June, 1848, and settled at Baddow, close to the place now known as the old township, being the first white settler on this, the north side of the river. His party consisted of Enoch Rudder, jun., John Meyers, William Fitzgerald, and a blackboy Tommy, from Gigoomgan, on leaving the station they passed Mr. R. E. Palmer, who, with his brother, Mr. Henry Palmer, were resting their flocks at Merodian. The first named gentleman asked permission to join Mr. Aldridge's party. Upon his return with the blackboy to Gigoomgan both himself and his brother followed down and arrived a fortnight afterwards. In passing, we might mention that during the wool season of '48, no fewer than 1400 bales of wool were shipped from the wharf at the old township. As many as six schooners and brigs were at one time loading and unloading at this place, which for several successive years during the wool seasons presented a lively and bustling scene of activity, while at one time the township could boast of a population of 350 persons. A moderate flood occurred in 1847, and floods visited the district in 1857, '63, '64, and '70. At other times nothing more than freshes occurred.

The first Commissioner was Mr. Bidwell; the first C.P.S. Mr. Jamieson; Chief Constable, Macadams; Church of England Minister, Rev. Edward Tanner,; Surgeon, Dr. O'Neil; Surveyor, Mr. Labatt. This latter gentleman rendered himself obnoxious to all the residents in the place. Threatening to make the then township a cornfield in less than twelve months and that he would drive all the people to occupy the land he had selected as a township (the present site) he made use of his influence and position to carry out his scheme. For this purpose he made all roads impracticable, cut up improvements, reserves, and allotments, to the loss and detriment of everyone; and eventually, after years of toil and fighting accomplished his purpose of removing the inhabitants to where Maryborough now stands, which was then composed chiefly of dense scrub. Mr. E. B. Uhr had a boiling-down establishment erected on the present wharf

reserve about this time, and shortly afterwards Mr. J. D. Walker had a similar establishment on the site where the present morgue is erected.

The steamer "William Miskin" in 1854 discharged cargo at the old township, and was the first steam vessel to come up our noble river. During the year 1852 the first land sale was held. Soon the town increased in buildings, and although scenes of dissipation and drunken orgies incidental to all new places constantly took place, yet, order and knowledge increased, and on March 6, 1860, appeared the *Wide Bay and Burnett Times*, the first newspaper published in these parts, by Thomas White, now of Mount Perry. This was succeeded by the *Maryborough Chronicle and Wide Bay and Burnett Advertiser* on November 21, 1860.

We must not omit to mention that the first blacksmith was J. O'Neil; butcher, P. Byrnes; baker, our present J. Macpherson; saddler, J. Scanlon; vegetable seller, G. Furber; cattle and dairyman, J. Cleary; shoemaker, S. Arnold; the first woman was Mrs. Furber; the second, Mrs. Harwood.

The progress made in buildings and improvements was very slow up to 1857; the administration of justice took place in a wooden humpy that stood near Ululah Creek, a few yards to the left of the present bridge. In this year, however, by dint of application and remonstrances, the Government in Sydney voted the sum of £1000 for the erection of a Court House and Lock-up. The present Court House and the adjacent cottage were built out of that vote. The Court House has subsequently been enlarged, and the Lock-up referred to has since been metamorphosed into the Chief Constable's quarters. The Court House was the first—and for some time the only—brick building in Maryborough.

In the same year—1857—the parsonage was commenced, if not quite finished, and absurd as it may now appear was regarded as a remarkable architectural achievement, being so much in advance of anything then existing.

At the commencement of 1856 steps were taken to establish a Hospital, but from various causes little or no progress was made. In October of that year we find it was resolved to request the Rev. J. L. Dodd—then incumbent at Maryborough—to preach a sermon quarterly in aid of the funds of the Institution, but we do not find any mention of any result thereof. These meetings appear to have been held by the original promoters, terminating with a resolution under date, April 28, 1859, "That in consequence of the little progress which has, from unforeseen difficulties, been made, the meeting deem it better to commence *de novo*." And the proceedings

resulting from the *de novo* appear to have been satisfactory, as, shortly after a cottage was rented, and the hospital got into working order. That it has worked successfully, the present buildings amply bear witness. Year after year has its value been proved by those who have had need to avail themselves of its privileges; and year by year the buildings have continued to be enlarged and improved. And we trust it will long continue to flourish, and be an ornament to the town, as well as a benefit to those whom accident or necessity may compel to require its advantages.

In the year 1861 was "built" the School of Arts, as its inscription testifies. Its progress has also been satisfactory. At the present time it contains a Library of which the town may be proud, although of course, it will bear no comparison with what are usually understood as Libraries. The Library and a reading room so far constitute its advantages. We hope with the growth of the district to find this Institution expand, and to supply all the means of information and usefulness that similar institutions are calculated to afford.

We have already mentioned that settlement commenced from the South. The value of the port, however, soon became recognised, and a large export trade in timber sprang up. In the year 1853 Mr. J. G. Walker built on the river a good schooner called the "Blue Jacket," afterwards wrecked. The timber trade fluctuated very considerably while it depended on the export trade. In 1861 Messrs. Gladwell and Greathead started the first saw mill. Afterwards they were followed by Messrs. Pettigrew and Co., at Dundathu, and the timber trade is now a large and well recognised industry. For several years the trade of Maryborough was confined to Sydney. With Separation in 1859 Maryborough was declared a port of entry, and a Sub-Collector was appointed, the trade, however, was small, and for some time the whole business was done by Mr. Sheridan, single handed, the Custom House being then what is now the kitchen of the Melbourne Hotel. In 1861 the present Custom House was erected, and it was then considered to afford ample room for the bonding of dutiable goods, as well as for the transaction of other business. The introduction of ad valorem duties compelled the Government to provide increased accommodation, at first of a temporary character; the buildings of the Immigration Barracks at one time being used for the purpose, and later, in the new Bonded Store near the wharf.

In 1865 Maryborough suffered severely in common with the rest of the colony from a commercial panic, and for a while

presented a most doleful appearance. New life was imparted by the finding of gold at Gympie in the month of October, 1867. Since then various other goldfields have been discovered, all of more or less value to Maryborough. The discovery of copper in the district was no new thing; its existence had long been known. The Mount Perry Mining Company was, however, the first practical development this industry received. We are not writing statistics, and therefore do not purpose to give the value in figures of gold exported since 1857. Copper mining is in its infancy, but we can venture to predict that it insures for the future a position in which no rival need be feared.

Since the first faltering beginnings of cane cultivation in 1864 and 1865, the sugar industry has made gigantic strides; for more than twenty miles up the river the dense jungle that once clothed its banks has made way for luxuriant plantations of the orange, green or purple cane, amd a round dozen of sugar factories, most of them furnished with the most improved modern appliances for converting the juice into sugar, are grinding wealth to the owners and prosperity to the district. Sugar, of native growth, but a few years ago admired as a curiosity, now forms one of the principal exports of the port of Maryborough.

We have already mentioned that the trade was for several years confined to Brisbane, It was not till 1859 that steam communication between Maryborough, Brisbane, and Rockhampton was opened. In that year the Australasian Steam Navigation Company placed the "Tamar" on the line under the command of Captain Cottier. This boat was so old and unfit for the trade that the "Clarence" was subsequently put in her place. That trade has so increased that, as our readers are aware, it is no unusual sight to see three or four steamers and sailing vessels all in harbor together.

Maryborough formed part of the most northern electorate of New South Wales, and was represented by Messrs. Elliott and Walsh in the Sydney Parliament at the time of Separation. Separation caused various political changes, Maryborough at every change getting some additional advantage, and becoming at every step more individualised as an electorate. Under the last Electoral Act, Maryborough may be said to return her own member.

GYMPIE.

THE Gympie Gold-field forms an important part of the Wide Bay District, and is the principal auriferous tract yet discovered in that part of the colony. The first discovery of gold

by James Nash in October, 1867, is well known. and may be considered a very important event in the history of Queensland. Gympie, like the large majority of gold-fields, was primarily attractive to the "wandering digger," on account of its alluvial deposits of gold; but it has since taken a prominent place amongst the reefing districts of Australasia, and is still considered the "premier" gold-field of Queensland. The first golden reef—the Lady Mary—was discovered by Messrs. Pollock and Lawrence in November, 1869, and similar lucky finds followed in rapid succession, Since that time the attention of mining circles in the colonies has frequently been attracted by the heavy yields from Gympie quartz; were the reefs generally wide in proportion to their permanency and richness, the goldfield would be able to brave comparison with any other yet discovered. Up to the end of April, 1873, no less a quantity than 302,275 ozs. 6 dwts. 5 grs., or over 9 tons 8 cwts. avoirdupois weight of gold has been transmitted from Gympie by the regular escorts; about 900 ounces additional may fairly be credited to the goldfield for gold sent away by private hands, Until within the last year or two mining operations were carried on generally on what is termed the "backing system;" but during the "mining mania" of 1872 a number of L. L. Companies were floated, some of which are still in operation.

The town of Gympie and the One Mile township, contain between five and six thousand inhabitants; but there is a large population of farmers, &c., settling in the surrounding district, especially in the locality of Newsa River. The principal institutions are: the Hospital, the Gympie School of Arts, the One Mile Miners' Institute, Local Mining Court, National School, Mining Exchange, etc. The places of worship are numerous, well built, and well supported. The most prominent are, St. Peter's (Anglican) and St. Patrick's (R.C.), both handsome, picturesquely situated, structures. The saw-mills of Messrs. Ferguson and Co., in the centre of the town, support an important and profitable industry. Places of amusement are represented by the Theatre Royal and the Apollonian Hall; and an unusually large number—even for Queensland—of hotels and public-houses cater for the refreshment of a thirsty and well-to-do mining community. The quartz crushing machines are four in number, the principal, and the only one in constant work, being that belonging to the Gympie Quartz Crushing Company, one of the most complete in the Australian colonies, driving 40 head of stampers, having a high reputation for its gold saving qualities and constantly in full work. The other machines

are: the Victoria, the Enterprise, and the United, all three the property of the Queensland Quartz Crushing Company. They are situated on the One Mile or Deep Creek; but, at least two of them, would be far more usefully and profitably engaged on the opposite side of the river, where numerous and rich reefs exist, which the want of proximity to a mill alone prevents being worked.

MR. JAMES NASH'S ACCOUNT OF THE DISCOVERY OF THE GYMPIE GOLD-FIELD.

I INTENDED to prospect along the track as far as Maryborough, as I had gone all the way from Nanango, and if I got nothing, to go to Gin Gin, about which I had heard good accounts. If unsuccessful, then I intended to go to the Calliope diggings, where I had worked formerly. I arrived at Traveston that afternoon, and next morning was put on the Maryborough track by Mr. Best. On crossing the creek which bears my name, I saw a likely-looking gully, and seeing water about fifteen yards from the track, decided upon trying a prospect from the gully, as I had from many others that morning. The first dish went a few grains, and the second a little better. Encouraged by this, I determined upon giving it a further trial; so, after unpacking the horse and getting my dinner, I returned to work. That afternoon I got about ten pennyweights, and by five next evening had obtained an ounce and five pennyweights of gold. After supper I set out for Maryborough, which I reached on the evening of the second day, and sold the gold to Mr. Southerden. . . . After selling the gold I returned alone, remained on Nash's Creek six days, obtained about sixty-two ounces of gold, and then went to Maryborough again, and from thence to Brisbane by steamer. On the way I became acquainted with Malcolm, and invited him to return with me. In Brisbane I sold the gold to Flavelle Brothers. A gentleman in the shop (I think it was Mr. Walsh, the member), asked me where it came from, and I replied, "Up North." In a few days I returned to Maryborough, taking with me a horse and cart, and reported the find about 16th October, 1867.

THE NEWSA DISTRICT.

The following account of this district is abridged from a pamphlet descriptive of the Governor's Visit to Gympie in April, 1873:—

The Newsa River lies about 18 miles east from Gympie, "as the crow flies," and embraces a tract of country about 50 miles along the coast, by about 20 in width, abounding in useful timber of magnificent growth—Cedar, Kauric-pine,

Hoop-pine, Cypress-pine, Beech, Ash, Tulip, Yellow-wood, and all the hardwoods. Some of the Kaurie-pines grow to an immense size; six feet in diameter is a common size, and they are occasionally found over 30 feet in circumference at the butt, and as straight as a gun-barrel for 90 and 100 feet without a limb.

The river, as wide as the Brisbane, empties into Laguna Bay, which is situated about midway between the Brisbane River Bar and that of Wide Bay. The Heads consist, on the north of high sand dunes, and on the south of a bold rocky headland, stretching out in an easterly direction a distance of four miles from the bay. Passing up from the bay, the river takes a westerly course for about three miles, and then turns almost due north, running parallel with the sea to its source, a distance of 30 miles, and only separated from the Ocean by the line of sand hills which form the northern shores of the bay, and in no place along its route more than a mile and a half from the sea. For about 15 miles it has an average depth of from 10 or 15 feet, and, passing through several fine lakes, has a most picturesque character.

Teewantin, the township of the Newsa district, is situated three miles from the bay, on a long neck of high ground, bounded on the north by Mr. Ward's selection and the river, where it takes its bend downwards, forming a fine open sheet of water, and on the south by Duanella Lake, a sheet of water about three miles in circumference. There are as yet few houses at Teewantin, although the greater number of the allotments are sold. The most prominent are the Post Office, and Keyser's, the fisherman's, at both of which places travellers can obtain accommodation. The country about Teewantin is flat for three or four miles back, but the scenery is rendered picturesque by the high ridges and mountains forming the back-ground. The view from the river opposite the township is very pretty, and foliage reaching everywhere to the water's edge.

Near the Bar is Wyba Creek, which runs into Wyba Lake, the location of the Aboriginal Mission, now abandoned. This creek abounds in oysters, on which the blacks feed, as shown by the large mounds of shells accumulated on the banks of the river.

A little below Teewantin are large timber-yards and a wharf for shipping, belonging to Messrs. M'Ghie, Luya and Co., of Elanda Point Saw Mills, Lake Coutharaba. About two and a-half miles above Teewantin, on the course of the river, is Lake Cooralaby, two square miles in extent, and five miles higher up Lake Coutharaba, the chief of the Newsa lakes,

estimated to be from ten to fifteen miles long and four to eight miles wide, a fine sheet of water, with numerous bays and inlets, and nothing to impede the navigation. Running inland, from the west side of this lake, is Colothin Creek, where there are a number of settlers, who are engaged in planting sugar-cane and tobacco, for which the land is admirably adapted. The Elanda Point Saw Mills and surrounding industrial village, form the principal centre of population in the district. Store, butcher's shop, and other necessities of a large establishment are there to be found. About two miles from the mill is the station, also owned by the proprietors, on the King King Creek, from which the cattle required for consumption are obtained.

GAYNDAH.

GAYNDAH is situated about ninety miles from Maryborough, on the Burnett River, and is one of the oldest provincial towns in Queensland, having been established for nearly a quarter of a century. At one time it was one of the most important towns in the colony; but, owing to the withdrawal of sheep from the district, its prosperity has to a certain extent fallen away. For salubrity of climate it would be difficult to find its equal in this direction. It supports a Roman Catholic Chapel, which is a very neat brick building and quite an ornament to the town, under the cure of Father Rossolini. The Episcopalians have no place of worship; but under the incumbency of the late pastor, the Rev. Mr. Alkin, divine service used to be celebrated in the Court-house, which is also used as a School of Arts, being well adapted for this purpose, and a very creditable building. The police magistrate and clerk of petty sessions is Mr. Ranken, late gold commissioner at Cania; and Mr. John Connolly is commissioner for affidavits, and registrar of births, deaths, and marriages. The town supports a branch of the Commercial Bank of Sydney, under the management of Mr. J. M'Killop. The post-cum-telegraph office is also a very neat building, the duties in connection with which are efficiently discharged by Mr. Charles Smith. There is a very nice national school-house, under the control of Mr. John Ryder. There are five stores, a saddler's shop, two blacksmiths' forges, three bootmakers' shops, and several hotels. Gayndah was formerly one of the most sporting towns in the colony, where the Queensland Jockey Club flourished for years. This institution is now in abeyance, but it is to be hoped it may revive its pristine vigor. By the last census the population of Gayndah came up to six hundred, but the attractions held out by the Mount Perry, Rawbelle,

and Ban Ban mines have caused a considerable falling off in that number. There is some splendid agricultural soil about the town ; and the capacity of the surrounding district to grow wheat of excellent quality has been shown, experimentally, during the current season, although the weather was by no means as favorable as could be desired. It is contemplated to put in a considerable breadth of this cereal, during the coming autumn, from the seed thus raised.

Naturalists will be interested to learn that the lately discovered fish-like reptilian, the *Ceratodus Forsteri*, one of the supposed living relics of a by-gone geological age, has been caught here, as well as in the tributaries of the Upper Mary River.

A tannery, the property of Mr. Carl Driessen, lies about a mile and a half from the town, from which first-class leather has been turned out.

BUNDABERG.

THIS town is situated on the Burnett River, about twelve miles from its embouchure. At spring tides there are seventeen feet of water on the bar, and at half-tide vessels drawing nine feet have been known to come up to Bundaberg. The river is nearly twice as broad as the Mary, and vessels experience no difficulty in working up the stream. The first men who took up land on the river about five years ago, were Messrs. J. and G. Steuart, who selected that portion of the country known as North Bundaberg. There are six stores, five hotels, four blacksmiths' forges, School of Arts, which is also used as a place of worship by the principal religious denominations, There are also butchers' shops, shoemakers', and other places of business essential to the welfare of the community. The soil is eminently favorable to agricultural pursuits, and it is estimated that no less than 1000 acres of cane will be under cultivation this year, besides corn and potatoes. The timber trade is a matter of some consequence to Bundaberg. It is estimated at the present rate of demand it will last for many years longer.

A saw mill has been erected by Mr. S. Johnson, at North Bundaberg, of large capacity, to which is now being added a planing machine.

About twenty miles above Bundaberg is a timbering and agricultural settlement of some extent. A large area of excellent scrub soil has attracted a good number of settlers, who find profitable labor in sending the timber growing on their selections down to the saw-mill, and are also clearing large patches of land for sugar-cane and corn. Some twenty acres of the

former are nowplanted as a nursery for the next season's planting.

Seven hundred acres of land, showing positive indications of coal, have been taken up by Messrs. Walker and Elwood, by whom a very promising seam has lately been struck, and it is understood that the A.S.N. Company have agreed to make Bundaberg a coaling depot, if the proprietors can supply two hundred and fifty tons a month.

Although Bundaberg has received somewhat of a check during the past year by the depressed and disorganised state of the mining interests at Mount Perry, which has prevented the shipment of the expected large quantities of copper and regulus; the surrounding district has resources within itself which must ultimately secure to the township a large share of activity and prosperity as a shipping port. The sugar industry has made great strides during the past year, and large quantities of sugar of excellent quality are being produced at the mills of Messrs. R. Palmer and J. and G. Steuart.

There is no school at present, but subscriptions are being raised to establish a school at North Bundaberg, under the Board of Education. Upwards of £100 have been promised. At South Bundaberg a movement is also on foot to open a non-vested school, for which a good sum has been raised.

MOUNT PERRY.

THE twin townships of Fife-Barnett and Tenningering, usually going under the collective name of Mount Perry, occupy the upper portion of a valley on the west side of the mountain bearing the same name, the culminating point of the mountain system which extends northward from the Burnett up to Dawes Range, and the centre of the rich mineral district that surrounds it. The town derives its importance from the numerous mines in its vicinity, and, though somewhat irregularly laid out and unattractive in appearance, is a place of considerable trade, and furnished with all the necessary appliances of civilisation. A School of Arts is on the point of being established. There is a Primary School, under the charge of Mr. Douglas, and an Oddfellows' Lodge has recently been opened. The population fluctuates according to the greater or less measure of success attending the working of the various mines. It has somewhat fallen off of late, and may be estimated just now at about one thousand. Nearly an equal number are located in the neighborhood, in the small mining villages of Wolca, Boolboonda, and others that spring up wherever mines are being worked. Of the numerous companies formed during the period of mining excitement in the year 1872, only six are in

actual operation at present: the Mount Perry, the Normanby, the Fortunatus, the Edina, the Boolboonda, and Wolca; of which only the three first are considered to have reached the permanent stage. Others, as the Victoria and the Ellendale, are in abeyance; while the working of the Potosi and Moolboolaman has been definitively abandoned by their shareholders. Under these circumstances there is not much to be said for the immediate future of Mount Perry, although it is agreed on all hands that nothing but a sufficiency of capital is needed in order to push each and all of the above mines from the experimental into the reproductive and self-supporting stage of development, and to place the mining industry of this rich district on a healthy and permanent footing.

The Rev. J. F. Orr (Wesleyan) is the only settled minister at Mount Perry. Occasional services are held by other of the principal denominations, and a weekly newspaper, the *Mount Perry Mail*, is published, usually on Thursday.

A steam saw mill, erected by Luscombe Brothers, now worked by Martin and Co., on the Government township, generally known as the town of Tenningering, and the value of this new industry is properly appreciated and well encouraged by all the mining proprietors in the district. The greatest obstacle to communication between Mount Perry and Maryborough, the passage of the Burnett River, has recently been overcome by the construction of a capital ford, or causeway, at the "Mingo crossing," subsidiary to which a large ferry punt has been placed on an adjacent reach, thereby enabling drays to cross without interruption in any weather, wet or dry.

NANANGO.

NANANGO is a township of long standing, though small proportions, situated on Sandy Creek, a tributary of Barambah Creek, immediately west of the Main Range, which affords much picturesque scenery. The population is about 130. There is a good Primary School, and an Anglican Church and Roman Catholic Chapel are in course of erection. It supports two hotels, and "the powers that be" are enforced by means of a Court House, Police Station, and Lock-up. The resident Police Magistrate is A. Lee, Esq., who acts likewise in the manifold capacities of C.P.S., Savings Bank Officer, Commissioner for Affidavits, Land Agent, etc. Nanango is the centre of a large and important pastoral district, but there is abundance of good agricultural land in the neighbourhood. Copper has been found near Toromeo station, and several shafts sunk; gold, likewise, of very fine quality, has been unearthed in various parts of the surrounding district.

GLADSTONE.

Although not comprised within the limits of the Wide Bay and Burnett district, Gladstone is so closely connected with it by industrial and commercial ties, that a brief account of "the future metropolis of Queensland" will doubtless be acceptable. Gladstone is a picturesquely situated village of between 400 and 500 inhabitants, with an excellent harbour, one of the best—if not the best on the Australian coast. Although insignificant in point of size and population, it is the centre of a considerable trade with the surrounding mining and pastoral districts, and is one of the few ports at which cattle can be conveniently placed, in numbers, on board a vessel. Hence arises a regular trade with New Caledonia, which annually requires a large number of cattle for stock as well as consumption, and as the purchases are all made on account of the French Government and the payments are secure, the trade is a source of considerable profit. The country around Gladstone is highly mineralized, and mining promises ere long, to become the chief industry of the district. Even within the limits of the township itself, large deposits of oxyde of manganese exist, which may hereafter, when the manufacture of iron shall have taken its place among Australian industries, be worked to a profit. Gladstone is a municipality; the present Council consisting of six members; Mr. Jas. Hawthorne, (Mayor), and Messrs. E. M'Collim, C. C. Breslen, F. Smith, M. Regan, and J. Hopkins, Aldermen. Town Clerk, W. Higgins.

There is a School of Arts, the head quarters of which is at the Town Hall; and governed by a President, (His Honor D. Judge Hirst), a Vice-President, (Mr. W. B. Prizeman), and a committee of six.

There are three Schools—the Primary School, Mr. R. Harvey, master, and Miss E. Taylor, mistress; the Roman Catholic School, belonging to the Sisters of St. Joseph; and a Private School, kept by Miss Fisher.

The Anglican, Presbyterian, and Roman Catholic denominations have places of worship, served, respectively, by the Rev. J. J. Warr, (C.E.), the Rev. A. A. Laing, (P.C.), and the very Rev. Dean Murley, visiting (R.C.)

The following is a list of the Government and Judicial officials resident in Gladstone:—

Judge of the Northern District Court, His Honor H. A. Hirst, Sea View House, Gladstone; Sub-Collector of Customs, Police Magistrate and Harbor Master, C. W. Rich; Gold Commissioner, Land Agent, and Clerk of Petty Sessions, George White; Commissioner of Crown Lands, A. J. Richardson, Rock-

hampton; Acting ditto, the Police Magistrate, Gladstone; Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, J. I. Powe; Police Sergeant, R. R. Ware; Constables, Lowry and Joyner; Gold Commissioner's Trooper, John Rhodes; Commissioners of Affidavits, the Clerk of Petty Sessions and J. I. Powe; Post Mistress, M. J. Hetherington; Telegraph Master, J. Eldridge; Line Repairer, A. Wiggins: Pilot, David Williams, Tide Waiter and Locker, George Clarke; Post Mistress, Calliope, M. A. Sutherland.

The following public companies and industries have their head-quarters at or near Gladstone :—

Gladstone Salt Works, Barney Point.—Manager, J. I. Wills; Secretary, T. I. Bloomfield; Office, at the Works.

Boyne Quartz Crushing Company.—Works, Brennan's Flat; Manager, Jas. M'Dougall; Secretary, W. Higgins; Office, Town Hall.

New Calliope Gold Mining Company.—Works, Nuggetty Gully; Manager, T. H. Ford; Secretary, Jas. Robertson; Office, Maryborough.

Mounts Alma and Harper Copper Mining Company—Works, Kroombit; Office, Pitt-street, Sydney; Manager, J. Elworthy.

Great Blackall Copper Mining Company.—Works, Cariboo; Manager, J. North; Offices, Sydney and Cariboo.

Meat Extract and Boiling-down Establishment, Baffle Creek, Robertson Brothers.—Manager, Thomas Robertson.

IMMIGRANTS FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM. — In 1872, 295,213 persons left the United Kingdom as emigrants, viz :—

To United States	233,747
South Australia	15,876
New Zealand	6,616
Victoria	5,269
Queensland	2,380
New South Wales	1,102
British North America	32,205
Ontario and Quebec	29,984
Nova Scotia	2,043
West Indies	2,231
India	1,841
Straits Settlements	76
Central and South America	6,411
Cape of Good Hope	1,456
Natal	386
China	349
Japan	13
Western Africa, St. Helena and Madeira	290
Malta	141
The Falklands	64
Mexico	63
Mauritius	56
Eastern Africa	7
Aden	1

STATIONS IN THE WIDE BAY AND BURNETT DISTRICTS.

BURRUNDOWAN.

THIS was the first station occupied in the Burnett district discovered by H. S. Russell, subsequently possessed by Philip Friel, Esq., G. Sandeman, and now by Towns and Co., distance from Gayndah, 80 miles, situate on the head of the Boyne.

BOONDOOMA.

First occupied by the Messrs. Lawson, in 1846, the discoverers; possessed by them for many years, but now by Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; distance from Gayndah 60 miles, situate on the Boyne.

MUNDUBBERRA.

First occupied by the discoverer H. P. Bouverie, in 1848, subsequently by Perkins and Netterfield, now, by M. G. Knox; distance from Gayndah, 25 miles, situate on the Boyne and Burnett Rivers.

COORANGA.

First occupied by the Messrs. Strathdee, in 1848, the discoverers, possessed by them ever since; distance from Gayndah, 20 miles, situate on the Boyne.

WIGTON AND ARAUBANGA.

First occupied by Mocatta and Pigott, in 1849, subsequently possessed by D. Graham, now, by Prince and Ogg; distance from Gayndah, 30 miles, situate on tributaries of the Boyne.

BOONARA.

First occupied by the discoverer Edward Hawkins, about 1846. He went to California, and was drowned; subsequently possessed by his brother; then by a Dane named Bertholdsen who sold to the present proprietors, Messrs. Jones; distance from Nanago and Gayndah, each 50 miles, situate on the Barambah. Eighteen miles south is

BARAMBAH.

Occupied about 1842 or 3, first by Mr. Richard Jones, in whose family it has ever since remained in possession, with the addition of Mr. Clapperton, who bought in a year or two ago; distance from Gayndah, 69 miles, situate on the Barambah creek. Twelve miles north of Boonara is

BOOUBYJAN.

First occupied about 1845, by the discoverers, Messrs. Lawless. Present occupant, Mr. C. F. Lawless. Distance from Gayndah, 40 miles. Situated on the Barambah.

TAABINGA.

First occupied by the Messrs. Haly, in 1846, the discoverers. Possessed still by Mr. C. R. Haly. Distance from Gayndah, ninety-five miles. Situate on the Stuart and the heads of the Barambah.

TOONDOONGANANINGY.

First occupied, in 1848, by Messrs. Strathdee. Afterwards possessed by John Sidney and J. M. Plummer ; now by Messrs. Travis and Co. Distance from Gayndah, 40 miles, Situate on Toondoongananingy and Cadarga Creeks.

BROVINIA.

First occupied by the discoverer, Percival Stephen, in 1846. Subsequently possessed by P. Button (who committed suicide there), D. Coutts, Alexander, Williams and Allies, and now by Gilchrist, Watt and Co. Situate on Brovinia and Cadarga Creeks. Distance from Gayndah, 45 miles. Fifteen miles east of Boonara is

KILKIVAN

Sheep and Cattle Station. First occupied by the late J. D. Mactaggart, now in the hands of his Trustees. 32 miles west of Boonara is

MONDURE.

First occupied by Mr. R. Jones, about 1844 ; subsequently by Capt. W. O'Connell, his son-in-law, and now possessed by Messrs. M'Ewen and Green. Distance from Gayndah, 42 miles. Situate on the Barambah.

MANUMBAR AND TOONCUL

is situated 40 miles south-east of Boonara, first occupied by Ferriter and Jones, and is now a cattle station. Owner, John Mortimer.

CANIA

Sheep and Cattle Station. Owned by B. B. and G. C. Ridler. Situate on Three Moon Creek, 85 miles from Gayndah, 67 from Mount Perry, and 22 from the Great Blackall Copper Mine. There are gold diggings on this station, but are now nearly

deserted. Three Moon Creek runs through a remarkable gorge, between the station and the diggings. For a short distance there are cliffs over 400 feet in height. A weekly mail passes this station from Mount Perry to the Blackall, passing Yarrol, 40 miles from Mount Perry, Cannindah, 12 from Yarrol. Other stations in the neighborhood, Milton, Dalgangal (50 miles from Gayndah), Kroombit, and

RAWBELLE.

First occupied, in 1848, by the discoverer, Mr. Trevethan, who, with a Mr. Street, was there murdered by the blacks. Subsequently possessed by Mort and Berry, M'Lean and Burt, the Queensland Sheep Investment Company, and now by Mr. M'Bean. Distance from Gayndah 80 miles. Situate on the heads of the Burnett.

EIDSVOLD.

First occupied by the discoverers, in 1848, Messrs. Archer, possessed by them for many years, and now by the Messrs. Ivory. Distance from Gayndah, 50 miles. Situate on the Burnett.

REDBANK AND ROCKEY BAR.

First occupied in 1849, by Mr John Ross and family, possessed by them many years; distance from Gayndah 70 miles, situate on the Auburn.

DYKEHEAD

First occupied by Mr. Robert Fleming, in 1846, afterwards possessed by Mr. Thomas Croker, and now by Messrs. Morehead and Co.; distance from Gayndah 48 miles, situate on the Auburn.

HAWKWOOD

First occupied by the discoverer, Mr. John Kinchela, in 1846, subsequently possessed by Messrs. Prior, Thomas Jopp (who was drowned there), and now by Mr. Hooper; distance from Gayndah, 60 miles; situate on the Auburn.

YERILLA

First occupied by Mr. W. A. Thayne, subsequently by Benson, Wood, and Carruthers, and now possessed by Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; distance from Gayndah, 64 miles; situate on the Auburn.

COONAMBULA

First occupied by Messrs. Archer, the discoverers, in 1848, subsequently possessed by Cameron, M'Kenzie, Murnin, and Cornish, now by Knox and Rutledge; distance from Gayndah 35 miles; situate on the Burnett.

YENDAH

First occupied in 1848 by Mr. Robert Wilkin, subsequently by Elliott, Brothers, now possessed by Messrs. Dight and Yeomans; distance from Gayndah 12 miles; situate on the Burnett.

MOUNT DEBATEABLE.

First occupied, in 1848, by Geo. Mocatta; subsequently by the Smith family; now by Messrs. Humphrey. Distance from Gayndah 4 miles. Situate on the Burnett. The first public-house in the district was built near this station by a Mr. Le Breton, in 1848.

IDERAWAY.

First occupied by J. B. Reid in 1848; now possessed by Mr. J. J. Cadell. Distance from Gayndah, 4 miles. The township originally formed part of this run, and was sold by Reid to Le Breton for the (reported) sum of £80. Situate on the Burnett.

BAN BAN.

First occupied in 1846, by Messrs. Herbert; subsequently by Mr. T. Edwards; now by Mr. St. John. Distance from Gayndah 12 miles. Situate on the Barambah.

WETHERON.

First occupied, about 1845, by William Humphrey. Subsequently possessed by Messrs. Moreton. Distance from Gayndah 12 miles. Situate on Wetheron Creek and the Burnett.

TENNINGERING.

First occupied, about 1850, by J. & J. Landsborough, afterwards by a gentleman named Webber, who was accidentally shot by the C.P.S. of Gayndah, a Mr. M'Kenzie. Afterwards possessed by G. Sandeman, Lamont and Livingstone, Story, Rawson and Co.; now by Mr. Caswell. Distance from Gayndah, 35 miles. Situate on the Burnett.

DEGILBO.

First occupied, in 1847, by Mr. Walsh. Subsequently possessed by D. & H. Perrier, then by Griffiths, Fanning and Co., next by Mr. Single; now by Mr. Sly. Distance from Gayndah, 30 miles. Situate on Degilbo Creek and the Burnett.

WALLA.

First occupied by Messrs. Thomson, in 1849; now possessed by John Barker, Esq. Distance from Gayndah, 47 miles. Situate on the Burnett.

GIN GIN.

First occupied by Messrs. Forster and Blaxland, about 1847. Blaxland was there murdered by the blacks during the same year; now possessed by Messrs. Brown. Situate on the Burnett.

To the above we append a list of stations in both districts, concerning which no particulars have been furnished to us by the owners or occupants.

Barolin or Unknown, A. H. Brown
Bompa, Wm. Bates
Colan, Knox and Stephens
Conandale, Jas. Gibbons
Curra, E. Booker
Doongal, A. W. Melville
Eureka, H. Palmer
Gigoomgan, Mant and Littleton
Glenbar, Lacy and Kelly
Gutchy, Douglas Helsham
Imbil, C. and P. Lawless
Kolonga, Thos. Holt
Kulogam, John Eaton
Lower Doongal, J. S. Powell
Mariana, Hugh Graham's representatives
Monduran, W. H, Walsh
Molangool, Mort, Cameron, and Buchanan
Moolboolaman, A. P. Barton
Miva, J. T. Atherton
North Traviston, Thos. Holt
Sarahana and Agnes Vale, Thomas Broom
Stanton Harcourt
Tugigan, James Dowzer.
Tahiti, John Eaton
Tantitha, Isaac Moore
Teebar, John Eaton
Toogoom, Aldridge and Slater
Toweran, R. C. Barton
Warra, John Harwood
Widgee Widgee, Tooth and Cran
Woonbah, D. F. M'Kay
Yabber, A. Swanson

FROM certain facts which have come to light it appears that lime is a good preserver of timber. Ships and barges used for the transport of lime last longer than others. A small coasting schooner, laden with lime, was cast ashore and sunk. She was raised and set afloat once more, and remained sound for thirty years. Again, a platform of nine planks was used to mix mortar on during three generations, then, being no longer required, was neglected, and at length hidden by grass that grew over it Sixty years afterwards, on clearing the ground, it was discovered sound and well preserved.

TIME TABLE FOR 1874.

INLAND MAILS.

POST TOWN.	MAILS CLOSE AT MARYBOROUGH.	ARRIVE AT POST TOWN.	LEAVE POST TOWN.	ARRIVE AT MARYBOROUGH.
BRISBANE (Overland)	Friday, 8 p.m.	Tuesday, 6.30 p.m.	Monday and Thursday, 5.30 a.m.	Wednesday & Saturday, 4.30 p.m.
BUNDABERG	Monday, 8.30 a.m.	Tuesday, 10 a.m.	Friday, 2 p.m.	Saturday, 4 p.m.
ELLIOTT	Monday and Thursday, 8.30 a.m.	Monday and Thursday, 2 p.m.	Tuesday and Friday, 10.30 a.m.	Tuesday and Friday, 5 p.m.
GAYNDAH	Monday and Thursday, 8.30 a.m.	Tuesday and Friday, 6 p.m.	Monday and Thursday, 7 a.m.	Tuesday and Friday, 5 p.m.
GLADSTONE (Overland)	Monday and Thursday, 8.30 a.m.	Sunday and Thursday, 3 p.m.	Monday and Friday, 6 a.m.	Tuesday and Friday, 5 p.m.
GOOTCHIE	Daily (Saturday excepted), 8 p.m.	Daily, Sunday excepted, 11 a.m.	Daily (Sunday excepted), 12.15 p.m.	Daily (Sunday excepted), 4.30 p.m.
GYMPIE	Daily, ditto, 8 p.m.	Daily, ditto, 4.30 p.m.	Daily, ditto, 7 a.m.	Daily, ditto, 4.30 p.m.
KILKIVAN	Thursday, 8.30 a.m.	Friday, 6 p.m.	Monday, 6 a.m.	Tuesday, 5 p.m.
MOUNT PERRY	Monday and Thursday, 8.30 a.m.	Wednesday, 5 p.m., & Friday, 8 p,m.	Thursday, 6 a.m., & Friday, 7 a.m.	Tuesday and Friday, 5 p.m.
ONE MILE CREEK	Daily (Saturday excepted), 8 p.m.	Daily (Sunday excepted), 8 p.m.	Daily (Sunday excepted), 6.30 p.m.	Daily (Sunday excepted), 4.30 p.m.
OWANYILLA	Daily, ditto, 8 p.m.	Daily, ditto, 8.15 a.m.	Daily, ditto, 3 p.m.	Daily, ditto, 4.30 p.m.
TIARO	Daily, ditto, 8 p.m.	Daily, ditto, 9.45 a.m.	Daily, ditto, 1.30 p.m.	Daily, ditto, 4.30 p.m.
TINANA	Daily, ditto, 8 1/2 m.	Daily, ditto, 7.20 a.m.	Daily, ditto, 4.10 p.m.	Daily, ditto, 4.30 p.m.
UPPER MARY	Friday, 8 p.m.	Saturday, 5 p.m.	Saturday, 1.30 p.m.	Saturday, 4.30 p.m.
YENGARIE	Daily (Sunday excepted), 4 p.m.	Daily (Sunday excepted), 6 p.m.	Daily (Sunday excepted), 1 p.m.	Daily (Sunday excepted), 3 p.m.

PRIVATE BAGS.—Settlers, upon mail routes, requiring the accommodation of a Private Bag, can obtain the same upon payment (in advance) of a sum not exceeding £2 2s. per annum to the Postmaster who has to make up the bag, subject to the following regulations, viz. :—(1) The bag must be of leather, and provided at the cost of the person requiring it. (2) The Postmaster will close and seal securely before despatching it, and it must be returned in like manner, sealed with some seal, the impression of which is known by the Postmaster. (3) The bag may contain letters for all persons who give *written authorities* to the Postmaster to enclose them. The person paying for the private bag is responsible for the postage of all unpaid letters, and for the receipts for all those which may be registered.

GENERAL RULES.

All letters, packets, and newspapers posted in Queensland that are required to be prepaid, must bear Queensland postage stamps.

Any letter or packet posted for delivery in the colony will, if the postage stamps thereon be not equal in value to its proper postage as a town or country ½ oz. letter, or 4 oz. packet, be forwarded and charged with double the postage deficient; but if any letter or packet does not bear that amount of postage, it will be opened and returned to the sender.

Any letter posted for transmission to the United Kingdom will, if bearing at least a single rate of postage, be forwarded and charged with the postage deficient, and a single rate of postage as a fine; but if not bearing a single rate of postage, if will be opened and returned to the sender.

Any letter or packet posted for transmission to British colonies (excepting the Australian colonies and New Zealand), and to foreign countries (unless specially mentioned), whether sent direct or through the United Kingdom, will invariably be opened and returned to the sender, unless it bears the *full amount* of postage payable thereon.

A deficiently-stamped letter or packet posted for transmission to any of the Australian colonies or New Zealand will, if bearing at least a single rate of postage, be forwarded and charged with the postage deficient, and a single rate of postage as a fine; but if not bearing a single rate of postage it will be opened and returned to the sender.

LETTERS AND PACKETS, ON BEING RE-DIRECTED, are charged the same amount of postage, in addition to the original postage, as would be payable if such letter or packet were originally posted at the place of re-direction (excepting soldiers' and sailors' letters).

A postmaster may refuse to receive or transmit by post any letter, packet, or packet of newspapers exceeding sixteen ounces in weight, or of inconvenient form or dimensions, or containing, or reasonably suspected to contain, any article likely to injure the other contents of the mail bags or any person.

It is suggested that all letters intended for transmission by the Royal mail contract steamers should be secured with gum of wafers, sealing wax being liable to cause delay, from letters adhering or becoming defaced.

Letters are registered for fourpence in addition to the proper postage, a receipt for the same given, and every precaution adopted to ensure its safe delivery by entering it on

the letter bills and obtaining a receipt for the same on delivery. As the Post Office, however, is not responsible for the loss of *any letter*, whether registered or otherwise, parties sending bank notes or drafts are advised to take the number and particulars, and to cut such notes or drafts in halves, and to send them by different posts.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

Letters, if not claimed, are kept at the Post Office to which they are directed for a period of thirty days. If not claimed at the expiration of that time, they are sent to the Dead Letter Office, to be advertised in the *Government Gazette*.

Letters posted within the colony of Queensland, if not claimed within one month from the date of such publication are returned to the writer.

Letters posted in any of the Australian Colonies, or New Zealand, if not claimed within three months from the date of such publication, are returned to the Colony from which they were received.

Letters posted in the United Kingdom, or at any place beyond the Australian Colonies, if not claimed within twelve months from the date of such publication are returned unopened to the colony or country from which they were received.

RATES ON LETTERS.

Town Letters, for delivery within the limits of the City or Town in which Letters are posted—Each ½oz. or fraction of ½ oz., 1d.

Inland Letters, for transmission between separate Post Towns within Queensland—Each ½ oz. or fraction of ½ oz., 2d.

Letters to British Colonies, excepting New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand, forwarded by private ship to destination, or to nearest port—Not exceeding each ½ oz., or fraction of ½ oz., 6d.

New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand—Each ½ oz.—New South Wales—By sea or overland, 2d. Victoria and South Australia—By sea or overland, 2d. Western Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand, each 2d. Registered Letters to South Australia and Victoria overland, in addition to Queensland rates, must have New South Wales stamps 4d., for Registration fee.

Letters to and from the United Kingdom— Each ½ oz. or fraction of ½ oz., 6d. Letters *viâ* Brindisi—½ oz., 9d., and for every additional ½ oz. or fraction of ½ oz., 9d.

Registered Letters—A Register Stamp of the value of 4d., only to be had on registration, must be affixed, in addition to the postage chargeable.

Registered Colonial letters containing gold, 4d. for every ½ oz., and 4d. for registration.

Exemption from Postage Rates—All Petitions or Addresses to Her Majesty, His Excellency the Governor, or the Executive or Legislative Council, or Legislative Assembly, not exceeding 32 oz. in weight, and without covers, or in covers open at the sides; Savings Bank Letters or Books; Letters on Government Insurance and Annuities (provided they be marked outside respectively "Government Savings Bank," "Government Annuities," or "Government Life Insurance.")

Late Fee—Within the Colony, 3d.; Intercolonial, 3d.; Foreign, 6d.; Stamps to be affixed to letter.

Intercolonial Telegraphic Messages received and posted for delivery within the colony, when bearing endorsement, on the cover, to that effect, signed by the receiving Electric Telegraph Officer in charge.

PACKAGES.

Include Bankers' packets, containing notes, orders, cheques, pass-books returns or other periodical statements; process of, or proceedings or pleadings in any Court brief, cases, and instruction for counsel, and their opinions thereon respectively deeds, affidavits, policies of insurances, letters of attorney, depositions, or recognizances, patterns or samples of merchandise not having a value of their own apart from their mere use as patterns or samples, and either unenclosed or enclosed in transparent bags, or in bags tied round the neck so as to be easily loosened or refastened; prices current and catalogues; Acts of the Queensland or Imperial Parliament, or printed Votes and Proceedings of either House thereof respectively, or vouchers, or returns, or copies of returns, made by or to any officer in the public service; scrip, pamphlets, maps, plans, specifications, music, photographs (on paper), magazines, reviews, placards, almanacs, prospectuses, paintings, engravings, printers' proofs, or periodical publications other than newspapers; printed or plain books, writing paper and envelopes, seeds in transparent bags or papers, tied so as to be easily loosened and refastened, not exceeding sixteen ounces in weight.

REGULATIONS.

1. No packet shall exceed two feet in length, and one foot in width and depth.
2. No packet shall exceed three pounds in weight.

3. There shall be no letter, either closed or open, nor any enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, sent in or with any such packet, nor shall there be any letter or any communication in the nature of a letter written or printed on the cover or envelope of any such packet.

4. The name and address of the sender may appear on the cover as well as those of the party addressed, but this is not indispensable.

5. Should a packet be posted unpaid, or, excepting those addressed to the United Kingdom, insufficiently prepaid, or be closed in a cover not open at the ends or sides, and contents not legibly endorsed, or should it exceed the dimensions or weight specified, such packet will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, and returned to the sender.

6. Where a packet, addressed to the United Kingdom only, shall have been posted, insufficiently prepaid, and it shall appear that at least a single rate has been paid thereon, such packet will be forwarded, charged with an additional postage equal to the deficiency, and a further rate as a fine.

7. Should any letter, whether sealed or open, or otherwise closed against inspection, be found in a packet, such letter or other enclosure will be forwarded, charged not only with the postage due upon it as an unpaid letter, but also with an additional single packet rate. The packet itself, in such case will be forwarded, provided the postage shall have been duly paid, without any extra charge.

8. Patterns must be of no intrinsic value.

This rule includes all articles of a saleable nature, and, indeed, whatever may have a value of their own, apart from its mere use as a pattern; nor must the quantity of any material sent ostensibly as a pattern be so great that it could fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

9. Patterns must not bear any writing other than the address of the persons for whom they are intended, the name and address of sender, a manufacturer's or trade mark, numbers, and the prices of articles.

10. Samples of seeds, drugs, and so forth, which cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in bags of linen or other material; but closed bags, although transparent, must not be used for this purpose.

41. No article likely to injure the contents of the mail bags, or the person of any officer of the Post Office will be forwarded as a pattern.

12. Metals, nails, watch machinery, cutlery, and other articles of intrinsic value, cannot be forwarded to or through France.

N.B.—In cases where, from the arrival of the Packet Ships from England, or from any other cause, the number of such Packets is unusually large, the Postmaster, in order to prevent interruption to the punctual despatch of the ordinary Mails, is authorised to delay the transmission of any such Packets for three successive posts.

PACKAGE RATES.

INLAND PACKETS.—Each 2 ozs., 1d.

For New South Wales, New Zealand, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, and Western Australia:—Every 2 ozs. or portion, 2d.

FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM.

For every four ounces or fraction of four ounces, up to three pounds, *via* Southampton 4d., and *via* Brindisi, 7d. In the case of Brindisi, packets can be sent within one ounce 5d., and within two ounces, 6d.

For the *Mauritius, India, Hongkong, Ceylon.*—Within 4 ozs., 3d.; every additional 4 ozs. or portion, 3d.

NEWSPAPERS.

Newspapers are transmitted within the colony free of charge if posted within seven days from the date of publication; if posted after that period they are subject to a charge of one penny.

Newspapers received from beyond the colony, in monthly parts, are (when re-posted) subject to a charge of 1d. for every number contained therein.

Newspapers for the United Kingdom, 1d.; or, via Brindisi (not exceeding 4 ozs.), 3d.; every 4 ozs., or fraction additional, 4d.

Newspapers for the neighboring colonies and for all places beyond the seas not already specified in the Table A. (which can be seen at the post-offices throughout the colonies), are transmitted free of charge, if posted within seven days from publication; and all newspapers from such places received in the colony are delivered without charge; but if re-posted in the colony, 1d. each must be prepaid. Every newspaper may be with or without a cover, open at both ends. There shall not be any enclosure, mark, or communication, other than the words "Newspaper only," the printed name, occupation, and address of the publisher or vendor, in addition to the name, occupation, and address of the person to whom sent, otherwise they will not be transmitted.

MONEY ORDERS.

Money Orders may be obtained and made payable at all inland offices where such are issued, and at the places in the other Australian Colonies as per list in Postal Guide, on the following charges :— *Queensland*—For any sum not exceeding £5, 6d.; exceeding £5 but not exceeding £10, 1s. *Intercolonial*—New South Wales, New Zealand, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, Western Australia: For any sum not exceeding £5, 1s.; exceeding £5 but not exceeding £10, 2s. *British*—At any Money Order Office in the United Kingdom: For any sum not exceeding £2, 1s.; not exceeding £5, 2s. 6d.; not exceeding £7, 3s. 6d.; and not exceeding £10, 5s.

No Money Order will be issued for a larger sum than Ten Pounds.

Money Orders must be obtained between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m., excepting Saturdays, when the Office closes at 12 noon.

Lists of Money Order Offices in New South Wales, New Zealand, South Australia, Victoria, and the United Kingdom, may be seen, and further information obtained, at any Money Order Office in Queensland.

QUEENSLAND ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

REGULATIONS.

1. All messages will be held strictly confidential.

2. Messages tendered for transmission must be written with ink, in a legible manner, in plain language, on the proper form, and the address must contain all information necessary to avoid delay and ensure delivery. The signature of the sender will be required, in authentication of each message, and as subscribing to the conditions imposed. To ensure greater accuracy, all amounts must be expressed in words as well as figures. Charge will be made for the words only.

3. Payment of all charges in advance will be required, except for replies to interrogatory messages which contain the words "Reply paid for," but in all such cases the interrogatory message must be produced. In cases of emergency or distress, special arrangements may be made for the receipt of messages payable by the receiver, if the sender deposits the amount of charges with the transmitting station; in such cases the word "Collect" must be inserted in the address immediately before the name of the terminal station. This deposit will be

returned in full if the receiver pays on delivery. Press reports to be paid for at receiving station on delivery.

4. The address, signature, name of sending station, and the date, hour, and minute of the deposit of the message, will be transmitted without charge. When the sender wishes to pay for a reply, have the message repeated, or posted, instructions are to be inserted in the address immediately before the name of the terminal station. Intercolonial messages which are addressed beyond the limits of delivery, can be posted to their destination free of charge. Messages received for transmission within the colony can be posted to any address on prepayment of postage in addition to the ordinary charge for transmission. Senders may have posted messages registered on payment of the additional fee.

5. Messages may be transmitted in cypher, in the English language, or "secret language," but cypher words must not contain more than three syllables, and words in secret language must not average more than five letters; an additional charge of fifty per cent. to be made for messages containing cypher or secret language.

6. Messages will be transmitted in the order of their reception, unless on the service of the State, or matters relating to the administration of justice, in which cases precedence may be given.

7. Messages will be delivered free within one mile of the station to which addressed. If beyond that distance, according to the instructions contained in the address. Expenses incurred for porterage, cab hire, or boat hire, payable by the receiver, will be charged.

8. The sender or receiver of message, on proving their identity, may receive certified copies of messages on giving the date and paying a fee of one shilling for each copy.

9. In the event of any interruption to communication by which messages may be unusually delayed, it will be optional with the senders, on application before transmission, to withdraw their messages, and receive back the amount paid.

10. The originals of messages received, and duplicates of messages issued, will be kept for six months, after the expiration of which period they will be burned in the presence of officers in charge of stations.

11. If desired, messages of consequence can be repeated from stations at which received to stations from which originally sent, on payment of an additional half rate; but no responsibility will be undertaken, nor any claim for compensation entertained for any errors or mistakes in transmission or delay in delivery of messages, whether repeated or un-

repeated, nor for non-transmission or non-delivery of messages, from whatever cause such errors or mistakes in transmission or delay in transmission or delivery, or non-transmission or non-delivery, may arise.

Telegraph stations in Queensland will be open to receive business from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m, daily, Sundays excepted. On special occasions, when messages may be received after office hours, an additional charge of 50 per cent. on ordinary rate is to be made, On Sundays, officers are in attendance at 9 a.m. for the reception of messages in cases of extreme urgency or necessity.

At railway stations where no electric telegraph office is opened, and where there may be a telegraph instrument in circuit on the line of the Railway Department, railway station masters will receive messages to be transmitted to the nearest telegraph station by railway wire, and from thence forwarded to their destination by Electric Telegraph Department. Railway station masters will collect the charges due to the Telegraph Department, and, in addition, one shilling on each message for transmission by railway line. In the same manner, messages for railway stations, where no electric telegraph station is opened, and where there may be a telegraph instrument in circuit on the line of the Railway Department, will be received at any electric telegraph station, the additional charge of one shilling for each message being prepaid for transmission by railway line. Message forms may be obtained at auy such railway station, and the station master will furnish information as to cost of transmission.

At country post towns, where no electric telegraph station is opened, postmasters have been appointed receivers of messages, which they will forward for transmission to the nearest electric telegraph station, by first post. Persons desirous of using this means of communication will hand their messages to the postmaster, together with the cost of transmission, twopence for postage, and sixpence postmaster's fee. Message forms may be obtained on application at any such post-office, and the postmaster will furnish information as to the cost of transmission.

LIST OF QUEENSLAND STATIONS.

Brisbane	Durah	Nebo
Lytton	Sandgate	Clermont
Cleveland	Cabulture	Copperfield
Dunwich	Gympie	Springsure
South Passage	Maryborough	Mackay

Pilot Station, Moreton Island
Cape Moreton
Goodna
Ipswich
Helidon
Toowoomba
Drayton
Allora
Warwick
Stanthorpe
Leyburn
Inglewood
Goondiwindi
Dalby
Condamine
Roma
Woody Island
Gayndah
Hawkwood
Taroom
Camboon
Banana
Dee River
Westwood
Gin Gin
Bundaberg
Tenningering
Gladstone
Rockhampton
Pilot Station, Kepel Bay
Marlborough
St. Lawrence
Bloomsbury
Bowen
Burdekin
Ravenswood
Townsville
Waterview
Cardwell

GULF LINE.

Cashmere
Junction Creek
Georgetown
Gilbert River
Creen Creek
Normanton
Kimberley.

SCALE OF CHARGES WITHIN THE COLONY.

Between any two stations, excepting stations on Gulf line, one shilling for message of ten words, and one penny for each additional word.

Between any two stations on Gulf line, or to and from any station on Gulf line, two shillings for message of ten words, and two pence for each additional word.

INTERCOLONIAL TELEGRAPH.

From Queensland stations (except stations on Gulf line)—

To New South Wales, ten words, 2s.; each additional word, 2d. To Victoria, ten words, 3s.; each additional word, 3d. To South Australia (excepting stations on the Overland line from Port Augusta to Port Darwin), ten words, 3s.; each addition word, 3d.; stations on Overland line, ten words, 17s.; each additional word, 1s. 3d. To Tasmania (land charges), ten words, 4s.; each additional word, 4d.; (cable charges), ten words, 4s.; every additional five words or fraction of five words, 2s.—only ten words allowed free for address and signature by cable line.

From Queensland stations on Gulf line—

To New South Wales, ten words, 8s.; each additional word, 4d. To Victoria, ten words, 10s.; each additional word, 4d. To South Australia (excepting stations on the Overland line from Port Augusta to Port Darwin), ten words, 12s.; each additional word, 8d.; stations on Overland line, ten words, 26s.; each additional word, 1s. 8d. To Tasmania (land charges), ten words, 4s.; each additional word, 5d.; (cable charges), ten

words, 4s.; every additional five words, or fraction of five words, 2s.—only ten words allowed free for address and signature.

One-half ordinary charges for press messages intended for publication. Press business exempt from additional charge for transmission after ordinary office hours.

NEW ZEALAND AND WESTERN AUSTRALIA.—Messages intended for the above-mentioned colonies will be received at any station, the charges to the postal town being prepaid; the charges for transmission in New Zealand or Western Australia to be collected from the receiver on delivery. In the samé manner, messages, received from those colonies will be transmitted, and any amount due for transmission will be collected before delivery.

SHIPPING SIGNALS MADE FROM TELEGRAPH OFFICE, MARYBOROUGH.

A sail in sight to northward, Corresponding Flag.

A sail in sight to southward, Corresponding Flag under Ball.

When description of vessel can be made out, the Descriptive Flag will be hoisted instead of previous flag.

When port of departure can be ascertained, the Numeral Pendants will be hoisted under Descriptive Flag.

The number of vessels signalled wtll be shown by the corresponding Numeral Pendant over Descriptive Flag.

On vessels entering the river, a White Pendant over Distinguishing Flag.

On vessels anchoring below the River Heads, the Numeral Pendants, if hoisted, will be hauled down, and a White Pendant will be hoisted under the Distinguishing Flag—the signal being kept flying for a quarter of an hour.

Vessels passing through the Straits will be denoted by the Numeral Pendants if hoisted, being hauled down, and the remainder of the signals lowered half-mast high, and kept flying for a quarter of an hour.

On the arrival of a vessel with the Governor on board, the Jack over Descriptive Flag.

On the arrival of a Ship of War,, the Jack under Descriptive Flag.

On the arrival of a vessel with immigrants, the Ensign over Descriptive Flag.

On the arrival of a vessel with English Mail, the Ensign under Descriptive Flag.

SIGNALS USED TO DENOTE THE ARRIVAL OF VESSELS AT ROCKHAMPTON, MARYBOROUGH, PORT DENISON, AND CLEVELAND BAY.

To claim exemption from pilotage, show, in addition to white flag, the numeral pendants, denoting the port sailed from. The numeral pendants—which are similar to those used in Sydney and Brisbane—must be hoisted where they can be most easily made out from the Signal Stations.

0 Returned to Port
1 London
2 Liverpool
3 Any other Port of England and Wales
4 Clyde
5 Any other Port of Scotland
6 Cork
7 Any other Port of Ireland
8 Sweer's Island
9 Barrier Reef
10 Port Albany
11 Port Hinchinbrook
12 Herbert River
13 Cleveland Bay
14 Wickham River
15 Port Denison
16 Whitsunday Passage
17 Pioneer River
18 Broadsound
19 Rockhampton
20 Port Curtis
21 Eurimbula Creek
22 Baffle Creek
23 Maryborough
24 Mooloolah River
25 Moreton Bay
26 Any other Port of Queensland
27 Tweed River
28 Richmond River
29 Clarence River
30 Macleay River
31 Port Macquarie
32 Manning River
33 Port Stephens
34 Newcastle
51 Hobart Town
52 Launceston
53 Any other Port in Tasmania
54 Auckland
55 Wellington
56 Nelson
57 Hokitiki
58 Any other Port in New Zealand
59 New Caledonia
60 New Hebrides
61 Fiji Islands
62 Friendly Islands
63 Navigator Islands
64 Solomon Islands
65 Society Islands
66 Sandwich Islands
67 Any other Group of Islands in Pacific
68 New Guinea
69 Java
70 Timor
71 East Indian Archipelago
72 Singapore
73 Hong Kong
74 China
75 Manila
76 Calcutta
77 Madras
78 Bombay
79 Any other Port in India
80 Ceylon
81 Mauritius
82 Cape of Good Hope
83 Natal
84 Any other Port in South Africa

35 Sydney
36 Wollongong
37 Twofold Bay
38 Any other Port of New South Wales
39 Corner Inlet
40 Port Phillip
41 Warrnambool
42 Port Fairy
43 Portland Bay
44 Any other Port of Victoria
45 Port Elliot
46 Port Adelaide
47 Port Augusta
48 Any other Port of South Australia
49 Swan River
50 Any other Port in Western Australia
85 France
86 Germany
87 Any other country in Europe
88 Canada
89 United States
90 West Indies
91 Brazil
92 Any other Port on West Coast North America
93 Valparaiso
94 Callao
95 Any other Port on West Coast South America
96 California
97 British Columbia
98 Whaling Voyage
99 Beche de Mer Fishery

TARIFF.—SPECIAL DUTIES.

	s.	d.
SPIRITS—Brandy of any strength not exceeding the strength of proof by Sykes' hydrometer, per gal....	12	0
Spirits or strong waters, excepting brandy of any strength, as above, per gal.	10	0
Spirits, cordials, or strong waters, mixed so that the strength cannot be ascertained by Sykes' hyd. per gal.	10	0
Methylated spirits—liquid gallon	5	0
Wine, containing more than 25 per cent. of alcohol of a specific gravity of ·825 at the temperature of 60 degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer, for every gallon in proportion to strength—gallon	10	0
Wine, not containing more than 25 per cent. of alcohol of a specific gravity of ·825 at the temperature of 60 degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer—gallon	6	0
Ale, beer, porter, cider, perry, and vinegar, in wood—per gallon	0	9
Ale, beer, porter, cider, perry, and vinegar, in bottle—for six reputed quart bottles	1	0
Ale, beer, porter, cider, perry, and vinegar, in bottles, for 12 reputed pint bottles	1	0

Tobacco and snuff—lb.	2	6
Cigars—5 lb. Opium—lb.	20	0
Coffee (roasted), and tea—lb.	0	6
Coffee (raw), chicory, cocoa, chocolate—lb.	0	4
Cocoa (raw)—lb.	0	2
Molasses—cwt.	3	4
Sugar (refined)—cwt.	6	8
„ (raw) cwt.	5	0
Rice, oatmeal, and maizemeal—ton	40	0
Salt—ton	40	0
Butter—lb.	0	4
Cheese, bacon, hams, and hops—lb.	0	2
Soap (not including toilet soap)—cwt.	5	0
Potatoes, onions, hay, and chaff—ton	10	0
Wheat, barley, maize, oats, malt—bushel	0	6
Bran and pollard—bushel	0	2
Biscuits, maizena, arrowroot, jams, jellies, dried fruits, and candles—lb.	0	1
Bottled fruit and pickles, reputed quarts—doz.	1	0
Ditto, ditto, ditto, reputed pints—dozen	0	8
Bottled mustard, reputed lbs.—dozen	1	0
Ditto, ditto, reputed ½-lbs.—dozen	0	8
Coals—ton	1	6
Oils, mineral and other kinds, except perfumed oil, salad oil, castor oil—gallon	0	6

AD VALOREM DUTIES.—Upon all goods imported into the Colony other than those mentioned in the foregoing, a duty of ten pounds for every one hundred pounds of the value thereof.

FREE ARTICLES.—Anchors and chain cables over ⅜ of an inch in diameter, iron ore, plain sheet iron (not including galvanised), pig, bar, rod, scrap, and hoop iron; boiler plates, tin plates, block tin, sheet, and pig lead, zinc, sheet copper, muntz metal, unwrought steel; gold, silver, and copper coins, and unmanufactured gold and silver; printed books and newspapers; live animals; manure, green fruit, garden seeds and garden produce, bulbs, trees, shrubs, and flour; antique curiosities and specimens of natural history, outside packages in which goods are ordinarily imported, and which are of no commercial value, except as covering for goods; passengers' cabin furniture and baggage, and passengers' personal effects (not including vehicles, musical instruments, glassware, chinaware, silver and gold plate, and plated goods, and furniture other than cabin furniture), which are imported with, and by passengers *bona fide* for their own personal use, and not imported for the purpose of sale; and naval and military stores.

FERRY DUES AND CHARGES, MARYBOROUGH.

	s.	d.
Every foot passenger, with a parcel or parcels not exceeding 14 lbs. in weight, in all, each way	0	1
Every foot passenger, with a parcel or parcels exceeding 14 lbs., and not exceeding 1 cwt., to go by the punt, each way	0	3
Single horse and rider, each way	0	3
All vehicles of any description whatever on two wheels, loaded or unloaded, including driver, each way	0	6
Same on four wheels, loaded or unloaded, including driver, each way	1	0

N.B.—All passengers travelling in vehicles to be charged same as foot passengers.

Cattle or horses, or other large animals, whether attached or unattached to any vehicle, each and each way	0	3
Sheep, pigs, goats, calves, foals, or other small animals, not exceeding 20 in number, of each kind, each way, each	0	2
Same, for all above 20 in number each, and each way	0	1

All goods, wheeled vehicles, and live stock, to be put into and taken out of the punts by the owners or parties in charge thereof.

The ferries to be open for the transit of passengers and goods at all hours from 5 a.m. to 10 p.m., at the above rates. After 10 p.m. to 5 a.m. the charges shall be as follows :—

Foot passengers	0	3
Horse and rider	1	0

All other charges to be double the day charges.

EXEMPTIONS.—The Governor, and any person in actual attendance upon him, and any carriages or horses of or belonging to him. Ministers of religion, officers, soldiers, and sailors in Her Majesty's service, proceeding or returning on duty. Any member or officer of the Municipal Council, when engaged on Municipal duties, officers of police, troopers, and constables on actual duty, and any prisoners in their charge. All children proceeding to or returning from any school, whether public or private ; all officers or men connected with Her Majesty's Customs when on duty ; all officers on foot or on horseback, and laborers employed under the Corporation, going to or from work.

TOLL GATE CHARGES, MARYBOROUGH.

	s.	d.
For every sheep, lamb, pig, goat, or kid, the sum of ...	0	0½
For every ox, bullock, or head of neat cattle, the sum of	0	1
For every horse, mare, gelding, ass, mule, or jennet, whether drawing or not, the sum of	0	2
For every gig, chaise, cart, dray, or other vehicle on two wheels, the sum of	0	6
For every coach, buggy, waggon, wain, or other such vehicle on four wheels	1	0
For every timber-carriage, dray, or waggon, with trolly, used in drawing log timber, loaded or unloaded ...	1	6
For every portable steam-engine, traction-engine, or other such machine, on any number of wheels.....	1	6

The toll-gate to be open for traffic at all hours from 5 a.m. to 12 p.m., at the above rates; from 12 p.m. to 5 a.m. to be double the day charges.

No tolls shall be demandable or taken for or in respect of any horses or carriages of or belonging to the Governor of the colony for the time being, or to any person in actual attendance upon him; or for or in respect of the horses, beasts, carts, carriages, and other vehicles of and belonging to the Government, and employed at the time of passing such toll-gate in the Government service; or for or in respect of any horse, beast, carriage or other vehicle conveying any clergyman in the discharge of his duty, or any other person or persons going to or returning from the proper church, chapel, or other place of worship of the person or persons riding or driving the same on Sundays, Christmas Day, or Good Friday; or for or in respect of any horse, beast, carriage, or other vehicle attending funerals; or for or in respect of any horse, beast, carriage, or other vehicle carrying the Post Office mails.

THE STAMP DUTY.

THE following duties are payable under the Stamp Act, which came into operation on the 1st November, 1866:—

	£	s.	d.
Drafts and Promissory Notes—for every £50 and under, and every fractional part of £50 above	0	1	0
Bills of Exchange—(single) ditto ditto	0	1	0
Ditto Foreign (if drawn in sets of two or more), each, for every £50	0	0	6
Receipts—for all sums of 20s., and upwards, each	0	0	1
Cheques or Orders—ditto ditto	0	0	1

Bank Notes—for every £100 of the average annual circulation	3	0	0
Deeds of Conveyance of Property—for every £50 and under	0	7	6
Above, and not exceeding £100	0	15	0
For every fractional part of £100 above	0	15	0
Agreements—of the value of £5 and upwards ...	0	2	6
Note.—Where letters are produced in Court to prove agreement, it will be sufficient for one of them to be stamped with a duty of 5s.			
Bills of Lading, or copy thereof	0	1	0
For every Receipt, or copy thereof, from master, mate, or agent	0	0	6
Leases or Agreements for Leases—where the rent is £50 and under	0	2	6
Above, and not exceeding £100	0	5	0
For every fractional part of £100 above	0	5	0
Mortgage to secure the repayment of money, not exceeding £50	0	5	0
For every fractional part of £50	0	5	0
Registration of Deeds under Real Property Act, not otherwise stamped	0	2	6
Insurance—for every £100, above six months ...	1	0	0
For six months and under	0	0	6
Time policy upon a ship or any vessel, and on goods, as merchandise, in the same, not exceeding three months	0	2	6
On all other policies, for every £100, and every additional fractional part of £100	0	1	0
Transfers—Of shares of stock and funds of any public company, for every £50	0	2	6
Of runs and stations, for every £100	0	10	0
Probate of will, and letters of administration with a will annexed, for every £100	1	0	0
Under the value of £50	0	10	0
Letters of administration, without will annexed, for every £100	1	10	0
Under the value of £50	0	15	0
Articles of Clerkship	10	10	0
Articles of Apprenticeship	1	1	0
Awards—for £50	0	2	6
Above £50	0	5	0
And for every £100 or fraction of £100	0	5	0
Bonds—for the payment of money, for every £100	0	2	6
Transfer of bonds	0	5	0
All other kinds of bonds	0	10	0

EXEMPTIONS FROM DUTY.—All agreements with the Government for work, or labor, or materials to be supplied; debentures, treasury bills, and promissory notes issued by a bank to the Colonial Treasurer for Government purposes; bank notes payable on demand (the duty being paid on the average annual circulation); all bills of exchange or promissory notes, drafts, or orders, drawn or endorsed out of the colony for the payment of money for the use of Her Majesty; bonds given by parents or friends of lunatics for their maintenance; bonds given on obtaining letters of administration; customs bonds; transfers of land to the Government; Crown grants; leases from the Crown; Government cheques; life policies paid under Act 29 Vic., No. 11; acknowledgment for money deposited in banks; Government receipts; receipts for money withdrawn from Savings Bank; receipts given by seamen, laborers, or menial servants for wages.

PROGRESS OF QUEENSLAND.

THE following figures, compiled for the *Sydney Morning Herald*, show the progress of the colony during the decennial period 1862–1872 :—

	1862.	1872.
Population	45,077 ..	133,553
Number of schools	54 ..	210
Ditto of scholars	3,060 ..	23,728
Ditto of hospitals	6 ..	21
Number of patients received ...	648 ..	2,796
Land sold by auction (acres) ...	68,873 ..	9,459
Amount realised	£106,019 ..	£15,731
Number of squatting runs ...	1,926 ..	2,840
Area leased (acres)	57,200,000 ..	123,737,093
Ditto under cultivation (ditto)	6,067 ..	62,491
Ditto under cotton (ditto) ...	392 ...	12,002
Ditto under sugar (ditto) ...	nil ..	11,757
Live Stock. Horses	36,532 ..	92,798
Live Stock. Horned Cattle ...	637,296 ..	1,200,992
Live Stock. Sheep	4,553,353 ..	6,687,907
Live Stock. Pigs	7,066 ..	35,732
Mills, manufactories, &c. ...	20 ..	593
Gold by escort (ozs.) ...	nil ..	178,308
Value of same	nil ..	£592,993
Copper ore raised (tons) ...	nil ..	19,631
Value of same	nil ..	£196,000
Coal raised (tons)	24,067 ..	27,757

Value of same	£19,253	..	£16,120
Postal. Letters conveyed (No.) ...	723,064	..	2,203,040
Postal. Newspapers ditto (ditto)	606,503	..	1,288,747
Postal. Book packets ditto (ditto)	9,430	..	77,010
Postal. Money orders (ditto) ...	570	..	30,208
Postal. Amounts represented ...	£2,238	..	£114,847
Shipping inwards (number) ...	330	..	522
Tonnage	77,312	..	148,630
Shipping outwards (number)...	305	..	507
Tonnage	71,981	..	143,380
Products exported—			
Wool (lbs.)	8,063,612	..	17,793,392
Value of ditto	£627,182	..	£1,169,812
Tallow (tons)	1,503	..	2,890
Value of ditto	£50,979	..	£100,201
Gold (ozs.)	189	..	186,019
Value of ditto	£625	..	£660,396
Copper (cwt.)	5,360	..	57,720
Value of ditto	£10,332	..	£234,540
Cotton (lbs.)	14,344	..	1,486,987
Value of ditto	£1,423	..	£59,774
Live stock (number)	1,320	..	7
Value of ditto	£1,468	..	£2,095
Preserved and fresh meat ...	£510	..	£62,692
Extract of meat	nil	..	£4,891
Timber—value	£3,066	..	£20,079
Coal—value	£3,642	..	£3
Imports—total value ...	£1,323,509	..	£2,218,777
Exports—total value ...	£793,236	..	£2,998,934
Railways—miles open ...	nil	..	218
Ditto—number of passengers	nil	..	40,539
Electric telegraph—miles of wire	169	..	3,368
Ditto — number of messages	16,833	..	121,970
Bank liabilities	£442,249	..	£7,842,848
Note circulation	£87,103	..	£229,509
Deposits	£341,155	..	£1,590,283
Bank assets	£889,879	..	£2,200,346
Coin	£105,268	..	£481,848
Advances	£751,868	..	£7,449,615
Savings Bank—number of depositors	489	..	8,121
Ditto—Credit balance ...	£20,562	..	£466,754
Revenue	£295,286	..	£996,323
Expenditure	£317,026	..	£865,743
Loans	*£123,800	..	£1,466,500

* Authorised in 1861; there was no loan raised in 1862.

MAGISTERIAL AND POLICE.

MARYBOROUGH.

POLICE COURT.

Police Magistrate, George Faircloth.

Clerk of Petty Sessions, Stanley G. Hill (also acts as Sub-Immigration Agent and Agent to Curator of Intestate Estates)

Days appointed for hearing summons cases—Tuesdays and Fridays, at 10 a.m.

The Licensing Court is held at noon on the second Tuesday in each month.

SMALL DEBTS COURT.

Chairman of Bench, the P.M. Registrar, the C.P.S. Bailiff, George Eales. Jurisdiction under £30. Sittings, the first Monday in every month, at 11 o'clock a.m.

CIRCUIT COURT, MARYBOROUGH.

Sub-Sheriff, Geo. Faircloth, P.M. Sheriff's Officer, G. Eales.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT, MARYBOROUGH.

Judge, Edmund Sheppard. Crown Prosecutor, George Paul. Registrar and Sub-Sheriff, the C.P.S. Bailiff, G. Eales.

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, & DEATHS.

District Registrar, the C.P.S. Office, at the Court House. No fee charged for registration.

IMMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.

Immigration Agent and Polynesian Inspector, the P.M. Wardsman of Depot, William Green. Matron, Mrs. W. Green.

Magistrates duly appointed to give Consent to Marriage of Minors, George Faircloth, P.M.; R. B. Sheridan, W.P.M.

POLICE.

Senior-sergeant in charge of station, John W. Moore. Watchhouse keeper, Senior constable J. P. Fuery. 1 senior constable, 2 mounted and 5 foot constables.

Gaymdah.—Police Magistrate and C.P.S., John Ranken. 1 sergeant and 2 constables.

Gympie.—Police Magistrate, J. O'C. Bligh. C.P.S., W. Compigné. Inspector, S. J. Lloyd. 2 sergeants, 2 senior constables, 12 constables, and 2 native troopers.

Mount Perry.—Police Magistrate and C.P.S., A. W. Compigné. 1 senior sergeant, 1 sergeant, 1 senior and 2 constables.

Nanango.—Police Magistrate, A. Lee. 1 senior and 1 constable.

Bundaberg.—Police Magistrate—Joseph Hughes. Acting C.P.S.—Christopher Francis. 1 senior and 1 constable.

Tiaro.—1 senior and 1 constable.

GOVERNMENT OFFICERS.

CUSTOMS, HARBORS, &c.

Maryborough and Hervey's Bay.—Sub-Collector of Customs, Water Police Magistrate, Harbor Master, and Inspector of Distilleries—R. B. Sheridan. Second Officer and Landing Waiter—W. H. Irving. Chief Clerk—F. G. Symes. Second ditto—G. H. Burn. Third ditto—M. Robertson. Tide Waiter and Powder Magazine keeper—J. Goodwin. One Coxswain and two Boatmen, Sea Pilot—G. Groundwater. River Pilot—J. Montgomery. Assistant Pilot—John Evans. Wide Bay Pilot — John Smith. Principal Lighthouse-keeper, Woody Island—P. Hardie. Ditto, Sandy Cape—J. Simpson. Ditto, Lady Elliott's Island—James Forbes.

Bundaberg and Burnett River.—Sub-Collector and Harbor Master—James Hughes. Pilot—Thomas Clark.

LANDS AND SURVEY.

Maryborough.—Acting-Commissioner and District Surveyor, W. M. Davidson. Land Agent—J. R. Warner. Draftsman W. J. R. Evans.

Tenningering. — Acting-Commissioner—A. W. Compigné. Land Agent—A. W. Compigné.

Gayndah. — Acting-Commission and Land Agent — J. Ranken.

Gympie. — Acting-commissioner — J. O'C. Bligh. Land Agent—W. Compigné.

Bundaberg.—Acting-Commissioner and Land Agent — J. Hughes.

Nanango.—Land Agent—A. Lee.

The following officers are appointed to receive mineral applications :—The Land Agents at Maryborough, Gympie, and Bundaberg (except that portion of the district within the police district of Tenningering), within their respective districts.

The Chief Commissioner of Crown Lands, W. Alcock Tully, Brisbane, transacts the general business in connection with the unsettled district of the Burnett.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Foreman of Works—S. Bragg.
Road Surveyor—W. E. Mossman. Ditto—P. O'Regan.
Clerk—G. A. Watson.
Chief Overseer—H. Simcock, Ditto—J. Dean.

POST OFFICE.

Maryborough. — Postmaster — T. R. Dickins. Assistant John Kelly. Letter Carrier—R. W. Sims.
Gayndah.—Postmaster and Telegraphist—C. Smith.
Gympie. — Postmaster — J. Baird. Assistant—C. Daly. Letter Carrier—T. Wray.
One Mile Creek.—J. M'Laughlin.
Mount Perry,—Postmaster—T. M'Carthy.
Nanango.— Postmaster—A. Lee.
Bundaberg.—J. H. Cathcart.
Gootchy.—C. Scarrott.
Kilkivan.—J. Mackey.
Elliott.—R. Grout.
Owanyilla.—A. Muir.
Tewantin.—R. A. Richardson.
Jimna.—G. Whitington
Tiaro.—E. A. Ferguson.
Tinana.—F. Hill.
Upper Mary.—H. Burgess.
Yengarie.—R. Cran.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

Maryborough. — Station Master — T. Brand. Assistant Operator—R. H. Watson. Junior Operator—T. M. Barns. Line Repairer—J. Power. Messenger– Joshua Robertson.
Gympie.—Station Master—A. Burkitt. Line Repairer—G. Boddington.
Gayndah.—Station Master—C. Smith. Line Repairer—J. F. O'Reilly.
Hawkwood.—Station Master—J. Palmer. Line Repairer—J. Lalor.
Gin Gin.—Station Master—J. W. Dean. Line Repairer—H. Cargill.
Mount Perry (Tenningering). — Station Master—W. H. Panton. Line Repairer—T. White.
Bundaberg.—Station Master—E. J. Welch.

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK.

Office at the Post Office. Open on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, at 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., and on Saturday from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 7 to 8 p.m.
Other offices: at the P.O., Gayndah, Gympie, Mt. Perry, Jimna, Nanango, and Kilkivan, and at the Customs Office, Bundaberg.

REGISTRARS OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, & MARRIAGES.

Maryborough — Stanley Grantham Hill, C.P.S. Gympie — W. Compigné, C.P.S. Bundaberg — Joseph Hughes, P.M., and C.P.S. Mount Perry — A. W. Compigné, P.M. and C.P.S. Gayndah — John Connolly. Tewantine (Noosa)—R. A. Richardson, Postmaster. Nanango—A. Lee, P.M.

INSPECTOR OF BRANDS, CATTLE AND SHEEP.

G. W. Roebuck, Maryborough.

SHEEP DIRECTORS, BURNETT DISTRICT, FOR 1873-74.

A. G. Cameron, Culcraigie; G. Clapperton, Tarong; W. B. Green, Mondure; C. R. Haly, Taabinga; G. H. Jones, Boonara.

[All imported sheep have to perform a term of two months' quarantine at the port of debarkation. Intercolonial sheep can be introduced borderwise free from all restrictions, except that of Inspection.

Sheep Directors are also Inspectors of Sheep by virtue of their office.

The importation of cattle, sheep, and pigs is prohibited from all places beyond the Australian Colonies for two years, from 15th May, 1873. Cattle are admitted from Australian Colonies on production of certificate of health from the Chief Inspector of the colony from whence shipped.]

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

MARYBOROUGH.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.—Mayor, H. Stoward, Esq. Aldermen: Messrs. J. Annear, J. Donnelly, J. Graham, T. Hutchins, R. Murray, J. Pengelly, H. Bonarius, and M. S Walsh. Town Surveyor and Foreman of Works, J. Buchanan. Town Clerk, R. J.Ramsay. Rate Collector, J. Simpson. Wharf Clerk, J. L. Cunningham. Inspector of Nuisances, W. P. Woolston. The Council meets every second Tuesday, at the Council Chambers, Wharf-street.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—This institution, situated in Kent-street, was established in 1860. President, Hon. B. B. Moreton, M.L.A. Vice-President, C. Powell, Esq. Committee: Messrs. S. G. Hill, W. Walker, H. Walker, James Robertson, C. A. Feilberg, John Purser, F. Bryant, J. E. Noakes, and R. Jones. Auditors, Messrs. E. A. Hyde and N. Tooth. Secretary, Mr. James Dowzer. Number of members, about 250. The reading room is open daily from 10 a.m. to 9.30 p.m., and the Library from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m., and from 7 to 9.30 p.m.

HOSPITAL.—Vice-President, Henry Palmer Esq. Committee: Messrs. W. Walker, H. Walker, W. Barns, C. Powell, P. Graham, George Horsburgh, Sen: Surgeon, Dr. Power. House-Surgeon, Dr. Little. Secretary, S. J. B. Allbon. Wardsman and Matron, Mr. and Mrs. Leeson. Annual Subscription, £1. Patients admitted by ticket from subscribers, or by paying according to a certain scale.

PRIMARY SCHOOL.—Local Board: Messrs. James Dowzer, F. Bryant, W. Barns, H. Walker, W. Southerden, J. Purser, G. Horsburgh, Sen., E. J. Hobson. Hon. Secretary, J. Purser. Average attendance about 600. Boys' Head Master, Mr. Hercules Smith; second teacher, Mr. Maxwell; third teacher, Mr. Julius; assistant teacher, Mr. J. S. Closes. Girls' Head Teacher, Miss Marshall; second teacher, Miss M'Phie.

NON-VESTED SCHOOL in connection with the Catholic Church. Boys' School—Teacher, Mr. J. Hely. Girls' School—Sistersof St. Joseph, Convent. Average attendance, 125.

BURIAL BOARD.—Messrs. R. Travis (Chairman), G. Horsburgh, Sen., H. M'Dermott, W. Southerden, C. W. Weber (and one vacancy). Clerk to the Board, T. S. Barnett.

GAYNDAH.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.—Mayor. James Miller. Aldermen: W. Barnard. J. Bates, W. Brown, J. Bensted. Town Clerk, Thomas Black. Rate Collector and Inspector of Nuisances, W. Bell.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—President, Hon. B. B. Moreton. Vice-President—J. A. M'Killop, Esq., and a Committee of management.

PRIMARY SCHOOL.—Patrons: Messrs. James Walker, J. J. Caddell, G. Ernst, John Graham, and Robert Strathdee. Master, Mr. J. Ryder. Mistress, Miss Ryder.

HOSPITAL.—President, Hon. B. B. Moreton. Vice-President, James Walker, Esq., Secretary, Thomas Black; and a Committee of management.

BANKS.

Maryborough.—Commercial Banking Company of Sydney—Manager, W. Walker. Australian Joint Stock Bank—Manager, Henry Macdermott. Bank of New South Wales. Manager, F. A. Forbes. Queensland National Bank.—Manager, H. J. Gray.

Gympie.—Bank of New South Wales—Agent, C. J. Buckland. Australian Joint Stock Bank—Acting-Manager, E. Thomas. Queensland National Bank.—Manager, D. G. Stewart.

Bundaberg.—Bank of New South Wales—Acting-Manager, John Phillips.

Gayndah.—Commercial Banking Company of Sydney.—Manager, J. A. M'Killop.

Gladstone.—Australian Joint Stock Bank.—Manager, George Little.

Mount Perry.—Bank of New South Wales—Acting-Manager, J. G. Alford.

NEWSPAPERS.

Maryborough.—The Maryborough Chronicle (established 21st November, 1860); every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. *Wide Bay and Burnett News* (established July 2, 1870); every Wednesday and Saturday.

Gympie.—The Gympie Times; every Wednesday and Saturday.

Mount Perry.—The Mount Perry Mail.

LODGES AND BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

UNITY AND CONCORD.—I.C., Maryborough, meets on the Thursday before the full moon of each month. Officers: J. W. Moore, W.M., C. A. Feilberg, S.W., J. P. Furey, J.W., J. R. Warner, Treasurer. R. W. Sims, Secretary. J. H. Pengelly, J.D. E. H. Forster, S.D. B. Rowland, J.G. P. U. Walker, O.G.

STAR OF THE EAST.—E.C., No. 1407, Maryborough, meets on the third Monday in the month. Officers: H. Walker, W.M. F. Bryant, S.W. J. Jamieson, J.W. James Nesbitt, S.D. George Horsburgh, Sen., J.D. A. K. Bruce, Secretary. George Sutton, Treasurer. George Ross, J.G. P. U. Walker, O.G. H. Stoward and J. Graham, Stewards.

PIONEER LODGE.—E. C., Gympie, meets on the third Monday in the month. R. Critchley, Secretary.

FRIENDLY.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS, MANCHESTER UNITY.—Loyal Perseverance Lodge, No. 50, Maryborough. Officers for 1874: N. Cocking, G.M. F. Bawden, N.G. J. P. Furey, V.G. C. A. J. Woodcock, E.S. J. L. Cunningham, F.S. A. Pincher, Warden. J. Cuttler, M'Call, J. Pickering, and G. Black, Supporters. D. B. Hunter, conductor. J. Gee, Treasurer. E. Martin, J. L. Cunningham, and F. Itzstein, Trustees. G. H. Burn, J. Gibson, and J. L. Cunningham, Building Committee.

A Lodge of this Order is about to be opened at Yengarie.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE, Maryborough. — J. J. Maxwell, W.P.; — Krebs, W.A.; J. C. Halliday, R.S.; T. P. Peat, A.R.S.; J. Pyne, F.S.; W. A. Holme, Treasurer; Rev. M. H. Parkinson, Chaplain; G. Wilcox, Conductor; J. Parker, A.C.; G. Rees, J.S.; H. Rowland, O.S.; Dr. Palmer, Surgeon.

UNION FOUNDRY WORKS SICK AND ACCIDENT SOCIETY, Maryborough.—N. E. N. Tooth, Treasurer. Committee: Messrs. J. Reid, J. Jones, J. Cortes, J. Anderson, E. Ogden. G. R. Watson, Secretary. Visitors: J. Cortes, J. Reid.

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY, Maryborough. — A. W. Melville, President. James Duncan and A. H. Wilson, Vice-Presidents. A. K. Bruce, Treasurer. Committee: George Horsburgh, Jun., M M'Gregor, Jonathan Murray, James Graham (of Graham and Co.) James Rathray, A. W. M'Leish, David Scott, James Sim (Tertius), and A. Wylie.

SCANDINAVIAN SOCIETY, Maryborough. Established July, 1872. General meetings held quarterly. Committee of seven meets weekly to consider and deal with applications for assistance. Secretary, H. P. N. Juhl.

I.O.O.F.M.U., Gympie, G. Ambrose, Secretary. Place of meeting, the Masonic Hall. Time, every alternate Wednesday, commencing January 14, at 7.30 p.m.

GRAND UNITED ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS, Gympie, J. Chappell, Secretary, meet at the Masonic Hall, every alternate Wednesday, at 7.30 p.m., commencing January 7th.

TEMPERANCE.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS, Hope of Maryborough Lodge, No. 14. Brothers J. J. Maxwell, W.C.T.; T. P. Peat, W.V.T.; D. Watts, W.F.S.; W. Cooper, W.M.; E. Whitehead, W.I.G.; T. M'Gann, W.O.G.; J. Hanlon, W.S.; H. Moran, W.A.S.; J. L. Cunningham, P.W.C.T.; James Pyne, W.L.D.; Rev. Godson, Worthy Chaplain; Sister Maxwell, W.T.; Sister Pistorious, W.D.M; Sister M'Gilvray, W.R.H.S.; Sister Morgan, W.L.H.S.

TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY, Maryborough.—President, H. Smith. Vice-Presidents, J. Pyne, W. A. Holme. Secretary, T. P. Peat. Treasurer, William Forster. Hall-keeper, E. Whitehead. Members of Committee: George Wearin, J. J. Maxwell, T. T. Woodrow, R. Jones. Meetings held every alternate Friday, at the Temperance Hall, at 7.30 p.m.

BAND OF HOPE, Maryborough.—President, James Pyne. Vice-President, John Harwood. Secretary, Hercules Smith. Committee: E. Whitehead, T. Bromiley, E. Negus G. Jones, T. P. Peat, and George Wearin.

I.O.O.G.T., Gympie—R. Critchley, Secretary—meets on Monday, at the Masonic Hall, at 7.30 p.m.

I.O.O.G.T., One Mile, Gympie,—J. A. M'Leod, Secretary—meets every Tuesday, at 7.30 p.m.

I.O.O.G.T., Monkland, Gympie, J. Dillon, Secretary, meets every Thursday, at 7.30 p.m.

RECHABITES, S.N., Gympie, A. J. Ayers, Secretary, meet at the Oddfellows' Hall, alternate Wednesdays, at 7.30 p.m., commencing on January 14, 1874.

ORANGE INSTITUTION OF QUEENSLAND.

Lodge No. 6, Maryborough. Officers: Brothers J. E. Noakes, W.M.; T. M. Bussey, D.M.; Secretary; J. Dowzer, Treasurer; W. Barns, F.O.C.; J. Gee, S.W.; John Marshall, J.W.; P. U. Walker, Tyler.

Lodge No. 8, Maryborough. Brothers A. Graham, W.M.; H. Taylor, D.M.; G. Caldwell, Secretary; W. G. Elliott, Treasurer; — Gallagher, S.W.; — Wilcox, J.W.; P. U. Walker, Tyler.

Lodge No. 22, Maryborough, Brothers P. Burkhard, W.M.; A. Campbell, D.M.; J. Kelly, Acting Secretary and Treasurer; J. Dowzer, F.O.C.; J. Higgins, S.W.; Y. Gulzam, J.W.

Lodges: No. 7, on the river; No. 10, at Tiaro; No. 18, at Gympie. All under the control of the District Lodge, and represent about 460 members.

District Lodge. Brothers Henry Walker, President; John Kelly, Vice-President; William Barns, Secretary; and the W.M. and two delegates from each private Lodge.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES.

WIDE BAY FARMERS' AND PLANTERS' ASSOCIATION.

Established 1867. Managed by a President, Vice-President, and Committee. J. Dowzer, Hon. Sec.

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF WIDE BAY.

Managed by a President, Vice-President, and Committee. C, A. J. Woodcock, Hon. Sec. Meets at Owanyilla.

GAYNDAH PASTORAL AND AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

President—The Hon. B. B. Moreton. Secretary—T. Black.

LEGAL.

ATTORNEYS.

Maryborough.— William Barns, Edward Corser, Henry Walker, Robert Lyons, W. P. Morgan.
Gympie.—Horace Tozer.
Mount Perry.—W. P. Morgan.

COMMISSIONER FOR ISSUING WRITS UNDER COMMON LAW PROCESS ACT.

Maryborough.—G. Faircloth, P.M.

COMMISSIONERS FOR AFFIDAVITS.

Maryborough.—Geo. Faircloth, P.M. W. Barns, Edward Corser, Stanley G. Hill, Henry Walker.
Mount Perry.—William P. Morgan.
Gayndah.—John Connolly.
Gympie.—W. Compigné, H. Tozer.
Bundaberg.—J. Hughes, P.M.

COMMISSIONER OF SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Maryborough.—R. B. Sheridan.

MEDICAL.

Maryborough.—E. F. Palmer, J. H. Ward, J. P. Lane, J. J. Power, J. H. Little.
Upper Mary.—W. G. Bailey.
Gympie.—J. B. Benson. — Kennedy.
Gayndah.—G. Ernst.
Mount Perry.—J. H. Burgoyne.
Kolonga.—Dr. Sewell.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

Maryborough.—Incumbent, Reverend E. Tanner. Presentation Board—R. Tooth, Yengarie: W. M. Davidson, Maryborough; G. Faircloth, Maryborough. Churchwardens—F. A. Forbes, N. E. N. Tooth, J. R. Warner. Organist—Mr. Allbon.

Gympie.—Reverend T. V. Alkin.

Gayndah.—Reverend C. T. West.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Maryborough.—Resident Priests: The Very Reverend Dean P. E. Tissot, Reverend Father O'Brien. In connection with this church is a Convent of Sisters of St. Joseph.

Gympie.—Reverend M. Horan.

Gayndah.—Reverend C. Rossilini.

Nanango.—Reverend J. Romani.

Mount Perry.—Reverend C. Rossilini.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Maryborough. — Minister, The Reverend J. I. Knipe. Elders: G. Horsburgh, R. Cran, W. Walker, G. Manson, T. Miller, and J. Robertson.

Gympie.—Reverend Archibald Crawford.

WESLEYAN METHODIST.

Maryborough. — Minister, Reverend M. H. Parkinson. Church Officers: Circuit Steward, W. Williams. Society Steward, E. Scott. Church Steward, J. Robinson. Superintendent Sunday School, R. Jones.

Gympie.—Reverend C. Wiles.

Mount Perry.—Reverend J. F. Orr.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

Maryborough.—Reverend C. G. Hellmuth.

PARTICULAR LUTHERAN.

Maryborough.—Reverend F. Copas.

PRIMITIVE METHODIST.

Gympie.—Reverend J. Williams.

BAPTIST.

Maryborough.—W. T. Godson.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Are established in connection with the Church of England, Presbyterian, Wesleyan, and Roman Catholic Churches, at Maryborough; with the Church of England, and Roman Catholic Church, at Gayndah; with the Wesleyan and Roman Catholic Churches, at Mount Perry; and with the Church of England, Roman Catholic, Presbyterian, and Methodist Churches at Gympie.

CELEBRATION OF MARRIAGES.

The following Ministers are registered for the above purpose in the Maryborough district :—

Agnew, P. P., United Church of England and Ireland, Maryborough.
Alkin, T. V., Church of England, Gympie.
Campbell, H. J., Church of England, Gympie.
Copas, F., Lutheran, Maryborough.
Crawford. A., Presbyterian, Gympie.
Fuller, E., Primitive Methodist, Noosa.
Hansen, J. H., Lutheran, Maryborough.
Hellmuth, C. G., Lutheran, Logan Reserve.
Horan, M., Roman Catholic, Maryborough.
Jamieson, L., Congregationalist, Gympie.
Knipe, J. I., Presbyterian, Maryborough.
Laing, A. H., Presbyterian, Gladstone.
Lavers, H. J., Wesleyan Methodist, Maryborough.
O'Brien, T., Roman Catholic, Maryborough.
Orr, J. F., Wesleyan Methodist, Mount Perry and Gayndah.
Parkinson, M. H., Wesleyan Methodist, Maryborough.
Romani, J., Roman Catholic, Nanango.
Rossilini, C., Roman Catholic, Gayndah.
Scatechini, C., Roman Catholic, Gympie.
Tanner, E., Church of England, Maryborough.
Tissot, P. E., Roman Catholic, Maryborough.
Wann, J. W., Church of England, Gladstone.
Wiles, C., Wesleyan Methodist, Gympie.
Williams, J., Primitive Methodist, Gympie.

SPORTING AND OTHER CLUBS.

MARYBOROUGH RACE COURSE.

Committee: Messrs. E. Booker, R. Murray, R. H. Blissett, T. Hutchins, J. Purcell, M. S. Walsh, T. Cooper, P. Graham, and James Hanley.

GYMPIE RACE CLUB.

Managed by a Committee and Secretary. Secretary, Mr. W. Compigné.

GYMPIE CRICKET CLUB.

Managed by a Committee and Secretary. Secretary, Mr. T. Buckland.

QUEENSLAND JOCKEY CLUB, GAYNDAH.

Managed by a Committee and Secretary.

BUNDABERG RACE CLUB.

Managed by a Committee and Secretary.

TIARO RACE CLUB.

Managed by a Committee and Secretary.

MOUNT PERRY RACE CLUB.

Committee—W. Paterson, T. Morgan, J. T. Clarke, J. N. Tooth, D. Duncan, W. Mitchell, J. Kelly, and others. Hon. Secretary, J. T. Clarke.

GAYNDAH CRICKET CLUB.

Managed by a Committee and Secretary.

CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS.

THE MARYBOROUGH CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Provisional Directors: Mr. James Dowzer, Chairman; Messrs. William Turton, J. T. Annear, George A. Watson, G. Rutherford. Bankers, Queensland National Bank. Solicitor, Henry Walker, Esq. Secretary, Mr. Duncan Macnee. Office, Post Office Chambers.

GAYNDAH CO-OPERATIVE BUTCHERING ASSOCIATION.

Directors—Messrs. James Miller (chairman), J. Connolly, J. Bates, W. Barnard, J. Hamer, W. Lohr, and
Secretary, Mr. T. Black. Manager, Mr. J. Penton. Office, Capper-street.

GYMPIE CO-OPERATIVE BUTCHERING & GENERAL STOREKEEPING CO., LIMITED.

Frederick W. Frampton, Hon. Sec.

MARYBOROUGH PERMANENT BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.

Board of Directors: Mr. J. Dowzer, Chairman; Messrs. C. Powell, Peter Graham, J. E. Noakes, John Murray, E. A. Hyde. Trustees: E. Booker, Henry Serle Grenfell, and Robert Murdoch. Solicitor, Henry Walker. Secretary, John Purser. Bankers, Bank of New South Wales. Office, Lennox-street, Maryborough. Meeting for monthly payments, first Monday in every month.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

GYMPIE.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—Managed by a Committee and Secretary. Secretary, Mr. Quinton.

MINERS' INSTIUTE. — Managed by a Committee and Secretary. Secretary, Mr. Smythe.

HOSPITAL. — Managed by a Committee and Secretary. Secretary, Mr. Quinton. Medical Officers: Dr. Benson and Dr. Kennedy.

PRIMARY SCHOOL.—Master, D. C. Macgroarty.

DITTO, ONE MILE.—Master, J. M'Leod.

YENGARIE.

PRIMARY SCHOOL.—Master, A. Blyth.

TIARO.

PRIMARY SCHOOL.—Master, R. O. Bridge.

DUNDATHU.

RRIMARY SCHOOL.—Master, C. Johnson.

PIONEER'S REST.

PRIMARY SCHOOL.—Master, C. A. Young.

MOUNT PERRY.

Committee appointed to raise funds for the erection of a School of Arts, known as the Reading Committee—C. G. Alford, W. P. Morgan, M. Gardner, T. Morton. Secretary, A. Macdonald.

PRIMARY SCHOOL.—Patrons: C. G. Alford, R. T. Jones, T. Maher, D. Pollock, J. C. Walker.

BUNDABERG.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—This institution is managed by a Committee and Secretary. Secretary, J. Biggs.

SUGAR MILLS.

Yengarie, making and refining, Graham's Creek.—Proprietors, Messrs. Tooth and Cran.

Eatonvale, Mary River.—Proprietor, Mr. Wm. Canny.

Maryborough Sugar Company, Tinana Creek.—Manager, Mr. J. Jamieson.

Iindah, Mary River.—Proprietors, Messrs. Ramsay Brothers.

Kirkcubbin, Tinana Creek.—Proprietors, Messrs. Power and Lyons.

Magnolia, Tinana Creek.—Proprietor, Mr. O. de Libert.

Myrtle Grove, Mary River.—Proprietor, Mr. W. Mackean.

Good Hope, Mary River.—Proprietors, Messrs. Graham and Nixon.

Antigua, Mary River.—Proprietor, Mr. A. H. Brown.

Copenhagen Bend, Mary River.—Proprietors, Messrs. Dunn and Farquhar.

Central, Mary River.—Proprietor, Mr. Gibson.

Nerada, Tinana Creek,—Proprietor, Mr. C. A. J. Woodcock.

Irawarra, Graham's Creek.—Proprietor, Mr. F. F. Nixon.

Millbank, Burnett River.—Proprietor, Mr. J. Palmer.

Woondooma, Burnett River.—Proprietors, Messrs. J. and G. Stewart.

SAW MILLS.

Dundathu, near Maryborough—Proprietors, Messrs. Pettigrew and Co.

Maryborough Saw and Planing Mills, Maryborough—Proprietors, Messrs. Wilson, Bartholomew and Co.

Union Saw and Planing Mills, Maryborough—Proprietors, Messrs. Pettigrew and Co.

Mary River Saw Mills, Upper Mary—Proprietors, Messrs. Ramsay and Co.

Albion Mill, Ann-street, Maryborough—Proprietors, Messrs. Scott, Brothers.

Bundaberg Saw Mills, Bundaberg — Proprietor, Mr. S. Johnson.

Mount Perry Saw Mills—Proprietors, Messrs. E. Martin and Co.

Union Saw Mills, Gympie—Proprietors, Messrs. Ferguson, Dart, Anderson, and Co.

Cootharaba Saw Mills—Proprietors, Messrs. M'Ghie, Luya, Woodburn, and Goodchap.

COMPANIES.

MINING.

MOUNT PERRY COPPER MINING COMPANY. — Nominal Capital, £100,000. Shares, £1 each. Mining manager, W. H. Reynolds. Secretary, H. W. Dignell. Offices, Sydney. Agents at Maryborough, Messrs. Corser and Co.

NORMANBY COPPER MINING COMPANY, Mount Perry.—Nominal Capital, £80,000; shares £1. Mining manager, G. Gum. Secretary, F. Bryant. Offices, Maryborough. Works in suspense.

MOUNT COORA COPPER MINING COMPANY, Kilkivan.—Mining manager, Captain Stevens. Secretary, T. Ireland. Agent at Maryborough, James Robertson. Offices, Sydney. Stevens's lease absorbed into original Company.

MOUNT CLARA COPPER MINING COMPANY, Kilkivan.—Nominal Capital, £50,000. Shares, £1. Secretary, James Robertson. Offices, Maryborough. Works suspended.

WOLCA COPPER MINING COMPANY, Mount Perry.—Nominal Capital, £60,000. Shares, £1. Mining Manager, Captain I. Bennett. Secretary, R. Hall. Offices, Sydney. Working on tribute.

BOOLBOONDA COPPER MINING COMPANY, Mount Perry.—Nominal Capital, £70,000. Shares, £1. Mining manager, Captain Datson. Secretary, R. Hall, Offices, Sydney.

EDINA COPPER MINING COMPANY, Mount Perry.—Nominal Capital, £100.000. Shares, £1. Secretary, R. Hall. Offices, Sydney.

MUNNA COPPER MINING COMPANY, Kilkivan District.—Nominal Capital, £50,000. Shares, £1 each. Winding up, J. Purser and C. Faulkner, liquidators.

POTOSI SILVER MINING COMPANY, Mount Perry.—Nominal Capital £70.000. Shares £1. Secretary, R. Hall. Offices, Sydney. Winding up.

VICTORIA COPPER MINING COMPANY, Mount Perry.—Nominal Capital, £100,000. Shares, £1. Secretary, John Purser. Offices, Maryborough. Work suspended. Mine held in interest of Shareholders.

TEEBAR COPPER MINING COMPANY, Kilkivan district.—Nominal Capital, £100,000. Shares £1. Secretary, James Robertson. Offices, Maryborough. Work suspended except as to ore raised, which is being smelted.

ELLENDALE COPPER MINING COMPANY, Mount Perry.—Nominal Capital, £85,000. Shares, £1. Secretary, Mr. J. Purser. Offices, Maryborough. Work suspended, arrangements being made to let the Mine on tribute.

GREAT BLACKALL COPPER MINING COMPANY, Port Curtis District.—Nominal Capital, £100,000. Shares, £1. Secretary, B. H. Chapman. Offices, Sydney.

NEW CALLIOPE GOLD MINING COMPANY, near Gladstone.—Nominal capital, £30,000, in shares of £1 each. Mining manager, James Ford. Secretary, James Robertson. Office, Kent-street, Maryborough.

NEARDIE ANTIMONY MINING COMPANY, Maryborough.—Nominal Capital £20,000. Shares of £1. Mining manager, William Clarke. Secretary, William Howard, Kent-street, Maryborough.

THE LUG-E-NURE COPPER MINE, Calgour.—Not registered. Mining manager, A. S. R. Osborne. Agent in Maryborough, J. Purser, Lennox-street.

THE GOLDEN DART ANTIMONY MINING COMPANY.—Unregistered. Secretary, W. Howard, Kent-street, Maryborough.

SUGAR.

MARYBOROUGH SUGAR COMPANY.—Nominal Capital, £10,000. Shares, 50s. Manager, J. Jamieson. Secretary, James Robertson. Offices, Kent-street, Maryborough.

BANDICOOTS AND SEED CORN.—A correspondent of the *Queenslander* supplies the following method for the application of tar to seed corn as a protection against bandicoots:—"It is easy enough to use tar; mistakes occur in using too much. This season being dry, I put the seed in water out in the sun for a whole day; then at night pour off the water, and pour on the tar—a half-pint pannikin to a bushel of corn. Stir the whole with a stick while the tar is being put on until all the seed is coated with it. Let the corn stand all night, and in the morning mix dry ashes with it until the seed is covered. Then plant it in the usual way. Nothing eats this corn, neither bandicoots nor fowls, but they scrape it out at times, but not so much so as formerly. A little of the seed is injured, but an extra allowance provides for that. I have followed this plan for five years, and will do so while there are vermin about to scrape up the seed."

THE cultivation of the sunflower is making way in British Guiana, where the planters are discovering that both health and the pocket are thereby materially benefitted. Experience has shown that plots of sunflower are beneficial to health in marshy places, and that they have an important commercial value. They produce, in British Guiana, from eighty to a hundred bushels of seed per acre, and each bushel yields from five to seven quarts of oil, which is excellent for lamps, for the use of painters, and for culinary purposes. Poultry fed on the seeds fatten rapidly, and, because of the oil, require no animal food. The fibre of the stalks may be used as a substitute for hemp or flax, the leaves are relished as fodder by cattle, the young caps of the plant, properly cooked, are an agreeable vegetable for the table, and the flowers are a favorite resort of bees.

TABLE OF DISTANCES

To the following places :—

PIALBA.

	Miles.
From Maryborough to Saltwater Creek	4½
Thence to the Susan	5
„ Stockyard	5
„ Pialba	8½
	23

BUNDABERG.

From Maryborough to the Burrum	18
Thence to the Isis	16
„ Gregory	13
„ Bundaberg	24
	71

MOUNT PERRY.

OLD ROAD.

From Maryborough to Richmond's	8
Thence to the Rising Sun	7
„ Elliott	9
„ Cane's	10
„ Golden Fleece	6
„ Degilbo	18
„ Didcot	7
„ Burnett	15
„ Mount Perry	15
	95

NEW ROAD.

From Maryborough to Cane's	34
Thence to the Burnett	26
„ Mount Perry	25
	85

GAYNDAH.

Same as Mount Perry so far as Didcot.

From Maryborough to Didcot	65
Thence to Wetheron	12
„ Reids' (Barambah Hotel)	7
„ Gayndah	5
	89

KILKIVAN.

	Miles.
From Maryborough to Owanyilla	10
Thence to Tiaro	8
„ Scarrott's	10
„ Mary River	5
„ Miva Station	5
„ Brooya	7
„ Kilkivan	10
	55

MOUNT CLARA,

Taking the Kilkivan Road.

From Kilkivan to Mount Clara	6

MOUNT COORA,

Taking the Mount Clara Road.

From Mount Clara to Mount Coora	3

BLACK SNAKE,

Taking the Mount Coora Road.

From Mount Coora to Black Snake	3

TEEBAR MINE.

From Maryborough to Richmond's	8
Thence to Rising Sun	7
„ Elliott	9
„ Teebar Mine	12
	36

CALGOUR.

Taking the Teebar Mine Road.

From Teebar Mine to Teebar Station	8
Thence to Gigoomgan	3
„ Calgour	14
Distance from Maryborough	61

GYMPIE.

From Maryborough to Owanyilla	10
Thence to Tiaro	8
„ Gootchy (Scarrott's)	10
„ Thompson's	12
„ Palmer's	11
„ Gympie	9
	60

BRISBANE,
Taking the Gympie Road.

	Miles.
From Maryborough to Gympie	60
Gympie to Yandina	48
Thence to Cobb's Camp	9
„ Mooloolah	11½
„ Caboolture	26½
„ Pine River	15
„ Brisbane	16
Distance from Maryborough	186

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES REGISTERED IN MARYBOROUGH DURING 1873.

		Males.	Females	Total.
Quarter ending March 31,	Births	61	49	110
	Deaths	36	19	55
	Marriages			24
„ June 30,	Births	75	50	125
	Deaths	31	18	49
	Marriages			40
„ September 30,	Births	71	49	120
	Deaths	33	13	46
	Marriages			40
„ December 31,	Births	54	51	105
	Deaths	40	26	66
	Marriages			51
Totals for the year ...	Births	261	199	460
	Deaths	140	76	216
	Marriages			155

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS, FOR THE PORT OF MARYBOROUGH, 1873.

Imports	£156,951
Exports	312,084

Duties collected at the port of Maryborough, £39,447 1s. 3d.

The above amounts do not include the imports via Brisbane, nor the duties collected there on Maryborough account. The former may be set down at from £250,000 to £300,000 annually, the latter at between £40,000 and £50,000.

POST OFFICE, MARYBOROUGH,

FOR THE YEAR 1873.

THE following return shows the number of letters, &c., registered, posted, received, and despatched in the Post Office, Maryborough, during the year 1873, together with the amount of Money Order and Savings Bank business transacted.

Number of Letters posted	142,934
„ Newspapers	68,406
„ Book Packets	4,851
„ Letters Registered	1,125
„ Mails received from other offices	2,944
„ Registered letters received from other offices	1,932
„ Ordinary ditto ditto	141,733
„ Mails despatched to other offices	2,887
„ Registered letters despatched to other offices	1,790
„ Ordinary ditto ditto	145,711

No record is kept of the number of newspapers or book packets received from, or despatched to, other offices.

MONEY ORDER AND SAVINGS BANK BUSINESS.

	Amount.
Number of Money Orders issued, 1330	£5,246 2 6
Number of Money Orders paid, 481	2,078 0 1
Savings Bank Deposits	14,439 19 9
„ „ Withdrawals	12,478 16 3

POLICE COURT BUSINESS IN 1873.

THE following is a return of the number of cases investigated, and summarily dealt with in the police district of Maryborough, between Jan. 1 and Dec. 31, 1873, inclusive. This does not include the ordinary summons cases. Offences against the person, 13; do. against property, 30; under the Vagrant Act, 18; Merchant Seamen's Act, 7; Masters' and Servants' Act, 13; drunkenness, 89 (3 females); other offences, 26; making a total of 196 cases dealt with. These were disposed of as follows:—130 were convicted, 16 committed for trial, and 50 discharged. The number of persons taken in charge by the police during the year was 166, including 9 females. Of the above, 42 males could neither read nor write, 12 could read only, and 112 could both read and write.

GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS.

EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.

EXECUTIVE.

GOVERNOR.—His Excellency The Most Honorable George Augustus Constantine, Marquis of Normanby, Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Normanby, and Baron Mulgrave of Mulgrave, all in the County of York, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; and Baron Mulgrave of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, in the Peerage of Ireland; a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Queensland and its Dependencies.

Private Secretary—Irwin Charles Maling, 35th Royal Regiment.

Aide-de-Camp—Charles Ridley Smith.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

President—His Excellency the Governor.

Vice-President—The Hon. Arthur Macalister, Colonial Secretary.

Members.
- The Attorney-General—The Hon. E. O. D. M'Devitt
- The Postmaster-General—The Hon. George Thorne.
- The Colonial Treasurer—The Hon. William Hemmant.
- The Minister for Works—The Hon. Thomas M'Ilwraith.
- The Minister for Lands—The Hon. Thomas Blackett Stephens.

Clerk of the Executive Council—Albert Victor Drury.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

President—The Hon. Sir Maurice Charles O'Connell, Knight.

Chairman of Committees—The Hon. Daniel Foley Roberts.

Clerk of the Council and of the Parliaments—Henry Johnson. Clerk Assistant—R. E. G. Johnson. Librarian—Rev. J. R. Moffatt. Usher of the Black Rod—Francis Robert Chester Master. Messengers—James Doyle, J. Kelly, and J. Wright.

LIST OF MEMBERS (27),

President—The Hon. Sir Maurice Charles O'Connell, K.G.M.G.
Chairman of Committees—The Hon. Daniel Foley Roberts

Hon. Eyles I. Browne	Hon. Wm. Houston Long
Hon. Henry Bates Fitz	Hon. J. Fredk. McDougall
Hon. James Gibbon	Hon. John C. Mullen

Hon. George Harris
Hon. Fredk Hamilton Hart
Hon. John Christian Heussler
Hon. William Hobbs
Hon. Louis Hope
Hon. Wm. Fredk. Lambert
Hon. Alfred H. Brown
Hon. R. Ramsay
Hon. W. D. Box
Hon. T. L. Murray-Prior
Hon. H. G. Simpson
Hon. James Taylor
Hon. Wm. Thornton
Hon. Wm. Duckett White
Hon. Wm. Yaldwyn
Hon. F. T. Gregory
Hon. W. Wilson
Hon. Gordon Sandeman

Hon. A. B. Buchanan.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Speaker—The Hon. William Henry Walsh.

Chairman of Committees—

Clerk of the Assembly—Lewis Adolphus Bernays, F.L.S. Clerk Assistant—Henry Wyatt Radford. Short-hand Writers and Clerks of Committees—appointed to Legislative Assembly, John Gilligan and D. F. T. Jones; appointed to Legislative Council, Lawrence J. Byrne. Sergeant-at-Arms—Edmund Blucher Uhr. Messengers—R. Gee and W. Smith. Library Messenger—James Timms.

LIST OF MEMBERS (42).

Warwick—J. Morgan
Springsure—J. Scott
Port Curtis—A. H. Palmer
Darling Downs—E. Weinholt
Normanby—O. de Satge
Maryborough—B. B. Moreton
Gympie—R. S. Lord
Gayndah—F. J. Ivory
Clermont—C. J. Graham
Bowen—T. H. Fitzgerald
Wide Bay—W. G. Bailey
Toowoomba—H. Groom
Northern Downs—H. Thorne
Dalby—J. P. Bell
Fortitude Valley—C. Lilley
Warrego—W. H. Walsh
Aubigny—R. Pechey
Ipswich—A. Macalister
Brisbane—R. Stewart
Logan—P. H. Nind
Balonne—A. Walker
East Moreton—W. A. Fryar
Wickham—G. Edmondstone
West Moreton—Jas. Foote
Blackall—P. F. M'Donald
Ravenswood—E. O. D. M'Devitt
Mulgrave—Walter Scott
South Brisbane—T. B. Stephens
Enoggera—J. R. Dickson
Kennedy—J. M. Macrossan
Bremer—Hon. J. M. Thompson
Carnarvon—W. Miles
Maranoa—T. M'Ilwraith
Fassifern—
Oxley—S. W. Griffiths
Mitchel—B. D. Morehead
Bulimba—W. Hemmant
Stanley—J. Pettigrew
Rockhampton—C. H. Buzacott
Leichardt—E. M. Royds
Bundanba—S. Fraser
Burke—W. O. Hodgkinson

THE ROYAL FAMILY OF GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEEN (Alexandrina) VICTORIA, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, only daughter of His Royal Highness Edward Duke of Kent, born May 24, 1819, succeeded to the throne on the decease of her uncle, King William IV., June 20, 1837. Proclaimed, June 21. Crowned Sovereign of these Realms, at Westminster, June 28, 1838. Married, Feb. 10, 1840, His Royal Highness Francis Albert Augustus Charles Emmanuel, Duke of Saxe, Prince of Saxe Coburg and Gotha (*b.* August 26, 1819 ; *d.* December 14, 1861), K.T., G.C.B., &c. *Issue*—I. Victoria Adelaide Mary Louisa, Princess Royal, *b.* November 21, 1840 ; *m.* January 25, 1858, Frederick William, Crown Prince of Prussia, K.G. *Issue*—four sons and three daughters. II. Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, *b.* November 9, 1841 ; *m.* March 10, 1863, to the Princess Alexandra of Denmark. *Issue*—two sons and three daughters. III Alice Maude Mary. *b.* April 25, 1843 ; *m.* July 1, 1862, Prince Louis of Hesse, *Issue*—one son (dead) and three daughters. IV. Alfred Ernest Albert (Duke of Edinburgh), *b.* August 6, 1844. V. Helena Augusta Victoria, *b.* May 25, 1846 ; *m.* July 5, 1866, Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderbourg-Augustenbourg. *Issue* — two sons and one daughter. VI. Louisa Carolina Alberta, *b.* March 18, 1848 ; *m.* March 21, 1871, Marquis of Lorne. VII. Arthur Patrick William Albert, *b.* May 1, 1850. VIII. Leopold George Duncan Albert, *b.* April 7, 1853. IX. Beatrice Mary Victoria Feodore, *b.* April 14, 1857.

SOVEREIGNS OF EUROPE.

COUNTRY.	NAME.	BIRTH.	AGE, 1874	ACCESS
Great Britain..	VICTORIA.	May 24, 1819.	55	1837
Austria	Francis Joseph	Aug. 18, 1330.	44	1848
Bavaria	Louis II.	Aug. 25, 1845.	29	1864
Belgium	Leopold II.	April 9, 1835.	36	1865
Denmark	Christian IX.	April 8, 1818.	59	1863
France	(Pres.—Mar. Macmahon)			
Greece	George I.	Dec. 24, 1845.	29	1863
Italy	Victor Emmanuel	Mar. 14, 1820.	54	1862
Netherlands ..	William III.	Feb. 19, 1817.	57	1849
Portugal	Louis I.	Oct. 31, 1838.	36	1861
Prussia	William I.	Mar. 22, 1797.	77	1861
Rome	Pius IX.	May 13, 1792.	82	1846
Russia	Alexander II.	April 29, 1818.	55	1855
Saxony	Albert			1873
Spain	Republic.			
Sweeden & Nor.	Oscar II.			1872
Turkey	Abdul Aziz	Feb. 9, 1830.	44	1861

President of the United States—Ulysses S. Grant.

THE FRANCHISE.

EVERY man twenty-one years of age, who is either a natural born or naturalised subject of Her Majesty, is entitled to a vote—

(1.) If he has resided in the electoral district for which he claims during the six months preceding the holding of the Revision Court, in August.
(2.) If he is a freeholder of six months' standing, possessing property of the clear value of £100; or the occupier of a house or tenement of the annual value of £10; or a leaseholder to the annual value of £10, of which lease, at the time of registration, he has been in possession for eighteen months, or which has not less than eighteen months to run; or the holder of a pastoral lease from the Crown.

Any person claiming to have his name inserted in any electoral roll must forward an application, in the annexed form, to the Clerk of Petty Sessions for the district, during the months of March, April, or May:—

I hereby give you notice that I claim to have my name inserted in the electoral roll for the electoral district of my name, residence, and qualification being as hereunder stated—

Christian and Surname.	Residence.	Qualification.	Where situate or how arising.

Signed

Dated this day of 187

It is also necessary to make a declaration, as in the following form, to be attested by a Magistrate, or Justice of the Peace, which declaration must accompany the claim.

I of * do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am possessed of the Qualification mentioned in my Notice of Claim hereto attached (or above written), and that the particulars of such Qualification, as contained in the said Notice of Claim, are correct in every particular. And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Signature of declarant—

I certify that the above Declaration was made and subscribed before me at this day of one thousand eight hundred and seventy , and that to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, the same is correct.

J.P.

In addition to the above, it is necessary, as a final qualification, that every person whose name appears on the electoral roll should be possessed of an "elector's right," and this may be obtained by applying, in person, to the Clerk of Petty Sessions, or other persons appointed under the Act, for the district. Once issued, an elector's right is valid so long as the name of the holder appears on the electoral roll. It constitutes his title to vote, as provided by the 36th section of the statute.

* Residence and description.

DISTRICT
TRADES DIRECTORY.

MARYBOROUGH.

Accountants.

Macnee, Duncan, Bazaar-street
Fisher, William, ditto

Agents (Custom House).

Brown, J. E., Richmond-street
Travis, Thos., Kent-street
Graham and Co., ditto
Corser and Co., ditto
Duncan and Co., ditto
Smith, Frank, Wharf-street

Agents (House and Estate).

Barnett, T. S., Richmond-street
Fisher, William, Bazaar-street
Holme, W. A., Richmond-street
Macnee, Duncan, Bazaar-street
Robinson and Pritchard, Kent-street
Hutchins, Thos., ditto

Agents (Forwarding).

Brown, J. E., Richmond-street
Graham and Co,, Kent-street
Corser and Co., ditto
Duncan and Co., ditto
Smith Frank, Wharf-street

Agents (Shipping).

Travis and Co., Kent-street
Brown, J. E., Richmond-street
Corser and Co., Kent-street
Graham and Co., ditto
Smith, Frank, Wharf-street
Young, W., Kent-street

Agents (Stock and Station).

Travis and Co., Kent-street
Brown, J. E., Richmond-street
Corser and Co., Kent-street
Philpott, J., ditto
Evans, T., ditto
Stewart, J,, ditto
Graham and Co., ditto

Agents (Mining).

Philpott, J., Kent-street
Robertson, J., ditto
Barnett, T. S., Richmond-street
Purser, J., Lennox-street

Architect,

Buchanan, Jas., Wharf-street

Auctioneers.

Robinson and Pritchard, Kent-street
Stoward and Bryant, ditto
Stewart, J., Richmond-street
Duncan, Jas., Kent-street
Evans, Thos., ditto

Bakers.

Barbeler, Valentine, Kent-street
Graham, Jas., ditto
Macpherson, J., ditto
Scott, Senior, Lennox-street
Wallis, Jas., Richmond-street
Axleman and Co., Walker-street

Banks.

Commercial Bank of Sydney, Kent-street
Australian Joint Stock Bank, Kent-street
New South Wales Bank, Richmond-street
National Bank of Queensland, ditto

Baths (Swimming).

Marshall, J., Wharf Reserve

Boarding Houses.

Queensland (Julin), Wharf-street
Jeffery's, Lennox-street

Booksellers and Stationers.

Miller, Thos., Kent-street
Rowland, Ruth, ditto

Bootmakers.

Gee, Jerram, Bazaar-street
Leach, T., Kent-street
Scott, E. and S., Ellena-street
Moore, Jas., Adelaide-street
Gibson, Jessee, ditto
Hunter, J., Kent-street
Newman, F., Wharf-street

Brokers (Share).

Philpott, J., Kent-street
Barnett, T. S., Richmond-street
Robertson, J., Kent-street

Brokers (Sugar).

Duncan & Co., Kent-street
Graham & Co., ditto
Murdock & Co., Adelaide-street
Brown, J. E., Richmond-street
Corser and Co., Kent-street

Builders and Contractors.

Caldwell & Dodson, Adelaide-street
Thompson & Linklater, John-street Lane
Annear, Jno., Ellena-street
Negus, Geo., Adelaide-street
Livingstone
Smith, W. G., Richmond-street
Carruthers, Ferry-street
Bull, H., Richmond-street
Taylor, T.

Butchers.

Booker, E., Richmond-street
Murray, J. & R., Wharf-street
Kruger, C. F., Adelaide-street

Cabinetmakers and Upholsterers.

Dawson, Wm., Adelaide-street
Kirk & Winston, Adelaide-street
Smith, W. G., Richmond-street
Buckley, Tim., Bazaar-street

Coachbuilders.

Daly, John, Richmond-street
Bartholomew, J., Adelaide-street
Hughes, R., and Co., Richmond-street

Confectioners (Wholesale & Retail).

Griffiths, David, Kent-street

Cooper

Gregory, Charles, Lennox-street

Dentists.

Bruce, A. K., Kent-street
Coffey, Wm., Bazaar-street
Rowland, Kent-street

Drapers.

Travis, R., and Co., Kent-street
Buss & Penny, Adelaide-street
Dearnaley, R., Bazaar-street
Jones, R., Adelaide-street
Moore, Jas., Adelaide-street
Stupart, Geo., Kent-street
Scott, Senior, Lennox-street
Williams, W., Kent-street

Earthenware and Glass Warehouses.

Travis and Co., Kent-street
J. E. Noakes, Adelaide-street
Powell and Co., ditto
Moore, James, Adelaide-street

Engineers and Iron-founders.

Walker and Co., Bowen-street
R. Hughes and Co., Richmond-street

Fruiterers (Wholesale).

Gibbons, John, Richmond-street
William and Co., Bazaar-street

Fruiterers (Retail).

Cheyne, J., Bazaar-street
Hughes, Wm.; Kent-street
Tortoni, L., Adelaide-street

Furniture Warehouses.

Dawson, Wm., Adelaide-street
Kirk and Winston, ditto
Smith, H., Richmond-street

General Dealers.

Best, Robert, Kent-street
Norton, H., Bazaar-street

Ginger Beer and Cordial Manufacturers.

Baker, Wm., Ellena-street
Mansfield, S., Richmond-street
Aerated Water and Liqueur Manufactory, Bazaar-street

Grocers.

Brennan and Geraghty, Lennox-street
Dearnaley, R., Bazaar-street
Hanley, Brothers, ditto
Jones, R., Adelaide-street
Moore, James, ditto
Murray, John, ditto
Noakes, J. E., ditto
Scott, Senior, Lennox-street
Woodrow, T. T., Bazaar-street

Hair Dressers.

Johnson, W., Kent-street
Best, R., ditto
Arena, P., Adelaide-street

Hotels and Inns.

Ariadne, T. Cook, Ferry-street
Ballarat, R. Taylor, Bazaar-street
Club, T. Cooper, Bazaar-street
Commercial, G. Ross, Kent-street
Custom-house, J. Franklin, Richmond-street
Elephant and Castle, G. Pitt, Lennox-street
Engineers' Arms, T. Dillane, March-street
Golden Lamb, J. Johnson, Ann-street
Melbourne, S. Gregory, Wharf-street
Post-office, J. F. Kennelly, Bazaar-street
Prince of Wales, F. Howard, Adelaide-street
Queens, E. Goodwin, Kent-street
Royal, R. M. Hyne, ditto
Royal Exchange, R. Howell, Adelaide-street
Rising Sun, Weinheimer, Richmond-street
Steam Packet, W. Howard, Kent-street
Southern Cross, M. Byrne, Lennox-street
Sydney, G. Sutton, Richmond-street
Tattersalls, J. Purcell, Richmond-street
Victoria, D. Mehan, Lennox-street
White Lion, M. S. Walsh, John-street
White Swan, J. O'Brien, Ferry-street

Ironmongers.

Powell and Co., Adelaide-street
R. Travis and Co., Kent-street
Scott, Senior, Lennox-street

Jewellers.

Bliss, J. H., Kent-street
Kehlet, F., ditto
Vogel, X., ditto

Leather and Grindery Warehouse.

Powell and Co., Adelaide-street
Scott, Senior, Lennox-street

Merchants.

Travis and Co., Kent-street
Brown, J. E., Richmond-street
Graham and Co., Kent-street
Corser and Co., ditto
Duncan and Co., ditto
Murdoch and Co., Adelaide-atreet
Stoward and Bryant, Kent-street
Young, Wm., ditto

Newspapers.

Chronicle Office, Kent-stret.
News Office, Adelaide-street.

News Agents.

Miller, Thos., Kent-street
Rowland Ruth, Kent-street

Nightman.

White Godfrey F., Richmond-street

Nurseryman.

Cheyne John, Bazaar-street
Ingham, J., Kent-street

Optician.

Bliss, J. H., Kent-street

Printers.

Roberts, W. S., Kent-street.
Keith, W., Adelaide-street.

Pastrycooks.

Barbeler, V., Kent-street
Macpherson, J., ditto
Griffiths, D., Kent-street
Faulder, C., Johns-lane

Photographer.

Forster, E. H., Kent-street

Picture-frame Maker.

Buckley, T., Bazaar-street

Produce Warehouses.

Gibbons, J., Richmond-street
Williams and Co., Bazaar-street
Young, Wm., Kent-street
Duncan and Co., Kent-street

Saddlers.

Keane, P., Bazaar-street
Noakes, T., Kent-street
Scott, Senior, Lennox-street

Saw Mills.

Union and Dundathu, Pettigrew and Co.
Maryborough, Wilson, Bartholomew and Co.
Mary River, Ramsay Brothers
Scott's, Ann-street

Seedsman.

Cheyne, John, Bazaar-street

Soap Works.

Purser, John, Lennox-street

Shoeing Forges.

Bartholomew, John, Adelaide-street
Campbell, James, ditto
Nicol. Jas., Richmond-street
Williams, R., Adelaide-street

Solicitors.

Barns, Wm., Kent-street
Corser, E., Bazaar-street
Lyons, J. P., ditto
Walker, Henry, Kent-street
Morgan, W. P., Bazaar-street

Tailors.

Foster, Wm., Kent-street
Royle, Wm., Richmond-street

Tin and Galvanised Iron Works.

Horsburgh, Geo., Richmond-street
Cutler, Brothers, Kent-street

Tobacconists.

Johnson, Wm., Kent-street
Bonar, Mrs., ditto

Toy Warehouses.

Griffiths, D., Kent-street
Bonar, Mrs., ditto

Undertakers.
Bull, H., Richmond-street
Dawson, Wm., Adelaide-street

Watchmakers.
Bliss, J. H., Kent-street
Kehlet, F., ditto
Vogel, X., ditto

Wheelwrights.
R. Hughes and Co., Richmond-street
Rahman, Alice-street
Barthlomew, J., Adelaide-street
Bodimeade, Geo., March-street
Daly, J., Richmond-street

Wine and Spirit Merchants.
Travis and Co., Kent-street
Corser and Co., ditto
Graham and Co., ditto
Stoward and Bryant, ditto
Murdock and Co., Adelaide-street
Brown, J. E., Richmond-street

GLADSTONE.

Auctioneers, Stock and Estate Agents.
Friend, Henry, Victoria and Queens Wharves
Richardson, Samuel, Glenlyon-street

Builders, &c.
Hay and Day, Lord-street
Powe, John, Tooloora-street
Coase, John E., Whiteside

Bakers.
Smith, F., Glenlyon-street
O'Sing, John, ditto

Bank.
Australian Joint Stock, Goondoon-street. Manager, Geo. Little. Accountant, G. E. Gore

Blacksmiths and Wheelwrights.
Mills, W., China-lane
Niell, James, Glenlyon-street
Ashman, R., Calliope
Macgregor, R., Cariboo

Bootmakers.

Hopkins, J., Glenlyon-street
Nay, W., ditto

Butchers.

Watt, W. W., and Co., William-street
Peong and Co., Calliope

Boarding-house Keepers.

Walters, Joseph, Glenlyon-street
Sims, John, Goondoon-street

Confectioner.

Byers, Henry, Auckland Parade

Chemist.

Jones, John, Goondoon-street

Cordial and Soda Water Factory.

Smith, F., Glenlyon-street

Cheese Factories.

Lilly, Brothers, Boyne Island
Niell, Hugh, Galloway Plains

Dairymen.

Levie, George, Taymount
Mann, Thomas, Eagle Farm
Turick, Charles, Helderburg

Engineers.

Cairncross, David, Lillyvale
James M'Dougall, Calliope
Goody, Geo., New Zealand Gully

Innkeepers.

Nichols, Richard, National Hotel, Gladstone
Ryalls, Thomas, Metropolitan, ditto
Cowan and Rideout, Commercial, ditto
Wilson, Joseph, Clinton Hotel, Briffney Creek
Furguson, George, Clyde Hotel, Clyde Creek
Pujolas, Frank, Diggers' Arms, Calliope Goldfields
Sutherland, M. A., Prospect Hotel, ditto
M'Guire, Charles, Cat Fish Inn, Upper Calliope
Reilly, Thomas, Rainbow Inn, Rainbow Creek

Innkeepers– *(continued)*

Thompson, John, Junction Hotel, Kroombit
Brown, Robert, Brown's Hotel, Cariboo
Clowes, Daniel, Bobby Burns, Crossvale
Macintosh, K., Lighthouse Hotel, Bustard Bay

Lime and Marble Works.

Sims, John, Calliope River

Masons.

Wanmer, S., Auckland-street
Clune, M., ditto

Master Mariners and Shipowners.

L. Jansen, Maggie Logan, Rosebury-street
Sims, John, Alabama, Goondoon-street
Watson, James, Annie, Calliope

Saw Mills.

Munro, D. E., Bustard Bay
Miller, R., Calliope River

Storekeepers, &c.

Breslin, C. C., Goondoon-street
Evans, S. W., Glenlyon-street
Wallis, A., Calliope
Sutherland, M. A., ditto
Sam Wah, ditto
Harvey and Bird, Cariboo
Bell and Crawford, ditto
M'Cullom, John, ditto
Bedford, J., Kroombit

Saddlers, &c.

Hawthorne, James, China-lane
Warden, A., Cariboo

Tailor.

Fry, Charles, China-lane

Wine and Spirit Merchants and Storekeepers.

Friend, Henry, Victoria Wharf, Agent for the "Lord Ashley"
M'Collim, Edward, Commercial Wharf, A.S.N. Company's Agent

GYMPIE.

Auctioneers.

Booth, E. H., Mary-street.
Evereste, C. F. do.
Mant, F. D., Commissioners' Hill.

Assayer.

Joseph, H., Mary-street.

Architect.

Duritz, H. D.

Butchers (Wholesale).

Elworthy, Mellor, and Best.

Butchers (Retail)

Budge, S., Local Court-street.
Budge, J., Mary-street.
Burchell, J., Monkland.
Critchlow, R., Mary-street.
M'Gill, W., Apollonian Vale.
Stockley, R., Mount Pleasant.
Tiverdale and Young, Caledonian Hill.
Wormold, J., One Mile.
Weston, C., Mary-street.

Bakers.

Ball and Co., One Mile.
Long, S., Mary-street.
Jacob, A. J, Local Court-street.
Quinlan, J., Apollonian Vale.
Crocodile Bakery, Mary-street.
Morton, T., Apollonian Vale.

Blacksmiths.

Bainbridge, J., Commissioners' Hill.
Cockbourne, J., Mary-street.
Johnson, W., do.
Ambrose, G., Caledonian Hill.
Houldsworth, J., Apollonian Vale.
Poule, G., One Mile.

Brickmakers.

Dudley, R., One Mile.
Parker and Kyte, One Mile.

Bricklayers.

Olney, J., Surface Hill.
Tamsworth, Red Hill.

Bootmakers.

Shields, M., Mary-street.
Staunton, W., ditto.
Haena, F., ditto.
Rice, R., ditto.
Hayles, J., ditto.
Hamill, ditto.
Alcock, R., One Mile.
Oswald, S., ditto.
Christophel, ditto.
Dillon, P., Mary-street

Confectioner.

Morton, T., Apollonian Vale.

Cooper.

Seiffarth, Fritz, Red Hill.

Cabinet Makers.

Neiman and Co., Mary-street.
Moss, W., Caledonian Hill.
Rowe, C., Commissioners' Hill.
Tibbet, S., ditto.
Sommerville, ditto.
Parsons, J. Mary-street.

Carpenters and Builders.

Jew, J., Mary-street.
Rankin, Commissioners' Hill.
Condon, H., Mary-street.
Cockbourne, A., Caledonian Hill.
Poulton, H., Commissioners' do.
Dovey, V., Apollonian Vale.
Bullen, B., One Mile.
Walker, J., ,,
Parsons, J., Mary-street.

Chemists.

Hughes, T., Mary-street.
Smith, B. B., ditto.
Cotham, L,, ditto.
Costin, W. J., One Mile.

Doctors.

Dr. Benson, Caledonian Hill.
Dr. Kennedy, Mary-street.

Drapers.

Stewart and Hemmant, Mary-street.
Kidgell Bros., ditto.
Patterson Bros., ditto.
Finney, A., ditto.
Walsh and Co., ditto.
Daniell, W. J., ditto.
Walsh and Co., Caledonian Hill.
Blackburn and M'Laughlan, One Mile.

Earthenware and Glass Warehouses.

Bytheway, E., Mary-street.
White, G., Caledonian Hill.

Engineers.

Laurie, R., Gympie.
Thomas, W., One Mile,

Fruiterers.

Eaton, J., Mary-street.
Stuckey, G., ditto.
Smith, J., ditto.
Garner, J., Caledonian Hill.
Hampson, J., ditto.
Phillips, Mary-street.

Gunsmith.

Robinson, G., Mary-street

General Dealers.

White, G., Caledonian Hill
Stuckey, G., Mary-street
Watts, G. A., ditto

Grocers.

Walsh and Company, Caledonian Hill
Chin, Alek and Co., Commissioner's Hill
Ferguson Brothers, Mary-street
Cavol, C., ditto
Ferguson, J., ditto
Wah Hing, ditto
Kennedy and Hawley, ditto
Cullinane, J., ditto
Landy Brothers, ditto
Toms, G., ditto
Woodrow, T. T., ditto
Scott, W., ditto
Blackburn and M'Laughan, One-mile
O'Keeffe, A., Monkland

Hairdressers.

Heilbron, T. J., Apollonian Vale
Bolland, G., Mary-street

Hotels.

Northumberland, H. Croaker, Commissioner's Hill
Freemasons', G. Thrower, ditto
Commercial, D. Hendry, ditto
Foos, J. Corry, ditto
Miners' Arms, H. Lorigan, Mary-street
Exchange, H. Hills, ditto
Melbourne, T. Cowell, ditto
Black Horse, T. Edwards, ditto
Rose of Australia, H. Goodwin, ditto
Shamrock, P. Mellrick, ditto
Hotel de France, T. Junin
Golden Age, Mary M'Cormack, ditto
Royal, G. Pritchard, ditto
Brisbane, G. Hill, ditto
Tattersalls, J. Lynch, ditto
Caledonian, G. Neil, Caledonian Hill
Lady Mary, E. Woodward, ditto
Australian, M. J. Catherwood, ditto
Southern Cross, L. Williams, Apollonian Vale
Apollonian, J. H. Bennet, ditto
Cricketer's Arms, G. Jefferies, One-mile
Childs', One-mile
Machine, G. Luddy, Smithfield
Smithfield, E. Lynch, ditto
Glenmire, W. Launders, Monkland
Monkland, W. Abby, Monkland
Hibernian, P. Barry, ditto
Two Mile, Draper, Two-mile
New Zealand, J. Ryan, One Mile

Halls and Theatres.

Masonic Hall, R. Critchley, secretary
Variety Theatre, D. O'Brien, proprietor
Royal Hall, D. O'Brien, proprietor
Oddfellows' Hall, J. White, secretary
Hibernian Hall, J. Cullinane, secretary
Apollonian Hall, J. Bennett, proprietor

Ironmongers.

Kidman, W., Mary-street
M'Guire, J. H., ditto

Lemonade and Cordial Manufactories.

Bunworth and Co., Mary-street

Lemonade and Cordial Manufactories—*(continued)*
Price, T., Local Court-street
Raymond and Co., One Mile

Milliners and Dressmakers.
Webb, Mrs., Mary-street
Young, Mrs., ditto
Hartley, Mrs., ditto

Machines.
G. Q. C. C., Limited
Victoria, Enterprise, United } Q. Q. C. Co., Limited
New Zealand Prospecting claim
South Smithfield Company
Extended Smithfield Company
One Mile Company, One Mile Reef.
Smithfield Prospectors Company.

Mining Agents.
Henry, J. G., Mary-street
Garvey, D., and Co., ditto
Staley and Finney, ditto
Mant, F. D., ditto
Booth, E. H., ditto
Evereste, C. T., ditto
Henzell, F. L., ditto
Boyd, F., One Mile

Mining Surveyors.
Deliser, E. A., Gympie
Gwynne, J. J,. ditto
Brown, Vernon, ditto
Stuart, C. Mary-street

Nurserymen.
Pring, R. L., Apollonian Vale
Ferguson, Bros., Mary-street
Watts, G. A., ditto

News Agents.
Farrow, E., and Co., Apollonian Vale
Smith, H. H., Mary-street
Booth, E. H., ditto

Printers.
Gympie Times General Printing Office

Plumbers.
Roylands, T., Mary-street
Weichmann, Caledonian Hill

Painters and Glaziers.
O'Connell, M., Mary-street
Ayers, A. J., ditto

Photographer.
Bevan, E., Mary-street

Produce Store.
Watts, G. A., Mary-street

Saddlers and Harness Makers.
Gaynor, G. W., Mary-street.
Grainger, R., ditto
Cordaiy, E. P., ditto
Costar, J., One Mile

Saw Mills.
Fergusson and Co., Mary-street

Soap Maker.
Duritz, H. D., and Co., Palatine Hill

Tailors.
Gordon, R., Mary-street
Crowley, D. M., ditto

Tinsmiths.
Roylands, T., Mary-street
Weichmann, Caledonian Hill

Tobacconists.
Newman, M., Commissioners' Hill
Wriede, E., Mary-street
Wriede, G., One Mile
Street, ditto

Undertakers.
Rowe, C., Commissioners' Hill
Moss, W., Caledonian Hill
Summerville, G., Apollonian Vale

Wine and Spirit Merchants.
O'Brien, David, Mary-street
Kennedy and Hawley, ditto
Landy Bros., ditto
Scott, W., ditto
Walsh and Co., Caledonian Hill
P. Cullinane

Watchmaker.
Tabb, C., Mary-street

Working Jeweller.
Jensen, T.

GAYNDAH.

Butchers.
The Gayndah Co-operative Company

Baker.
Sue

Blacksmiths.
Barnard, William
Hamer, J. W.

Bank.
Commercial Bank ; J. A. M'Killop, Manager

Carter.
J. G. Smith

Cordial Manufacturer.
Bryman, Harry

Dairyman.
Miller, James

Fruiterers.
Rockinsees, Conrad
Enterman, John

Innkeepers.
Bates, John
Davy, Samuel
Lohr, William
Merlet, Charles
Short, Michael

Medical Man.
Ernst, Gustav, M.D.

Saddler.
Walker, James

Storekeepers.
Ashney, Thomas
Connolly, John
Graham, John
Hazeel, Jonathan

Shoemaker.
Davis, W.

Tailor.
Schafer, J.

Wheelwrights.
Pullen
Hamer, John

MOUNT PERRY.

Accountant.
Stephens, W.

Auctioneer.
Graham, John, Hausmann-street

Baker.
M'Donald, A., Hausmann-street

Blacksmiths.
Miller and Forrester, Mount Perry
Huth, W.

Boarding-House.
Yeoman, H., Flora-street

Booksellers.
Hart, W., Hausmann-street
Samuel, S., Mount Perry

Bootmakers.
Nicoll, J., Mount Perry
Kaiser, —

Butchers.
Pollock Bros., Hausmann-street
Sloame, W., ditto

Contractors and Carpenters.
Pizzey, J. F.
King, —
Shleaman, H.

Chemist and Druggist.
Hart, W., Hausmann-street

Cordial Manufacturers.
Bertheau, C. Z., Hausmann-street
Cooke, Flora-street

Hotels.
Commercial, Welch
Mount Perry, Butcher
Royal Hotel, Paterson
Exchange, Mitchell
Live and Let Live, Morgan, T.
Shamrock, Möller, J. G.
Cox's Hotel
Victoria, Duncan
Wedemeyer's
Tenningering, Shuhmann J.

Ladies' Warehouse.
Mrs. M'Kiver

Ironmongers.
Gardener and Kean
Graham, J.

Medical Practitioner.
Dr. Burgoyne

News Agents.
Hart, W.
Samuel, S.

Produce Dealer.
Patteson, W.
M'Donald, A.

Painter.
Morphy, J. T.

Saddler.
Thompson, J.

Saw Mills.
Martin and Co.

Solicitor.
Morgan, W. P.
Macnish, W. G.

Storekeepers.
Connolly, J.
Gardner and Kean
Graham, J.
Power and Connolly
Walker, J. C.

Tailor.
Reichmann, —

Tobacconists.
Hart, W.
Mrs. M'Kiver

Tin and Galvanised Iron Worker.
Jackson, J.

Watchmaker.
Sowden, J.

Wine and Spirit Merchants.
Gardner and Kean
Graham, J.
Connolly, J.
Power and Connolly

Wheelwright.
Huth, W.

BUNDABERG.

Agents (Forwarding).—Bell, G. T.
Kirkwood, D.
Stephenson, R.
Nott, John

Auctioneers.—Bell, G. T.
Stephenson, R.

Agent (Mining).— Stephenson, R.

Accountant.—Biggs, John

Bootmakers.—Ashby, W.
Trevethan, X.

Blacksmiths.—Aistall, Isaiah
Pope, G.
Shemallack, H.
Smith, F.

Bank.—Bank of New South Wales

Butchers.—Gladwell, F. W.
Skyring, George

Baker.—Fearns, R. J.

Carpenters.—Charlton, J.
Thornton, T.
Moore, George

Cordial Manufacturer.—Hume, J.

Chemist and Druggists.
Nott, John

Hotels.—Adams, W.
Coleman, J.
Archer, Mrs.
Foley, John
Smith, H.
Thornton, Thomas

Saw Mills. Johnson, S.

Soap Works.—Ruddell, G. R.

Stores.—Bell, G. T.
Cathcart and Ford
Nott, John

Surveyor (Licensed).—Barns, W. Leofric.

Sugar Factories.—Palmer, R. E., Millbank
Stewart, J. W., Woondooma

Watchmaker and Jeweller.—Otoo, W.

THE

Australian Joint Stock Bank,

MARYBOROUGH.

DRAFTS ISSUED

ON ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND, AND AMERICA.

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Bowen, Brisbane, Charters Towers, Copperfield, Clermont, Gladstone, Gympie, Ipswich, Mackay, Ravenswood, Rockhampton, Stanthorpe, Toowoomba, Townsville, Warwick.

And on all the principal Towns in New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand.

DEPOSITS received in Account Current.

INTEREST allowed on Fixed Deposits at Current Rates.

BILLS Discounted daily.

CHEQUES and ORDERS, British, Foreign, and Colonial DRAFTS, negotiated or collected.

ADVANCES made on Sugar and other Produce intended for shipment or awaiting sales.

H. MACDERMOTT,

MANAGER.

THE

QUEENSLAND

National Bank, Limited.

Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1863.

CAPITAL, £500,000.

DIRECTORS.

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A. B. BUCHANAN, ESQ., M.L.A.

HON. JOHN BRAMSTON, M.L.A.

AUDITORS.

F. O. DARVALL, ESQ.

CAPTAIN W. TOWNSEND.

SOLICITOR.

GRAHAM L. HART, ESQ.

HEAD OFFICE, BRISBANE.

GENERAL MANAGER.

EDWARD ROBERT DRURY.

ACCOUNTANT.

JOHN HAWKSWORTH RYLAND.

BRANCHES.

BEENLEIGH	W. HENDERSON, *Acting Manager.*
CHARTERS TOWERS	C. J. WALKER, *Manager.*
GYMPIE	D. G. STUART, *Manager.*
MARYBOROUGH ...	H. J. GRAY, *Manager.*
MILLCHESTER ...	H. J. BLISS, *Acting Manager.*
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NEW SOUTH WALES ...	City Bank.
VICTORIA	National Bank of Australasia.
SOUTH AUSTRALIA ...	National Bank of Australasia.
WESTERN AUSTRALIA	National Bank of Australasia.
NEW ZEALAND	Bank of New Zealand.
NEW YORK	Messrs. Lees and Waller.
SAN FRANCISCO	Bank of California.
INDIA AND THE EAST	Oriental Bank Corporation.

COMMERCIAL
Banking Company of Sydney.

Incorporated by Act of Council, 1848.

CAPITAL - - - - - £400,000
RESERVE FUND - - - £180,000

DIRECTORS:

RICHARD JONES, ESQ., CHAIRMAN.
WALTER LAMB, ESQ., DEPUTY CHAIRMAN.
EDWARD KNOX, ESQ.
JOHN BREWSTER, ESQ.
P. H. DANGAR, ESQ.
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AUDITORS:

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SOLICITORS:

MESSRS. WANT & JOHNSTON.

Head Office—George Street, Sydney.

THOMAS A. DIBBS, MANAGER.
F. N. BURT, ACCOUNTANT.
T. B. GADEN, BRANCH INSPECTOR.

With Branches at Haymarket, George-street South, and South Head Road.

London Office, 39 Lombard Street, E.C.

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MANAGER:

NATHANIEL CORK, ESQ.

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NEW SOUTH WALES.—Albury, Armidale, Bathurst, Bega, Berrima, Bombala, Bourke, Carcoar, Casino, Cooma, Dubbo, Forbes, Goulburn, Hill End, Inverell, Kempsey, Kiama, Maitland, Milton, Morpeth, Muswellbrook, Murrurundi, Narrabri, Newcastle, Orange, Parramatta, Queanbeyan, Shoalhaven, Singleton, Tamworth, Walcha, Wollongong, Yass, Young.

QUEENSLAND.—Brisbane, Dalby, Gayndah, Mackay, Maryborough.

AGENCIES IN THE COLONIES.

Victoria—The Bank of Victoria, National Bank of Australasia, Colonial Bank of Australasia, and Commercial Bank of Australasia.

South Australia—The Bank of South Australia, the National Bank of Australasia, and the Bank of Adelaide.

West Australia—National Bank of Australasia.

Tasmania—The Bank of Van Dieman's Land.

New Zealand—The National Bank of New Zealand and branches.

IN GREAT BRITAIN, &c.

London—The London and Westminster Bank, and the London and County Bank.

Liverpool—The Liverpool Union Bank.

Manchester—The Manchester and Salford Bank.

Ireland—The Belfast Banking Company and branches, and the National Bank and branches.

Scotland—The Commercial Bank of Scotland.

San Francisco—Messrs. Macondry and Co., Bank of British Columbia.

Valparaiso—Banco Nationale de Chile.

New York—Messrs. Drexell, Morgan, and Co.

India, China, Ceylon, and Singapore—The Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

Batavia—The Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China.

Mauritius—Messrs. Scott and Co.

Honolulu—Messrs. Bishop and Co.

The Bank discount bills, grant cash credits, make advances on approved security, allow interest upon fixed deposits, issue drafts or letters of credit, and negociate or collect bills, payable at any of the abovenamed places or elsewhere, at current rates; collect dividends on shares in public companies, and interest on debentures; act for their customers in the investment of money in securities in Great Britain or in the Colonies; and are prepared to undertake the agency of Banks on such terms as may be mutually agreed upon.

W. WALKER,
MANAGER, MARYBOROUGH.

Bank of New South Wales.

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL, PAID UP - -	£1,000,000	0 0
RESERVE FUND - -	£333,333	6 8

HEAD OFFICE, SYDNEY.

Directors.

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The Hon. GEO. ALLEN, Esq., M.L.C.
THOMAS BUCKLAND, Esq.
FREDERICK TOOTH, Esq.
ALEXANDER STUART, Esq.
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General Manager.

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AGENCIES.

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AGENCIES.

Chiltern, Creswick, Linton, Echuca, Mansfield, Eagle Hawk, Wodonga, Runnymede.

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Building and Investment
SOCIETY.

INSTITUTED, JULY, 1870.

Registered under the Friendly and Building Societies Statutes.

OFFICERS FOR 1873-1874.

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MR. E. BOOKER.

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„ J. DOWZER	„ JOHN MURRAY
„ P. GRAHAM	„ E. A. HYDE

SOLICITOR.

MR. HENRY WALKER.

OFFICE.

LENNOX STREET, MARYBOROUGH.

The Monthly Meetings of the Society, for payment of Subscriptions, &c., are held at the Society's Office, on the first Monday in each month, between 7 and 9 o'clock p.m., where copies of the rules, and the fullest information, may be obtained.

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SECRETARY.

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SUGAR BROKERS,

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Liberal Advances on Produce consigned to above.

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&c. &c., &c.

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HOUSE, LAND, STATION, AND

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,

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YARDS for the reception and drafting of Stock, the most central and commodious to be found in any Town in Queensland.

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HIGHEST CASH PRICES GIVEN FOR WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, &c.

Storage for 500 tons Merchandise.

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MARYBOROUGH.

R. M. HYNE,

PROPRIETOR.

ALCOCK'S PRIZE BILLIARD TABLE.

SPLENDID COFFEE ROOM.

COMMERCIAL ROOM.

PRIVATE SUITES OF APARTMENTS.

CHOICEST

WINES, BEERS, & SPIRITS.

WELL GRSSEAD AND WATERED PADDOCKS.

STABLES, LOOSE BOXES, &c.

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Watchmaker, Jeweller,

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GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY

On hand and Made to Order.

JEWELLERY REPAIRED, RECOLORED, AND MADE EQUAL TO NEW.

ELECTROPLATING AND GILDING,

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OPTICAL GOODS.

SPECTACLES, guaranteed to suit all sights with the greatest ease, in GOLD, STEEL, and GERMAN SILVER.

PEBBLE SPECTACLES — CONCAVE SPECTACLES
PLANO „ — CONVEX „

Single and Double Eye Glasses.
London Smoke Eye Shades, &c.

ANEROID BAROMETERS.
THERMOMETERS, for Brewing. Ditto, in Box and Copper.
BEAUME'S SACCHAROMETERS.

CLOCKS, IN VARIETY.

Clocks Bought at this Establishment, not going well, can be exchanged.

Perfectly round CLOCK GLASSES cut from 2in. to 18in.
Paper CLOCK DIALS, all sizes.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

Gold Plates Repaired, and New Teeth added.

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IMPORTER OF

GLASS, CHINA, AND

EARTHENWARE,

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JAMES HUNTER,

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OF

Boots & Shoes,

BRISBANE AND MARYBOROUGH.

The Largest, Best, and Cheapest Stock

OF

LADIES', GENTS', AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the Australian Colonies,

ALWAYS ON HAND

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SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

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(Opposite the Royal Hotel).

SADDLES, for Town and Bush.

SIDE SADDLES, Plain, Quilted, and Doeskin.

BRIDLES, Plain and Fancy, Snaffles, Pelhams, and Weymouths.

WHIPS, in every variety of Mounting and Finish.

BITS, Plain, Galvanised, Polished, and Plated—Twisted, Gag, Breaking, Chain, Ring, Racing—of every description.

HARNESS, Buggy, Spring Cart, Carriage, Dray, and Leading, in all styles.

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A Large Assortment of every article in the Trade always kept in stock.

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KENT STREET, MARYBOROUGH,

OPPOSITE THE ROYAL HOTEL.

W. ROYLE

BEGS to inform his patrons in Maryborough, Wide Bay and Burnett Districts, that he has just received from the Southern Markets

A CHOICE SELECTION OF

GOODS

SUITABLE FOR THE COMING SEASON,

Consisting of

TWEEDS,

ENGLISH, FRENCH, AND GERMAN,

SUPERFINE CLOTHS,

SILK MIXTURES, SUTTAREAS,

VENETIANS AND MELTONS,

WHITE & COLORED DRILLS AND DUCKS,

(Plain and Fancy),

BEDFORD AND MOLESKIN,

AND EVERY MATERIAL SUITABLE FOR THE TRADE.

ALL GOODS WELL SHRUNK.

An inspection of the New Stock is respectfully requested.

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RICHMOND STREET, MARYBOROUGH.

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QUEENSLAND BRANCH.

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Between MARYBOROUGH and GYMPIE—Daily (Sundays excepted). Booking Office, Royal Hotel, Kent-street.

„ BRISBANE and IPSWICH—Twice Daily, meeting trains to and from Toowoomba, Warwick, and Dalby.

„ BRISBANE and GYMPIE—Twice a week.

„ BRISBANE and NERANG CREEK—Three times a week.

„ WARWICK and MURRURUNDI, N.S.W., *via* Tenterfield and Armidale—Three times a week.

„ WARWICK and STANTHORPE—Twice a day.

„ DALBY, CONDAMINE, and ROMA—Twice a week.

„ WESTWOOD and COPPERFIELD—Twice a week.

Passengers Booked through from Brisbane to any of the abovenamed places—Railway Fares excepting.

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WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,

STATION AGENT

AND

GENERAL IMPORTER,

RICHMOND STREET,

MARYBOROUGH.

AGENT FOR

HART'S ADELAIDE FLOUR.

Kirkcubbin Sugar Plantation and Distillery.

MOUNT HOPE

FARM AND DAIRY,

EAST MARYBOROUGH.

FAMILIES DAILY SUPPLIED WITH

PURE MILK,

The produce of hand-fed Cows.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

FOR SALE,

ACCOMMODATION PADDOCKS,

With Green Stuff supplied to Cattle in charge.

W. A. HOLME,

PROPRIETOR.

A. K. BRUCE,

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST,

KENT STREET,

MARYBOROUGH.

TEETH EXTRACTED.

FRESH LIMEJUICE,

Manufactured from fruit grown in the district, and guaranteed pure.

SOLE AGENT FOR

CHING'S DUGONG OIL.

Sent to all parts of the colony in secure packages containing Six or Twelve Bottles.

Five Shillings per Bottle.

Prescriptions Carefully Dispensed

At any hour of the day or night.

DRUGS OF THE PUREST DESCRIPTION.

PERFUMES AND TOILET REQUISITES

Of the Best Brands.

BUSS & PENNY,

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Dressmaking, Millinery, Wedding and Mourning Outfits,

Completed in the First Fashion, on the shortest notice.

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OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE.

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Done by First-class Workmen, on the Premises.

Monthly Supplies direct from the Home Markets.

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Bibles, Prayers, Church Services, and Hymns of all Denominations, in every variety of Size and Binding.

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BY APPOINTMENT

TO HIS EXCELLENCY,

(Late Manager American and Australian Photographic Company, Queensland).

THE STUDIO is too well known to every resident in Maryborough and the District to need advertising. Considering, however, the varying nature of the population, and the large and frequent influx of new arrivals, the Proprietor begs to inform the public that his address is still

KENT STREET,

MARYBOROUGH,

And his Pictures

ABOVE CRITICISM!

WILLIAMS & CO.,

GENERAL IMPORTERS

AND

PRODUCE MERCHANTS,

CORNER

BAZAAR AND ELLENA STREETS,

MARYBOROUGH.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO THE IMPORTATION OF

FIRST-CLASS BUTTER

BY EVERY STEAMER.

Country Storekeepers supplied with all kinds of Produce at Lowest Market Rates.

MAIZE AND OTHER PRODUCE BOUGHT.

CLUB HOTEL,

BAZAAR STREET.

THOMAS COOPER

(Late Proprietor Royal Hotel).

RESPECTFULLY informs his numerous friends and the public generally that he has opened the above Hotel, which he intends to keep as a

Well-conducted and First-class Establishment.

The CUISINE will be presided over by a first-class *Chef*, supervised by the Proprietress, a sufficient guarantee that nothing will be wanting to the requirements and comfort of boarders and travellers.

A FIRST-CLASS LUNCHEON

AT ONE O'CLOCK DAILY.

The House has been newly furnished The apartments are commodious and airy, every care having been taken to provide for efficient ventilation.

THE BILLIARD ROOM

Is furnished in a manner unsurpassed in Queensland, and provided with one of Alcock's best Tables.

BATHS, PLUNGE AND SHOWER,

On the premises, with an unlimited supply of Water.

The Proprietor will endeavor to increase and secure his connection by keeping only

Wines, Spirits, & Beers of the very best Quality and Brands

EXCELLENT STABLING AND PADDOCKS.

Porters in attendance on the Steamers.

STOWARD, BRYANT & CO.,

WINE AND SPIRIT

MERCHANTS,

LAND AND GENERAL

COMMISSION AGENTS.

BEST BRANDS OF

Wines, Spirits, Ales, Porter, Cigars,

Teas, Sugars, Tobacco, &c.,

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Cash advanced on Consignments, or Goods placed in their hands for positive Sale.

CHING'S

PURE DUGONG OIL.

This Oil is guaranteed to be perfectly Pure, and its medicinal and curative properties thoroughly retained by a peculiar process.

The most delicate invalid will take it with a relish, and the digestive organs assimilate its nutrition.

MANUFACTURED BY

J. L. CHING,

WIDE BAY,

And to be obtained from his

SOLE AGENT,

A. K. BRUCE,

CHEMIST,

MARYBOROUGH,

IN BOTTLES FIVE SHILLINGS EACH.

Forwarded to any part of the Colony on receipt of address, accompanied with P.O. Order.

Packed in secure Cases, containing Six or Twelve Bottles.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,

RICHMOND STREET, MARYBOROUGH.

R. HUGHES & CO.,

LATE BAWDEN & CO.,

ENGINEERS, COPPERSMITHS,

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS,

HAVING recently made extensive additions to their premises and appliances, are prepared to supply Sugar Planters, Mining Companies, Saw Mill Proprietors, and Shipowners with

Every Description of Machinery,

Of the Best Manufacture, at Moderate Prices.

R. H. & CO. have completed arrangements with several large Manufacturing and Mercantile Houses in the Southern Colonies, through which they are prepared to supply

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Inclusive of Ploughs, Harrows, Horse Works, Chaff-cutters, &c., upon very advantageous terms.

R. H. & CO. employ none but the best workmanship and material, and hope, by MODERATE CHARGES and STRICT PUNCTUALITY, to ensure a fair share of public support.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,

RICHMOND STREET, MARYBOROUGH.

THOS. HUTCHINS,

(ESTABLISHED 1862)

PRODUCE AND LAND BROKER,

COMMISSION AGENT,

KENT STREET,

MARYBOROUGH.

Cash Advanced on all classes of Securities.

WILSON, BARTHOLOMEW, & CO.,

MARYBOROUGH

SAW AND PLANING MILLS.

Are Exporters of

SAWN AND DRESSED

PINE, HARDWOOD, AND CEDAR,

FELLOES, CIRCULAR WORK, TURNERY,

AND

BUILDERS' REQUIREMENTS.

A Large Assortment of Seasoned Maryborough

HOOP AND KAURI PINE

Always in Stock.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Prices on application.

MARYBOROUGH TOWN YARDS—Corner of Ellena and Bazaar Streets.—Mr. T. M. BUSSEY, Manager.

MACKAY TOWN YARDS—Corner of Wood and Victoria streets.—Mr. JEREMIAH ARMITAGE, Manager.

Agents in all the other Northern Ports.

Sydney Agent—Mr. J. A. CURTIS, Custom House Buildings.

ESHCOL DAIRY.

ESTABLISHED NINE YEARS.

YEARLY CONTRACTS

Entered into for the

DAILY SUPPLY OF MILK.

THIS DAIRY POSSESSES ONE OF THE

Largest Herds in the District,

Which is a guarantee to its numerous customers that they will be SERVED PUNCTUALLY THROUGH THE WINTER SEASON, when small Dairymen invariably disappoint their customers, even though *they may hand-feed their Stock.*

The public can also depend on being punctually served in FLOOD TIME, as the Dairy is situated on the town side of the river.

JAMES DOWZER,

PROPRIETOR.

SYDNEY

INSURANCE COMPANY

Incorporated by Act of Council, 18 Vic., 1855.

UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

CAPITAL, £250,000.

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JOHN FRAZER, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
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THE SWISS LLOYD

Marine Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

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WINTERTHUR, SWITZERLAND.

WITH AGENCIES ON THE

CONTINENT OF EUROPE, IN LONDON, INDIA,

AND IN THE

AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.

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LOCAL BOARD:

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(Messrs. Renard Brothers & Co., Melbourne and Antwerp.)

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THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

MARYBOROUGH AGENCY:

GRAHAM & CO.,

WHARF STORES.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION

OF AUSTRALASIA.

AMONG the advantages offered by this Association are the following:—Policies are unchallengeable on any ground, except fraud; Premiums are moderate and Tables comprehensive. The whole of the profits belong to the members.

Mr. JOHN PURSER, Agent for Maryborough, will receive applications, and supply prospectuses, forms. and all necessary information.

J. C. REMINGTON,
Secretary.

QUEENSLAND INSURANCE COMPANY,

LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED, 1862. INCORPORATED, 1866.

FIRE AND FIDELITY GUARANTEE.

CAPITAL, £120,000.

MR. JOHN PURSER being the Agent of this Company for the town and district of Maryborough, is authorised to issue conditional Fire Policies upon Buildings, Merchandise, Household Goods, &c.

Fidelity Guarantee rates from 10s. per cent. upwards.

CHAS. J. TRUNDLE,
Secretary.

Head Office, Town Hall Buildings, Brisbane.



STEAM PACKET HOTEL.

AT this OLD-ESTABLISHED HOTEL, the

Finest Glass of Ale in Queensland

Is always to be had on draught.

TABLE D'HOTE AT 1 P.M. DAILY.

WM. HOWARD,

PROPRIETOR.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

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LAND, HOUSE, AND ESTATE AGENT,

COMMISSION AGENT AND VALUATOR.

RENTS COLLECTED and Properties Managed for absentees and others.

SURVEYS and Subdivisions of Town Lands arranged for.

DESCRIPTIONS supplied for Conveyances.

PLANS of all Descriptions, and Tracings of Plans, furnished.

LITHOGRAPHS, CHARTS, MAPS, &c., Mounted, Colored, and Varnished.

ADDRESSES, TESTIMONIALS, DEEDS, &c., Engrossed and Illuminated.

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JAMES ROBERTSON,

COMMISSION & SHIPPING AGENT,

MINING OFFICES,

ROBERTSON'S WHARF,

KENT STREET,

MARYBOROUGH.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

GOLDEN BOOT WAREHOUSE,

BAZAAR STREET,

MARYBOROUGH.

JERRAM GEE,

BOOTMAKER,

Importer from all the Best Houses in the Colonies.

Leather and Grindery of all kinds at fair rates.

LUSK & BROWN,

SHIPWRIGHTS & BOATBUILDERS,

KENT STREET,

MARYBOROUGH.

W. FORSTER,

TAILOR

AND

GENTLEMEN'S DRAPER,

KENT STREET,

MARYBOROUGH.

THOMAS NOAKES,

SADDLER AND HARNEES MAKER,

ADELAIDE STREET, MARYBOROUGH.

A Large and Varied Assortment of all kinds of Saddlery and Appointments.

All kinds of Colonial-made Saddlery and Harness.

Repairs Neatly and Properly Executed.

COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. E. NOAKES,

WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AND FAMILY GROCER,

CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS,

AND

IRONMONGERY WAREHOUSE,

ADELAIDE STREET,

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ORDERS CAREFULLY & PROMPTLY DESPATCHED.

MURDOCH & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF WINES, SPIRITS, &c.,

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SOLE AGENTS FOR

MRYTLE GROVE SUGAR FACTORY.

WILLIAM YOUNG,

COLONIAL PRODUCE AND GENERAL MERCHANT,

Commission and Forwarding Agent,

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MARYBOROUGH.

HAS always on hand, a Large and Well-Assorted Stock of GENERAL GROCERIES and OILMEN'S STORES.

Regular Supplies of Magarey's Adelaide Flour.

Agent for the Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company. Capital—Two Millions Sterling.

FRITZ KEHLET,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,

KENT STREET, MARYBOROUGH.

HAS always on hand, a Well-Selected Stock of ENGLISH and FRENCH WATCHES of first quality and by the best makers.

ALSO,

A Fine Assortment of Gold, Silver, & Electro-Plated Goods.

Country Orders Promptly Executed.

JAMES GRAHAM,

BAKER, GROCER, &c.,

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DUNCAN MACNEE,

ACCOUNTANT,

COMMISSION,

LAND AND LABOR AGENT,

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BAZAAR STREET, MARYBOROUGH.

ROBERT BEST,

GENERAL DEALER,

KENT STREET,

MARYBOROUGH.

Merchandise of every description Bought, Sold, or Exchanged.

WILLIAM FISHER,

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AND

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

BAZAAR STREET, MARYBOROUGH.

MINING AND OTHER SHARES BOUGHT OR SOLD ON COMMISSION.

MR. W. PRITCHARD MORGAN,

SOLICITOR, &c.,

MARYBOROUGH

AND

MOUNT PERRY.

THOMAS LEACH,

KENT STREET, MARYBOROUGH,

PRACTICAL

BOOT & SHOE MAKER

Repairs Executed on reasonable terms, and on the shortest notice.

DANIEL MEHAN,

(Late of the White Lion Hotel),

BEGS to thank his friends and the public generally for the support they have hitherto accorded him, and to inform them that he has taken that well-known and commodious House,

THE VICTORIA HOTEL,

Where he hopes to merit their continued and increased support, by always keeping in stock the Best of Liquors, and by the strictest attention to the wants of his customers.

WHITE SWAN HOTEL,

GAYNDAH ROAD.

JOHN O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

First-class, Secure, Well Watered and Grassed Paddocks for Stock, &c.

No charge to Teamsters paddocking Cattle for the night.

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CORNER ELLENA & BAZAAR STREETS,

MARYBOROUGH.

THE WORKING MAN'S HOME.

CHARGES MODERATE.

ROBERT TAYLOR, PROPRIETOR.

WILLIAM JOHNSON,

KENT STREET, MARYBOROUGH,

PRACTICAL HAIR CUTTER & DRESSER,

Wholesale and Retail Tobacconist.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, AND FANCY GOODS KEPT IN STOCK.

GARDNER & KEAN,

GENERAL STOREKEEPERS,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

MOUNT PERRY,

CANNOT BE EQUALLED

FOR

QUALITY,

VARIETY, and

CHEAPNESS.

GO TO THEM FOR YOUR

GROCERIES,

DRAPERY,

IRONMONGERY,

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTE—

GARDNER & KEAN.

MOUNT PERRY STORES,

MOUNT PERRY,

AND

POSTOFFICE STORES,

GAYNDAH.

JOHN CONNOLLY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRAPERY, GROCERY, IRONMONGERY,

AND

BOOT & SHOE WAREHOUSE,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FANCY GOODS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

ALL ARTICLES SUPPLIED TO THE TRADE AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Country Orders promptly attended to.

LARGE SUPPLIES OF THE BEST BRANDS OF

Adelaide and Tasmanian Flour

ALWAYS ON HAND.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,

Opposite Bank of New South Wales,

MOUNT PERRY.

J. W. HARRIS,

HAVING made further additions to his already commodious Premises, so centrally situated opposite the Bank of New South Wales, solicits the patronage of Visitors and the Commercial community of this and the neighboring districts, for whom he has just provided

ADDITIONAL SITTING AND BEDROOMS.

MINERS and TRADESMEN find in this Establishment ALL THE COMFORTS OF A HOME, where the utmost

Cleanliness, Regularity, and Civility

Are studiously maintained.

A GOOD TABLE.

SUPERIOR LIQUORS.

MODERATE CHARGES.

J. W. HARRIS,

PROPRIETOR.

JOHN GRAHAM,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRAPER, GROCER,

IRONMONGER,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,

MOUNT PERRY

AND

GAYNDAH.

THE ROYAL HOTEL,

MOUNT PERRY.

WM. PATTISON,

(Seven years resident in the District)

CONTINUES to conduct this FIRST-CLASS HOSTELRY, so as to satisfy the requirements alike of Visitors, Commercial Men, Tradesmen, and his old friends, the Miners.

GOOD STABLING,

With ample supplies of sound Hay & Corn always on hand.

WM. PATTISON, PROPRIETOR.

MINING EXCHANGE HOTEL,

MOUNT PERRY.

THE Proprietor of this HOTEL, so favorably situated at the "CORNER," affords the best accommodation to his numerous patrons, for whom he provides the Best Fare to be found in the markets.

NOTE THE ADDRESS—

W. MITCHELL,

MINING EXCHANGE HOTEL,

MOUNT PERRY.

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J. C. WALKER'S

BOOT WAREHOUSE

AND

GENERAL STORE,

HAUSMAN STREET, MOUNT PERRY.

POWER & CONNOLLY,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

AND

GENERAL STOREKEEPERS,

MOUNT PERRY.

TENNINGERING HOTEL,

MOUNT PERRY.

Large and Commodious Premises, offering every accommodation to Travellers and Residents, with GOOD STABLING.

JACOB SCHUCHMAN, Proprietor.

SHAMROCK HOTEL,

MOUNT PERRY.

Travellers and Residents will find every comfort and convenience, with cleanliness and civility.

JOHN GEORGE MÖLLER, PROPRIETOR.

LIVE AND LET LIVE HOTEL,

MOUNT PERRY.

In these Commodious Premises every comfort and convenience is offered to Travellers and Residents.

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PRODUCE MERCHANT,

GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING AGENT,

MOUNT PERRY BAKERY.

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LICENSED SURVEYOR,

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E. H. BOOTH,

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AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION AGENT,

GYMPIE.

Investors at a distance can rely upon the best attention to their interests.
Confidential Reports on Mines or Claims made by post or otherwise. Terms moderate.

The Gympie Times.

PUBLISHED

EVERY WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.

THIS JOURNAL IS THE

LOCAL NEWSPAPER

OF THE FAMOUS

GYMPIE GOLDFIELD.

It circulates not only throughout Gympie, but also in the other parts of the Wide Bay and Burnett Districts, and therefore is a very valuable advertising medium in this part of the colony. Special efforts are made to collect Mining News, and the Reports of the *Gympie Times* are regularly looked for and read with interest in mining circles.

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AGENT

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AUCTIONEER.

Agent for the Australasian Steam Navigation Company,
Mount Perry, Boolboonda, Wolca, Edina, and Potosi Mines.

ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS.

ALBERT JOHN HOCKINGS,

Author of the "Queensland Garden Manual,"

SEED GROWER AND PLANT MERCHANT,

BRISBANE.

COLONIAL GROWN Garden and Flower SEEDS, choicest kinds.
FRUIT TREES, Tropical and European, acclimatised.
FLOWERING PLANTS, Finest Collection in Queensland.
GARDEN TOOLS and Garden Requisites of every description.
Large and Well-selected Stock of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

FLAVELLE BROS. & ROBERTS,

Jewellers, Opticians, and Watchmakers,

QUEEN STREET, BRISBANE,

Contractors to the Queensland Government,

RESPECTFULLY call attention to their Extensive Stock, which is guaranteed to be of the best description. *Being direct Importers from London and Paris, they are enabled to obtain the Newest Goods.* Mr. H. FLAVELLE having had many years' experience in the Colonies, and being now resident in London, where he buys for Cash, they are enabled to sell on the best terms.

LONDON-MADE JEWELLERY.

OF THE MOST MODERN AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

In great variety. All Watches sold by F. B. and R. are selected by their London Partner, and sold subject to a guarantee.

SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS,

And all appliances for the Profession, from the best London Makers.

PLATED WARE

From the celebrated Establishment of ELKINGTON & Co.

SPECTACLES,

In Brazilian Pebble, and Optical Glasses, in various Mountings.

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MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, RACE GLASSES,
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Made for F. B. & R. by Negretti and Zambra, London, Instrument Makers to the Queen and Greenwich Observatory.

PIANOFORTES AND HARMONIUMS

From the eminent makers, Collard and Collard, Broadwood, D'Almaine, Cadby, &c., London; and Alexandre et Fils, Paris.

ENGLISH, FRENCH, AND AMERICAN CLOCKS,

In Handsome Cases, and at Moderate Prices.

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Particular attention is devoted to these branches. First-class Watchmakers and Jewellers are engaged to work on the premises, giving immediate attention to all orders.

FLAVELLE BROS. & ROBERTS,

BRISBANE—QUEEN STREET | SYDNEY—GEORGE STREET
LONDON—HATTON GARDEN | PARIS—RUE GAILLON.

Goods are Imported direct from London to Brisbane.

THE TEMPLE OF FASHION.

S. HOLLANDER,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweller,

QUEEN STREET, BRISBANE,

BEGS respectfully to call attention to his Large and Extensive Stock, which for Quality, Quantity, and Variety, far Surpasses any other Establishment in the Colony.

LONDON MADE JEWELLERY.
Diamond Goods, English, French & American Clocks,
Sterling Silver and Electroplated Ware,
Ornaments, Fancy Goods,
PIANOFORTES AND HARMONIUMS.

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES.

Always in Stock, a very large Selection of the best London and Coventry made Watches, English Levers.

Name on dial and movement.—HOLLANDER'S MODEL WATCH is a combination of all the recent improvements for performance, taste, and economy, securing to the wearer the indispensable comfort of perfect time. GOLD, from £10 10s. SILVER, from £4 4s. Safe and free by Post.

Timed and Guaranteed.

Every Watch skilfully constructed, carefully examined, proved, timed, and its performance guaranteed.

ORNAMENTS.

Vases, Lustres, Sèvres and Dresden China, Bronzes in Groups and Pairs, together with a very Large Selection of Articles of Vertu.

WATCHMAKING AND JEWELLERY MANUFACTORY.

S. H. begs to announce that he has, at great expense, fitted up most Superior Workshops, where he is prepared to carry out the above branch of his business, on a large scale, under his own personal supervision. Skilled and expert Working Jewellers, Gold and Silver Smiths, Watchmakers, and Engravers are employed. Brooches, Earrings, Wedding Rings and Keepers, and every article of Jewellery Manufactured Wholesale for the Trade. Any Article of Jewellery made to order on the shortest notice. Emu Eggs Mounted, and every description of Silver Work done. REPAIRS CAREFULLY EXECUTED, and at moderate charges. Engraving on Wood, Bone, Ivory, Brass, Steel, Copper, Silver and Gold, &c.

WATCH REPAIRS.—Particular attention is devoted to this branch of the Business. Every Watch guaranteed. Watches from the Country carefully packed and sent (registered) by post. CHRONOMETERS Cleaned, Rated, and Repaired.

S. HOLLANDER,

Chronometer Maker to the Queensland Government,

AND

Watchmaker and Jeweller to His Excellency the Governor,

QUEEN STREET, BRISBANE.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY, ETC.

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HAVING arranged FOR THE FUTURE to have REGULAR SUPPLIES for his Stock, DIRECT from LONDON, selected by Mr. Samuel Hardy, an experienced and well-known gentleman in this business, he is now able to meet the requirements of his rapidly increasing trade; and begs to inform his numerous patrons, that the same care and attention will be given to their wishes as heretofore — while the quality and prices of Stock Goods through the preceding arrangements will be much more advantageous to his Customers.

All GOLD and SILVER WATCHES are made to order, with C. W. SNOW'S name on movement, and are guaranteed for twenty years.

The JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT will be found to have all the Newest Designs, and are guaranteed as to quality. A great variety of the following are offered for inspection:

FANCY RINGS, with DIAMONDS, EMERALDS, Rubies, Sapphires, Pearls, Turquoise, &c.

SETS and GOLD BROOCHES in Cases with Pendants and Stones, EAR-RINGS, ditto ditto.

Necklets, Lockets, Chains, Alberts, Sleeve Links, Studs, Pencil Cases, and Pins, &c.

With a Variety of Articles too numerous to mention.

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(LATE WM. GOWANS),

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Bookbinding and Account Book Making in its various Branches. Superior Workmanship and Material, with Moderate Prices and promptness in the execution of Orders.

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Advertisements are received for insertion in any newspaper.

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Pianofortes and Harmoniums, by the best Makers (specially made for hot climates), at very reasonable rates.

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☞ *The Trade and Country Storekeepers liberally dealt with.*

WATSON & CO.,

Importers of Books, Stationery, Pianofortes, &c.,

QUEEN STREET (OPPOSITE SUPREME COURT),

BRISBANE.

BRISBANE PIANOFORTE WAREROOMS.

FLAVELLE BROS. & ROBERTS

KEEP the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of PIANOFORTES in the Colony, by the following Eminent Makers :—

ERARD, Paris.

In Rosewood Cases, with check action, metallic plate, trichord treble, celeste pedal, and all modern improvements.

COLLARD & COLLARD, London.

In Rosewood Cases, English action, metallic plate, trichord treble.

TRAUMAN, Hamburgh.

In Walnut Cases, oblique repetition action, metallic plate, trichord treble, celeste pedal, &c.

ROBERT RUDD, London.

In Six Patterns, Plain and Carved Walnut Cases, oblique, English, and check actions, trichord treble, with metallic plates and strengthening bars.

ADOLPH BORD, Paris.

In five different Patterns, in Walnut and Rosewood Cases, with plain and oblique check action, metallic strengthening bars, trichord treble.

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In several varieties, in carved Walnut and Rosewood Cases, English action.

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In Rosewood and Walnut Cases, trichord treble, check action, metallic plate and bars, with plain and folding keyboards.

The above Instruments having been obtained on the best terms, are ON SALE at Lower Prices than *the same class* of Pianos can be obtained elsewhere. They are all made with strengthening bars and metallic plates, to resist the effects of a moist or very dry climate. They have all been shipped direct from London to Brisbane.

Orders from the country carefully and conscientiously attended to, and good Instruments selected.

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IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS

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EVERY DESCRIPTION

OF

SADDLERY, SADDLERS' MATERIALS,

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EVERY DESCRIPTION OF LEATHER.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

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TANNERS' AND CURRIERS' TOOLS,

AND

MANUFACTURING MATERIALS.

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MERCHANTS,

AND

COMMISSION AGENTS,

EAGLE STREET, BRISBANE,

RECEIVE REGULAR SHIPMENTS OF

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(In Wood and Glass),

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BERNARD'S OLD TOM, WHISKEY, AND CORDIALS,

STEWART'S SAUCEL WHISKEY,

BURDON'S SHERRIES,

PORTS—WOOD AND GLASS,

BASS' ALE, AND GUINNESS' PORTER,

BOTTLED BY M. B. FOSTER AND SONS,

M'EWAN'S, DEVENISH'S, BASS', IND, COOPE & CO.'S, and other ALES (IN GLASS),

BASS' and M'EWAN'S ALE (IN WOOD),

M'EWAN'S, BYASS', BRIDGES', and other Brands, STOUT,

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DUNN'S SUPERFINE ADELAIDE FLOUR.

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AND

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,

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QUEENSLAND

Board of General Education.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS.

(1.) The Queensland Board of Education will grant Grammar School Scholarships annually to deserving pupils of the Primary Schools of the colony. The Board will pay the Grammar School tuition fees of such Primary School boys as shall prove themselves, on examination, to be fitted for a higher class of education than is afforded in the Primary Schools.

(2.) Examination for Scholarships will be held simultaneously at some time during the first three weeks of the December of every year—one month's notice at least to be given of the precise date of holding. Examiners to be appointed by the Board.

(3.) The examinations for 1874 Scholarships will take place in December, 1873, at Brisbane, Ipswich, Toowoomba, Maryborough, and Rockhampton only, unless special application shall be made and approved for holding examinations elsewhere ; but candidates may present themselves from any Primary School.

(4.) Nominations of candidates, by the principal teachers of their respective schools, must reach the Education-office at least one month before the date fixed for holding the examination, and the nominations must be accompanied by a statement that the candidates are Primary School scholars, not exceeding fourteen years of age at the date of the examinations, that they have not been pupils at a Grammar School, and have been in fairly regular attendance at a Primary School for the previous six months, and have been Queensland Primary School boys for eighteen months.

(5.) Scholarships will be tenable, during good behaviour and the pleasure of the Board, for three years.

(6.) The examinations will be held under the supervision of responsible officers of the Board appointed for the purpose. The questions will be the same in all places. The candidates' papers are to be anonymous, distinguished by a motto or number, and accompanied by a sealed envelope containing the name and age of the candidate, the whole to be forwarded under seal to the Secretary of the Board immediately after the examinations for transmission to the Examiners.

(7.) Successful competitors will be entitled, through their parents or guardians, to elect the particular Grammar School at which they shall study ; and, in the case of change of residence, or other sufficient cause shown, leave will be given for transfer from one Grammar School to another.

(8.) The subjects of examination for 1874 Scholarships will be the same as those prescribed in the Board's printed regulations for boys who have reached the fourth form in a Primary School.

(9.) The percentage of marks entitling to a Scholarship at the next examinations will be fifty (50), but in special cases, brought under their notice by the examiners, the Board may act independently of this rule.

By order of the Board.

E. BUTTERFIELD,
Acting-Secretary.

HENRY O'REILLY,

AGENT FOR THE

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